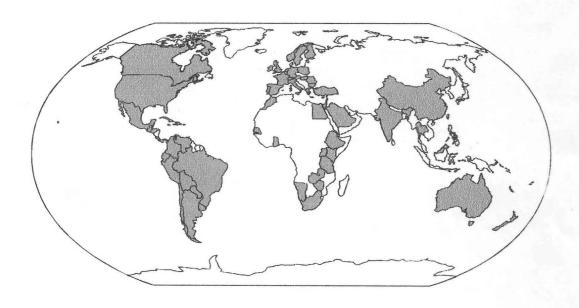
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The Global Partnership for Safe and Sustainable Agriculture

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EUREPGAP - Integrated Farm Assurance Conference PROGRAMME

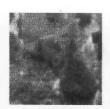


"Towards Global Harmonisation...
the Journey Continues"

Amsterdam, The Netherlands 9 and 10 November 2004 Hilton Amsterdam













ROGRAMM

Integrated Farm Assurance Conference

"Towards Global Harmonisation.....the Journey Continues"

Interest in Food Certification on Farms is at an all time high. Ensuring a consultative and technically robust approach, which is credible with all stakeholders, is the journey EurepGAP is taking towards developing globally harmonised and widely accepted farm assurance standards.

EurepGAP began developing standards for farm certication in 1996. In 2000 an open process of standards development began to complement the successful partnership approach developed in Fruit and Vegetables. These standards known as Integrated Farm Assurance recognise the need for a holistic and sustainable approach integrating the activities of the whole farm.

The aim of this conference is to increase the awareness of EurepGAP IFA Standards, how they work and how to become involved.

This is a unique opportunity to rapidly update with the latest information and developments

Participants will have the opportunity to:

- Hear how EurepGAP retailers are working in partnership with their suppliers in farm assurance certification
- Identify options for efficient and cost effective certification of farm pro-
- Develop the concept of a "one stop shop audit" for crops and livestock
- Discuss and obtain the latest 2005 versions of EurepGAP IFA Standards
- Understand the latest proposals to ensure Integrity of Farm Certification: subjects including accreditation, auditor competencies and Certification Body harmonisation.

09 NOVEMBER 2004

Day 1

11:00 h - 11:15 h

11:15 h - 12:30 h

16:00 h - 18:00 h





"Towards Global Harmonisation - the Journey Continues"

Welcome and Introduction

Nigel Garbutt, Independent Chairman EurepGAP Linking up the Supply Chain

Moderator Day 1: Marjan Smid, ISA International

Producer Perspective on Farm Assurance Gerard Doornbos, President, LTO, The Netherlands

> Linking the Farmer with the Retailer Dr. Uwe Tillmann, CEO, Bestmeat, The Netherlands

Assuring the Whole Chain Hans-Jürgen Matern, Head QA, Metro, Germany

12:30 h - 14:00 h Luncheon

14:00 h - 14:45 h Introducing the New Integrated Farm Assurance Standard IFA Version 2005 (Cattle, Sheep, Dairy, Poultry, Pig and Combinable Crops)

Hugo Hays, Technical Director EurepGAP and Members of EurepGAP Technical Standards Committee IFA

- Global Harmonization - Common Interpretation

EurepGAP exhibitors and networking

14:45 h - 15:30 h Integrity of Farm Assurance

Selected Items from the EurepGAP Integrity Programme Chris Anstey, Tesco, UK and Dr. Kristian Moeller, EurepGAP Accreditation

- Auditor Competencies - Duration of Audits - Information Technologies

15:30 h - 16:00 h **Coffee Break** EurepGAP exhibitors and networking

Retailer - Supplier Partner Case Studies "The Story of EurepGAP Certified Salmon" Fons Schmid, ROYAL AHOLD, Vice President Corporate Affairs, The Netherlands and Per Johan Røtereng, Fjord Seafood, Vice President Quality Assurance, Norway

PROGRAMME

Moving the poultry supplier base towards EurepGAP **Johann Zueblin**, Migros, Head of Quality Assurance, Switzerland

Using a Central Database for Scheme Integrity with Egg producers in KAT Dr. Horst Lang, GLOBUS, Head of QA, Germany

Experience of first EurepGAP Certificates for Beef in Latin America

Jon Roe, Sainsburys, Supplier Performance Manager, and ABP Representative, UK

How does EurepGAP fit into the McDonalds Quality Standard? **Dr. Reinhard Käppel**, McDonalds Europe, Germany

19:00 h

Conference Dinner Separate registration required

10 NOVEMBER 2004

Day 2

The EurepGAP Approach: Sharing Best Practice for Implementation

09:30 h - 10:30 h

PARALLEL SESSION A

Whole Farm, Combinable Crops, Potatoes, Cattle and Sheep

Moderator:
Dr. Kristian Moeller
Rapporteur: José David,
ORGAINVENT Latinoamerica, Argentina

- "One stop shop" audit approach: General Regulations
- Interface between product modules
- Reducing the number of audits
- Harmonising Technical Criteria across the globe

Potatoes in the Combinable Crops Module of IFA Dewi Hartkamp and

Jochem Roverstba, VAVI Member, The Netherlands

Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria Marion Kratzmair, Bayerische Landesanstalt für Landwirtschaft, Germany

How does the Combinable Crops Module help to reduce Mycotoxins in

Dr. Alfons Sagemüller, Bayer CropScience, Germany (inquired)

Interfaces between Feed Standards and EurepGAP Johan den Hartog, GMP+, The Netherlands

Experience of the first four IFA Combinable Crops Certificates Dr. Friedrich Lüdeke, Marketinggesellschaft für niedersächsische Agrarprodukte, Germany

Quality Assurance of wheat farmers: linking the North Dakota Perspective to EurepGAP **Kate Pfennig**, KAP Custom Ag Serivces, North Dakota, U.S.A. PARALLEL SESSION B

Achievements and challenges towards global harmonization of farm assurance schemes: sharing first experience for implementation

Moderator:

Marc Jansen, CBL, The Netherlands Rapporteur: Hans-Jürgen Matern, Metro, Germany

 Achievements and challenges towards harmonization of farm assurance: sharing first experience for implementation

Henrik Bäkström, danske slagterier, Denmark

Dr. Hans Schouwenburg, PVE, The Netherlands

Dr. Marleen Daenen, VLAM, Belgium

Dr. Hermann-Joseph Nienhoff, QS GmbH, Germany

David Clarke, Assured Food Standards, UK

John Keane, Irish Food Board, Rep. of Ireland

Gosse Smid, Elanco, The Netherlands

PARALLEL SESSION C

Integrated Aquaculture Assurance: Salmon and other species

Moderator:
Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen,
qa-sense, The Netherlands
Rapporteur: Frank van Ooijen,
Nutreco/Marine Harvest,
The Netherlands

Introduction to New Reference Standard and Salmonide Module Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen, qa-sense, The Netherlands

Pilot Audit Results on Farm and Chain of Custody (Traceability) Aldin Hilbrands, SGS The Netherlands

How to develop other Species Modules? Valeska Weymann, EurepGAP, Germany

TSC Integrated Aquaculture Assurance (IAA) Member Discussion on Motivation, Way Forward and other Issues

John Oosterhuis, Albert Heijn, The Netherlands

Anje Mattheeuws, Fjord Seafood Pieters, The Netherlands

Per Johan Røtereng, Fjord Seafood Norway

Tba, Pan Fish, Norway (inquired)

Brian Simpson, Scottish Quality Salmon, UK







ROGRAMME

10:30 h - 11:00 h

Coffee Break

EurepGAP exhibitors and networking

11:00 h - 12:00 h

Parallel Sessions 1, 2 and 3 continue ...

12:00 h - 13:30 h

Luncheon

EurepGAP exhibitors and networking

13:30 h - 15:45 h

Plenary: Summary of Parallel Sessions and Discussion

Report of Rapporteurs of Parallel Sessions

IFA Panel Discussion Questions and Answers

EurepGAP IFA Steering Committee Members and others

Dr. Reinhard **Alfons Bert**

Peter

Kaeppel Schmid **Urlings** Vázquez P. McDonalds Europe, Germany Royal Ahold, The Netherlands Dumeco, The Netherlands

Roberto Per Gerard J. Steven

Instituto Nacional de Carnes, Uruguay Sorensen Danske Slagterier, Denmark **Doornbos** LTO, The Netherlands

Ridge Wahlsten Somerfield, UK Grain Council Western Australia, Australia (inquired)

Matem Jürgen Metro AG, Germany **David** Clarke Johann Zueblin René Maillard Guido Siebenmorgen

Assured Food Standards, UK Migros, Switzerland VLAM, Belgium REWE, Germany

15:45 h - 16:00 h

Closing Remarks

CONFERENCE FEES

MEMBER:

€ 800.00

NON MEMBER:

€ 950.00

GROUP DISCOUNT:

A group discount (minimum of 4 registrations from the same company) will be € 50.00 per person

CONFERENCE DINNER:

€ 50.00

EUREPGAP Membership

You are able to sign up for membership in the registration process.

EurepGAP membership is based on calendar year. By signing up now, new members will pay 25% of the annual fee, but already benefit from the EurepGAP Membership conference discount. The discount will be deducted from the first

membership fee.

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Belgian Meat Office



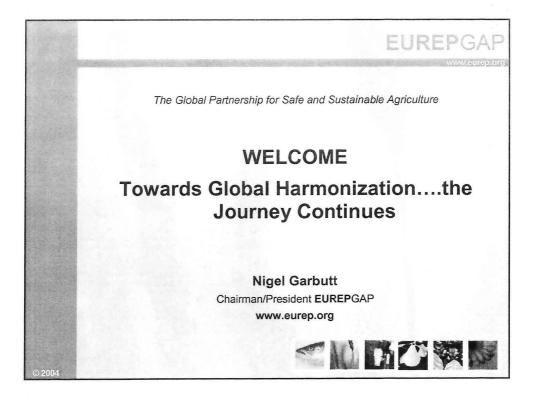






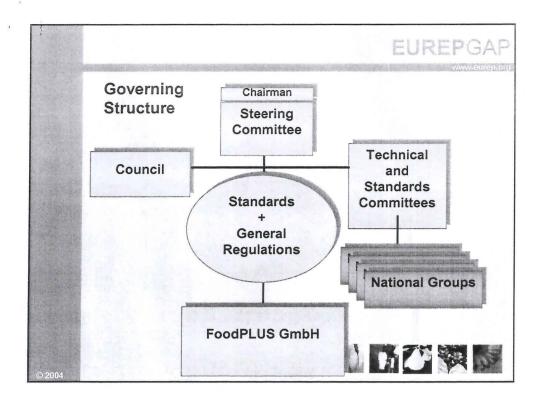


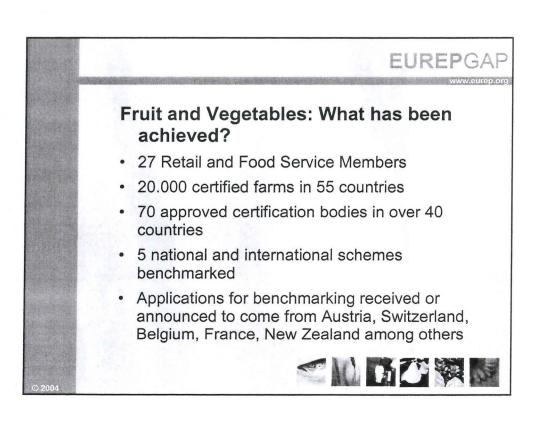
Handout N° 01, Nigel Garbutt



EUREPGAP Guiding Principles Supply Chain Decision Making Stakeholder Consultation / Communication Open Access for all producers Integrity of Certification process Equivalence determined on a Transparent basis

Handout No 01, Nigel Garbutt





1

Handout No 01, Nigel Garbutt

EUREPG

EUREPGAP Integrated Farm Assurance BACKGROUND

- · Diversity of Schemes: How do they compare with each other?
- · Why are so many producers not part of a certification scheme?
- · Where could multiplicity of buyer requirements be harmonized?
- Market Driver: Growing Internationalization of trade
- For multi-product producers: eliminate duplication of certification of common elements





EUREPGAP

Milestones for Integrated Farm Assurance

- · Harmonise criteria of schemes
- Encourage transparent benchmarking
- · Reduce multiplicity of audits
- Used as a common reference standard for buyers
- Boost world-wide producer participation in farm assurance





Handout N° 01, Nigel Garbutt

-

Evolution EurepGAP 1996+ • 1996 Initiated by Retailers- Risk Reduction • 2000 Formalising the Partnership • Strong Drivers: Globalisation, Consolidation, More Competition, Reduced costs needed • 2005+ Government Recognition

Handout N° 02, Gerard Doornbos

Producer perspective on Fam Assurance

Introduction G. Doornbos, chairman LTO Nederland EurepGAP Conference for Integrated Farm Assurance in Amsterdam on 9 November 2004

Ladies and gentlemen,

Introduction

Before I continue with the theme of my introduction 'Producer perspective on farm assurance', I would like to express my appreciation for the creation of the Integrated Farm Assurance scheme. As a representative of LTO Nederland in the Steering Committee, I know the enormous pressure of time under which a huge amount of work was carried out. I have also heard from the members of the Technical Standards Committee how productive the EurepGAP secretariat has been; they managed to keep pace with the rapid succession of different versions of the IFA, incorporating yet more suggestions from the practical side of agriculture. It was a huge task and the results are worthy of praise.

Why did LTO Nederland join EurepGAP? To be honest, there was quite a lot of scepticism among the board of LTO Nederland at the beginning. Initial experiences in the fruit and vegetable sector were not always positive. EurepGAP presented itself as a global standard but in practice Dutch growers had to comply with more stringent requirements than their colleagues in other countries. The reason was that with regard to the use of pesticides, the EurepGAP standard was equated with the legislation in force in the country of production. Dutch products were therefore required to comply with the strict legislation in force in the Netherlands, while products grown abroad complied with less stringent rules. The irony of this situation was that, as these products met the less stringent EurepGAP standard, they still found their way to the shelves in the Netherlands. Nevertheless, we decided to join.

LTO Nederland promotes the interests of its 50,000 members in the agricultural and horticultural industry in the Netherlands. At LTO Nederland we are primarily concerned with promoting the production of guaranteed safe products with due consideration for animal welfare, working conditions, the environment and landscape. Certification is thus an obvious instrument for this purpose.

Furthermore our members have a great interest in the export of their products and thus in guaranteed markets and in the growth opportunities of these markets. This is illustrated by the fact that in 2002 the agricultural trade balance rose to almost 20 billion Euros, which amounts to two thirds of the surplus. And the importance of the total food chain is illustrated by the fact that the share of the agrofood system (production, processing, supply, distribution) in the Dutch economy in terms of added value and employment totalled around 10%.

The following figures show how familiar the idea of certification of production is to my members, and many other European countries:

- In 2003, 3382 horticultural companies were certified in accordance with EurepGAP. This was a 70% increase compared with 2002.
- In 2003, 50% of the beet growers of Suikerunie had Food Safety certification (VVC) and 98% of the growers of CSM
- In 2003, 95% of the potato growers had Food Safety Certification.
- In 2004, 90% of the pig farms participated in the renewed Integral Chain Management System (IKB)
- In 2004 almost 100% of the dairy farms had Chain Quality Milk certification (KKM).

EUREPGAP

Integrated Farm Assurance Conference, Amsterdam 2004 Handout N° 02, Gerard Doornbos

When the retail trade worldwide decides to set up an integrated farm assurance scheme, we want to be there. Our initial attitude might have been: 'If you can't beat them, join them', but now it is much more based on the idea behind the very first agricultural cooperative in the Netherlands: 'Enlightened self-interest'.

The agricultural entrepreneur

In the Netherlands, certification schemes have been part of livestock and arable farming for years. Together with the sales organisations in the meat, agricultural and dairy industries and supported by the product boards, the sectoral departments of LTO Nederland have shown great commitment to this concept. These systems are a familiar part of life to Dutch entrepreneurs. However this does not mean that everything is accepted without discussion.

It takes time and money to satisfy the criteria, and compliance with Integral Chain Management or Chain Quality Milk does not immediately spawn all kinds of extras. And the criteria are always subject to criticism as their basis is unclear.

The same applies to EurepGAP; whether or not through benchmarking of existing schemes. As a representative of the food producers, the farmers, I will continue to present this criticism to the subsequent links in the chain. The real benchmark for me here is market demand. Farmers and horticulturists want to serve markets at home and abroad, through the sales organisations. Guaranteed sales or sales growth are the best reward for certified production.

In my opinion, the opportunities offered by EurepGAP outweigh the objections I have just mentioned. Throughout the food chain, farmers and food processors face increasing numbers of certification schemes. Pig farmers supplying the German market have to comply with IKB and Qualität und Sicherheit (QS system). Dutch dairy farmers supply their milk to cooperatives which also have branches in Germany and Belgium. They then hear that their German colleagues have an IM system while their Belgian colleagues have an IKM system. As you can imagine, this certificate jungle is a constant source of confusion, creating additional demands on sales logistics and requiring more energy to ensure constant compatibility of the systems. In short, the introduction of one system that takes a step towards levelling the playing field cannot come too soon. Not a system which replaces the present systems, but a system which sets the standard and which recognises existing systems through benchmarking.

The objectives that EurepGAP has set itself are ones which I too heartily endorse:

- Reducing duplication of audits at farm level.
- To see the IFA become the preferred global reference standard for farm assurance schemes at pre-farm gate (agricultural production).
- To see the IFA become a common buyer standard for all sources of supply irrespective of the country of origin.

What else shows the interest of the primary producer for one system? The General Food Law will apply throughout Europe within 2 months. You might think that EurepGAP is redundant now that the GFL describes the criteria to be met by food production. The basic principle of the GFL is risk analysis. This is obviously something which applies in EurepGAP too. And in EurepGAP we must ask ourselves whether parts of the IFA could not be recognised as the 'code of good practice' mentioned in the GFL. This would mean added incentive to create a level playing field.



Integrated Farm Assurance Conference, Amsterdam 2004

Handout N° 02, Gerard Doornbos

This brings me to the question: 'Is there more than food safety?' Does the market also make demands of working conditions, animal welfare and the environment? The answer in my view is a resounding yes. The fact that these criteria are included in the IFA scheme is therefore entirely logical. Of course the livestock and arable farmers among my members have an interest in consistent auditing on these points. If the retail trade then buys its products worldwide, the products must also comply with the same conditions everywhere. What the WTO fails to achieve can be organised through EurepGAP. However, I do realise that we in North-Western Europe must not assume that we are in the lead. In countries with much less experience in certification schemes, it is sometimes much easier to comply with the IFA standard.

Finally, with regard to the interests of the agricultural entrepreneur, I would refer you to the debate which started during the current Dutch presidency. The main issue concerns the division of responsibility between government and industry. The discussion paper presented by the Dutch Minister of Agriculture, Nature and Food Quality was entitled: "Agriculture in the public eye: who is responsible for what?"

In recent years, the trade in food products has acquired a more global character. Companies in the food chains have undergone huge scale increases and internationalisation. These companies and chains often have their own regulations guaranteeing food safety, animal welfare and the environment. And yet governments tend to impose a great many explicit regulations on these companies. But is the government actually responsible for these? Wouldn't it be possible to leave this responsibility to the food production chain itself? The chain is naturally in direct contact with the retail trade and/or consumer and has the most vested interests in sustainable production. The government can restrict its burden of inspection to companies and chains which do not comply with the regulations. In well-organised companies and chains, which in my opinion comply with the EurepGAP-IFA standards, it would be possible to carry out the auditing, certification and connection of the various links much more cheaply. The government could then limit itself to 'monitoring control'. If we could achieve that, farmers could earn real money with EurepGAP!

The retail trade

Ladies and gentlemen. We are talking today about the relationship between the agricultural entrepreneur and the retailer. But what retailer, wonders the farmer. Farmers say: 'The retail trade has too many irons in the fire!' and 'The retail trade is unreliable'.

How should we regard the Global Food Safety Initiative, for example, whose members include Sainsbury's and Laurus? GFSI has a similar objective to EurepGAP, but its primary focus is food safety. Moreover GFSI does not set out an extensive set of criteria, but wishes to implement a scheme to benchmark food safety standards worldwide. And why does participation in EurepGAP seem to involve mainly North-Western Europe and South America? Is it because the retail trade in Southern and Eastern Europe is not developed enough or is it because they fail to see any added value in EurepGAP?

Or, to keep it closer to home, why do major retailers in Germany choose the QS system? Is it because it is a system which connects all the various links in the chain (such as the Dutch IKB system) while Eurep limits itself to the 'pre-farm gate? Or is it because QS existed before EurepGAP IFA?

All these examples show that agricultural entrepreneurs want a clear signal from the retail trade. It cannot be that there are various systems which claim to strive towards global harmonisation. Nor can it be that one and same retailer supports different

EUREPGAP

Integrated Farm Assurance Conference, Amsterdam 2004 Handout N° 02, Gerard Doornbos

systems. Within the frameworks of the competition law, you should certainly be able to reach a less ambiguous signal!

The second aspect regarding the criticism of the retail trade concerns the responsibility which it takes itself. Whatever happens, agricultural entrepreneurs in the Netherlands will be 100% certified in 2005! Sustainable production will thus be guaranteed. But what farmers hate most is that the subsequent chains of trade and retail impose all kinds of demands, but fail to organise their own businesses. Can the retail trade provide convincing proof that the products produced with such care by arable and livestock farming are also carefully transported and stored throughout the retail process? Are your logistic centres clean? Do the shelf fillers know how to handle the products? In short, ensure that you have certification and show it. And remember, as long as no supermarket is closed due to failure to comply with its own certification programme, farmers will continue to ask this question.

Finally, the reliability of the retail trade. The fact that the Dutch supermarket chain Albert Heijn recently decided to exclude the IKB pork logo from its assortment caused a furore in the Netherlands. Pig farmers are angry because they feel that after initially making demands on their product, the retail trade retracted and returned to buying abroad, purely for price reasons. In other words, coming back to EurepGAP, farmers rely on a consistent retail trade which is also committed to the development of EurepGAP and then complies with it.

How do we make the IFA a success?

Today sees the presentation and final round of consultation of the EurepGAP IFA standards 2005. This is an important milestone but not a final destination. There are still plenty of challenges for the coming years. If the IFA is to be as successful as Eurep fruit and vegetables, then my advice is:

- Communicate signals from the market or consumer requirements clearly to the producers. Convince the farmers of the value of EurepGAP.
- Study the requirements of the General Food Law, also with regard to products which are imported from outside the EU. Base the IFA criteria for food safety on a risk analysis.
- Devote attention to the connection between the various links in livestock production. This is more difficult than in fruit and vegetables or arable farming. The guarantee of high quality animal feed requires a lot of attention; I understand that the Dutch Good Manufacturing Practice + can serve as an example. The same applies to the link between farm and food processor.
- I would ask the representatives of the retail trade to harmonise their certification requirements worldwide and then consistently comply with EurepGAP.
- Sort out your own certification and comply with it. The retail trade is also socially responsible for sustainable food.
- And I would advise you to support the idea that a chain which takes responsibility is subject to less and cheaper government control.

Finally

Ladies and gentlemen, the launch of the IFA standards creates an important bridge between the farmer and the retail trade. From this side of the bridge, I can say that the farmers are ready. I look forward to hearing the thoughts of Bestmeat and the bridgemaster on the other side of the Metro. I wish you all an interesting symposium. Thank you for your attention.



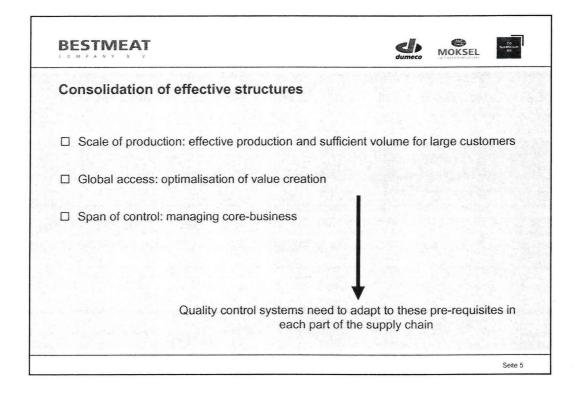
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Linking the farmer with th	ne retailer
Dr. Uwe Tillmann CE	≣ O
Eurei	pGap Amsterdam, 9 November 2004
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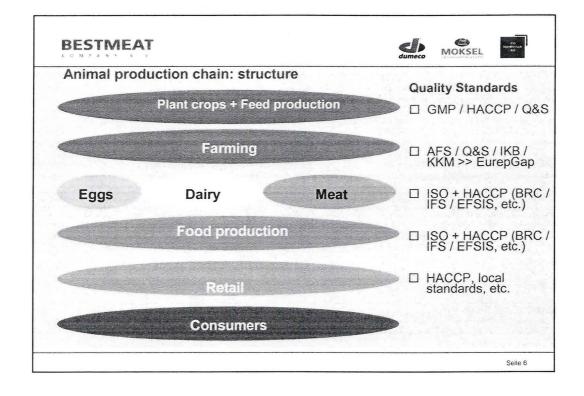
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☐ Development of markets			
☐ Opportunities for animal production			
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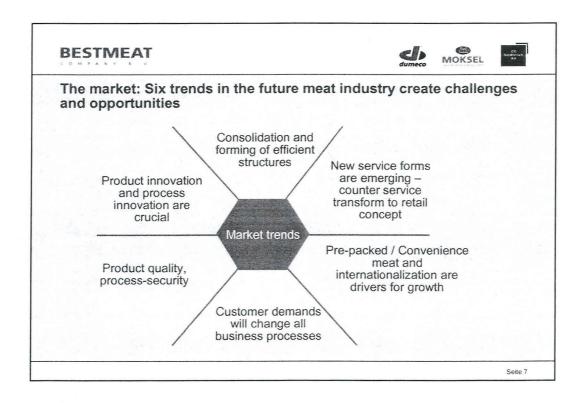


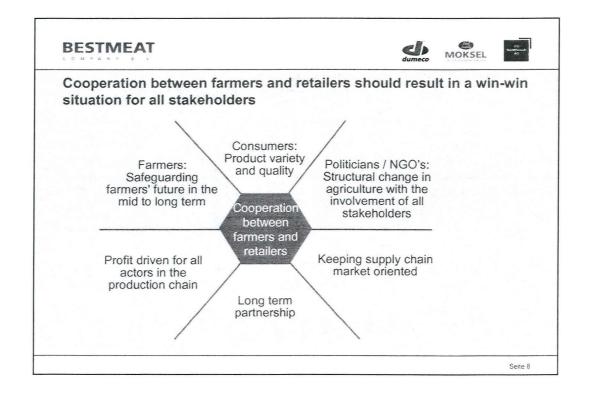
BESTMEAT	MOKSEL MOKSEL
Major trends in animal production	
☐ Global sourcing of raw materials for animal feed	production
☐ Feed producers concentrate in large companies	
☐ Concentration of the production of breeding stock	K
☐ Farms increase production volume and specialize	е
 At farm level specialisation in quality schemes de such as welfare 	edicated to the consumer market,

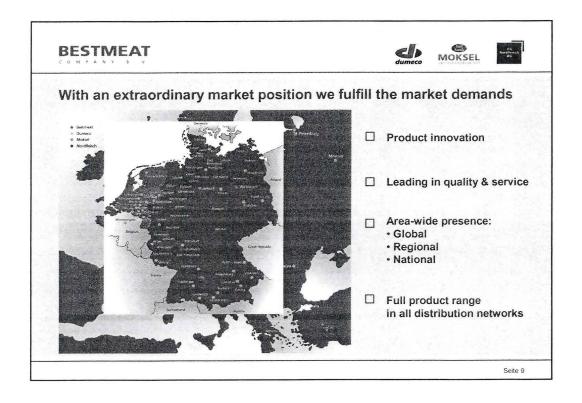
BESTMEAT	dumeco MOKSEL **
Major trends in animal food processin	g and supply
☐ Food processors merge and increase volum	ie
☐ Product innovation in order to satisfy consum	mer needs
☐ Retail merge and increase sales volume	
☐ Food processors and retailers: globalisation	of sourcing
	Sette 4

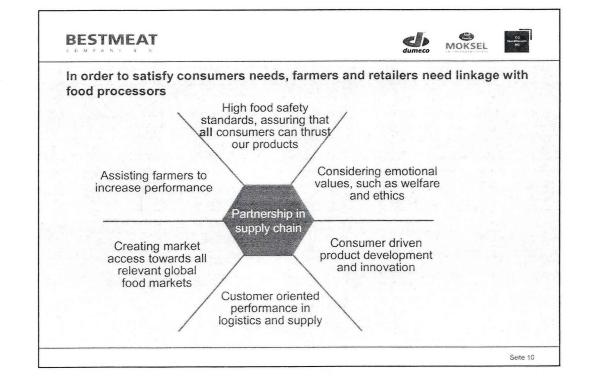


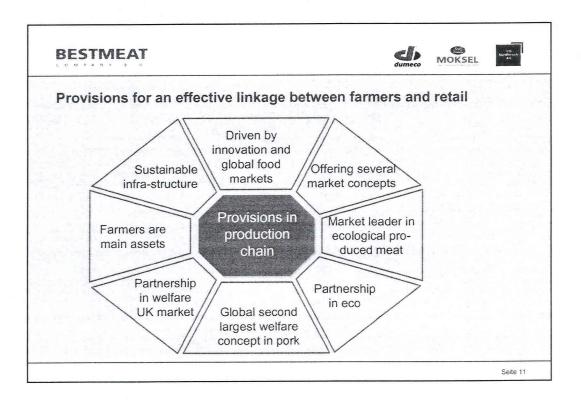












BESTMEAT







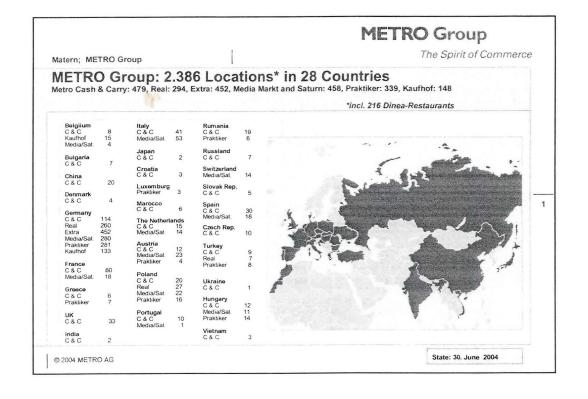
Opportunities for the full supply chain

- ☐ Superior quality standards and harmonisation of quality standards
 - EurepGap at farm level
 - GFSI standards at food processing, provided that there is mutual recognition
- ☐ Cost reduction should be realised for the full supply chain e.g. by harmonising the standards
- □ Successful in product and process innovation
- Long term partnership, also with the retailer and food service in order to consolidate quality programmes
- □ Avoid consumer reluctance as a result of distributing not well controlled products, sustainability of the market of animal produce is also the responsibility and the vested interest of the retailer / food service.
- ☐ A wholesome consumer, emotional and physically, is our common future

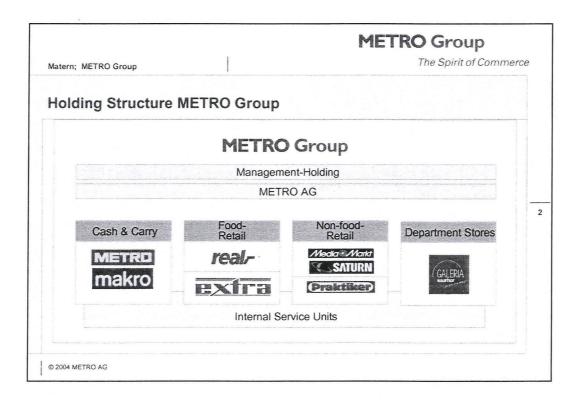
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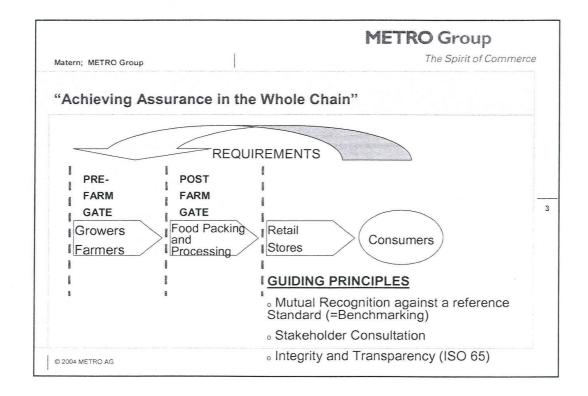
Handout N° 04, Hans-Jürgen Matern



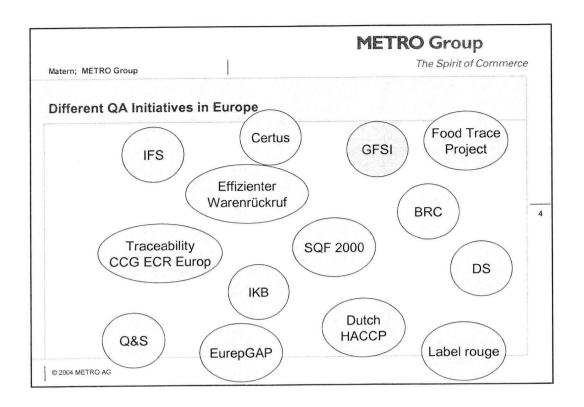


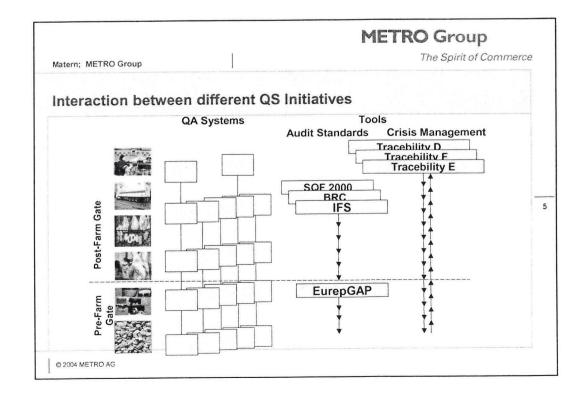
Handout N° 04, Hans-Jürgen Mate



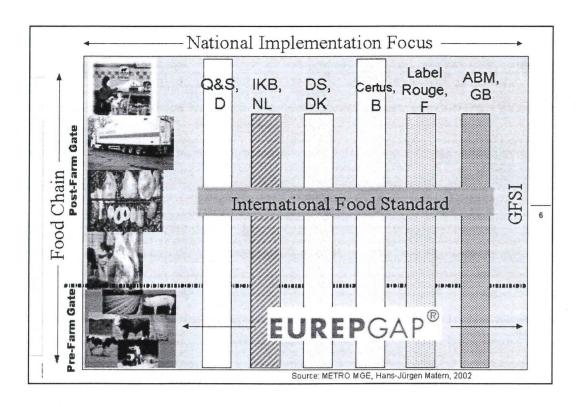


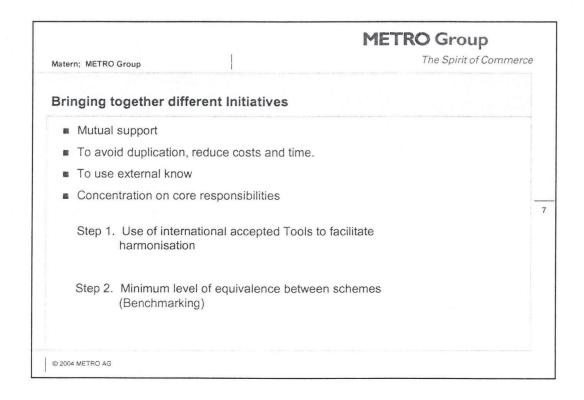
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METRO Group Matern; METRO Group The Spirit	up of Commerce
Building on Individual Strengths (1)	England (Section 1) and (Secti
Audit Standards	
 International Platform Pre-Farm gate and Post Farm-gate Harmonisation Stakeholder Consultation Food Chain Partnership Interpretation Guidelines 	
 Benchmarking Facilitation (Reference Standard) Tool for mutual recognition of national schemes 	
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	METRO Group The Spirit of Commerce
Matern; METRO Group	The opine of commerce
Building on Individual Strengths (2)	
National QA Systems	
National/Local InterpretationLocal ImplementationNational Marketing (consumer logos)	-
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Handout N° 04, Hans-Jürgen Mate

METRO Group The Spirit of Commerce

	METRO Group
Matern; METRO Group	The Spirit of Commerce
Policy of Metro is	
	n gate and post-farm gate standards that integrate ce to the consumer of the whole chain
 To have National schem implementation and man 	nes translate that for local interpretation, rketing
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Handout No 04, Hans-Jürgen Matern

METRO Group

Matern; METRO Group

The Spirit of Commerce

Summary

- EurepGAP is the platform for us for global harmonisation of pre farm gate standards
- IFS (and BRC) is our standard(s) for post farm gate
- National schemes like Q&S are the back-bone of a vertically integrated QA System throughout the supply chain. They must use the knowledge of the market including the international standards like EurepGAP and IFS

Metro prefers an internationally harmonised QA System, and we are engaged in these activities, but if there is no possibility to achieve an internationally harmonised approach in a short term, we are committed to implement our own Metro system.

■ We take care of our responsibilities on store level and participate in third party certification systems in our distribution centres and retail outlets.

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12



Introducing IFA Standard Version 2005:

The Process

Integrated Farm Assurance Conference
9th November 2004

Hugo Hays

Technical Director EUREPGAP



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Objectives

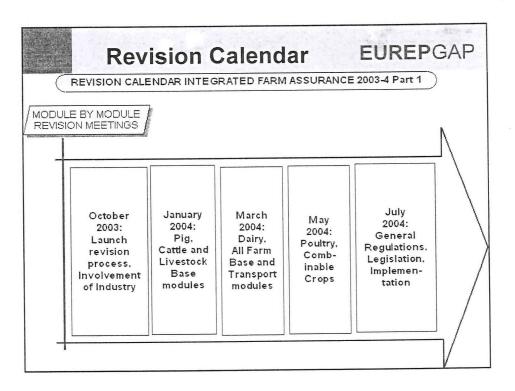
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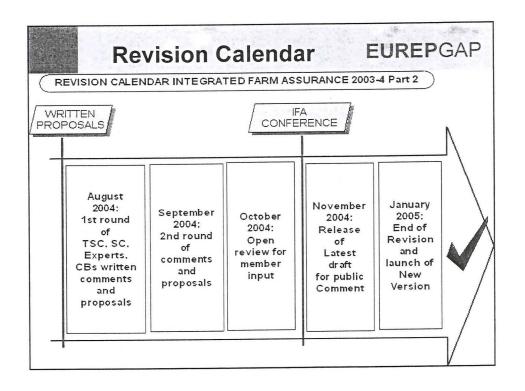
www.eurep.org

- To simplify the document for practical application
- To involve benchmark candidate schemes to give technical input leading to fully endorsed Reference standard.
- To update some technical issues to changing industry and retailer demands – Global Harmonisation
- To legitimise standard through wide, open, thorough consultation process, with a Common Interpretation

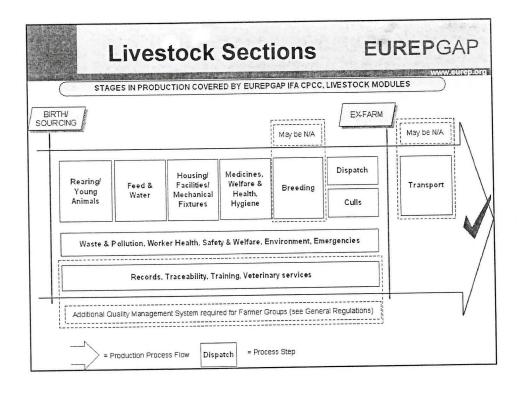
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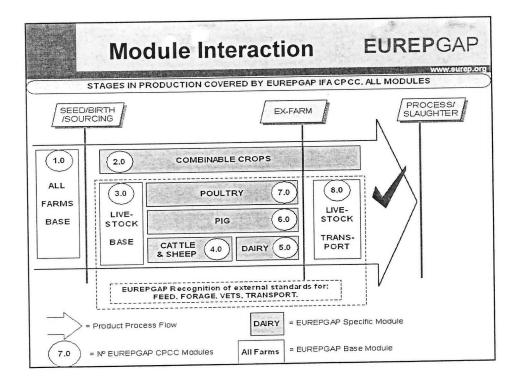






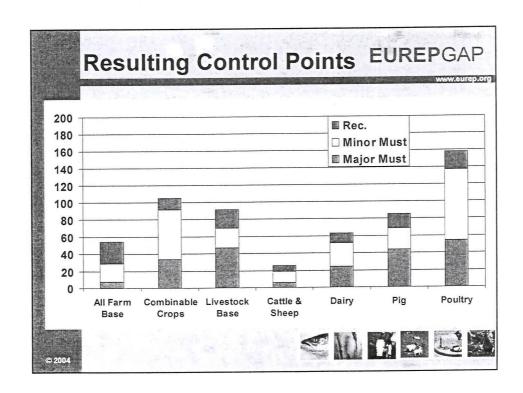
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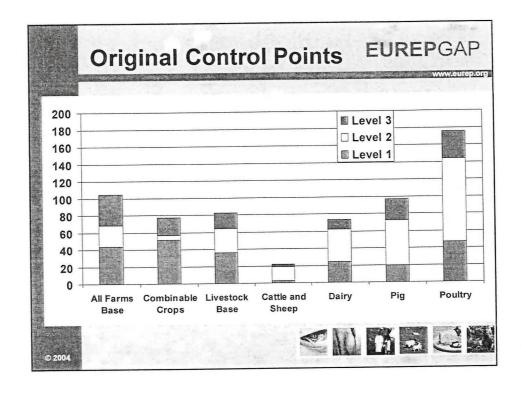






Meetings	Meeting Man-Days
Steering Committee	28
Technical Standards Committee-Expert Group	132
CB seminars	108
National Technical Working Group Argentina	56
Total	324





	Written Review	EUREPGAP
	Comments	675
	Persons commenting	More than 60
© 2004		

Presentation of reviewed documents Natural conclusion to open review policy Lead to closing of review process Presentation of Benchmark applications

EUREF	GAPIFA	Revision Proposals Table	90,00	- Program	
Type (CP or CC)	Section	Proposed text/level/comment	Justification	Date of proposal	Name o
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Main Changes

EUREPGAP

- Consolidation of Control Points (avoiding repetition/duplication)
- Control Point position is it in the right module?
- Feed & Forage standards: EUREPGAP will approve a list.
- · Levels changed to Minor-Major-Recommended
- · Numbering of Control Points



Main Changes

EUREPGAP

- Harmonisation with existing Fruit & Vegetable Standard
- Modules not included in the final version: Egg Laying and Transport (Need further discussion)
- Changes to Control Point Levels EU legislation
- Annexes become Guidelines (non-normative)

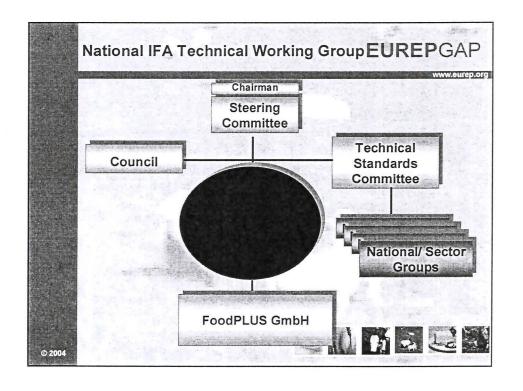
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Main Changes G.Regs EUREPGAP

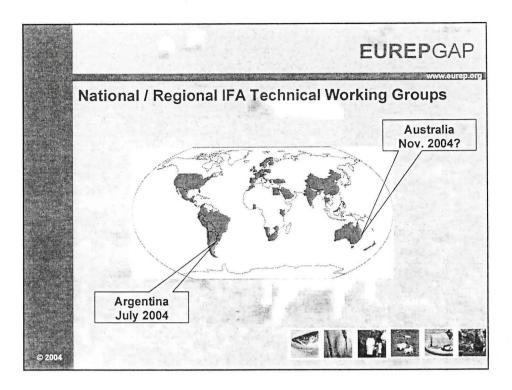
- Scope (starting point, transport situation, interaction of sector modules – Cattle/Sheep & Dairy together)
- Level of compliance (acceptable level of Minor Musts non conformances 10%, no annual repetition)
- Degree of Surveillance (Inspection frequency 18 months for cattle/dairy, and Farmer Group Option 2 sample size to increase)
- Sanctions (Severity and legal consequences for EUREPGAP)
- Certificate contents and validity period valid until sanctioned or no re-registration (max. 3 years).
 Separate certificate for Transport only.



© 2004



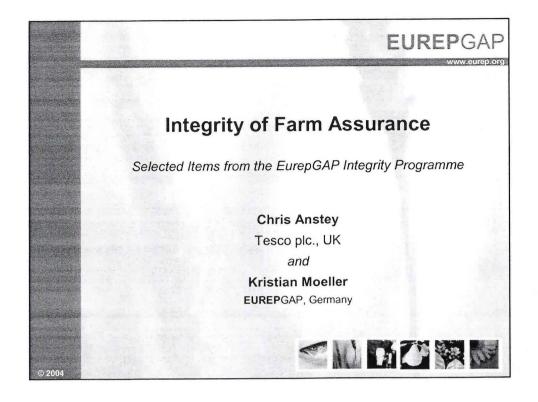
EUREPGAP

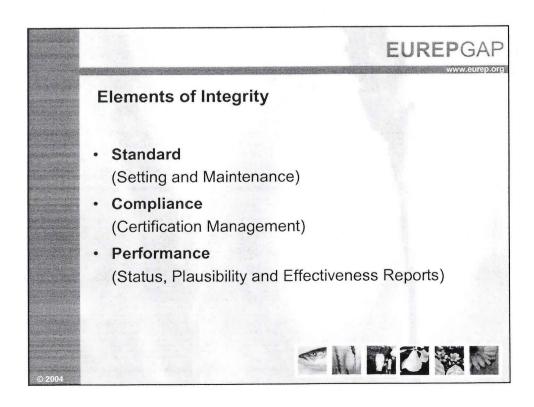


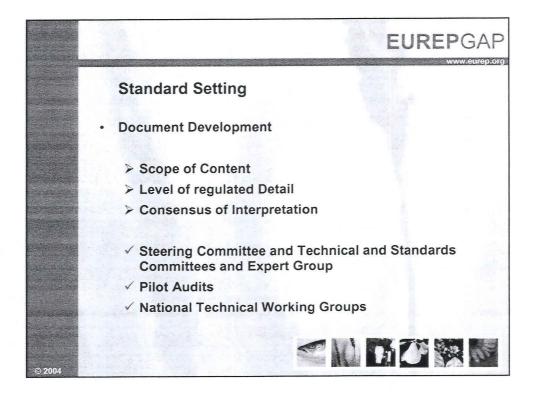


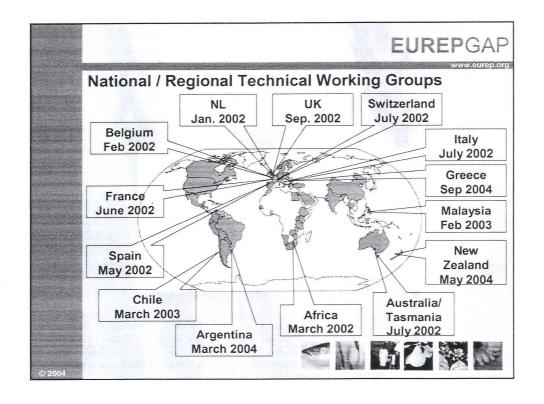


Handout No 06, Chris Anstey, Kristian Möller



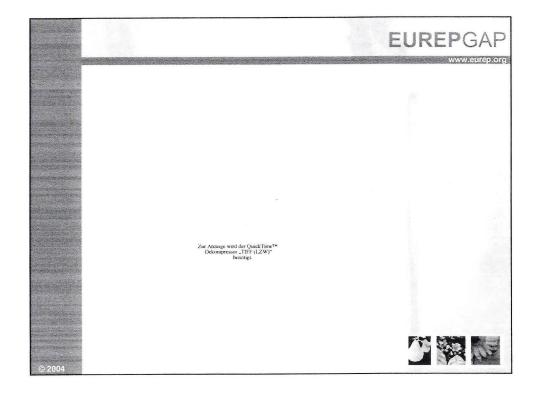


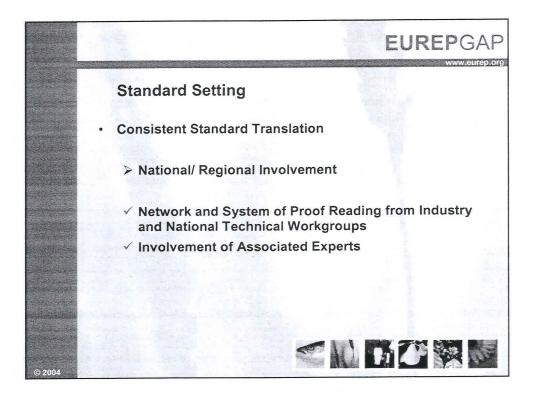




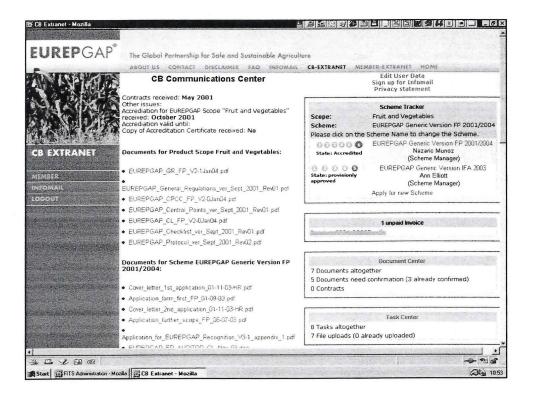


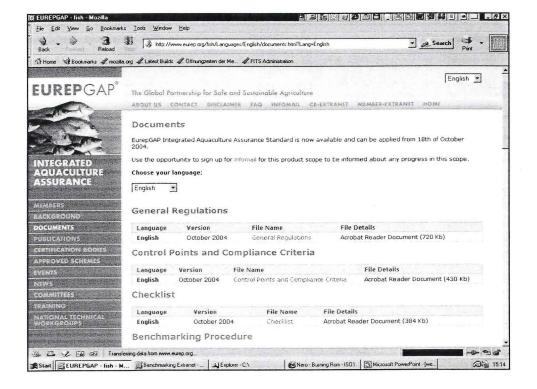


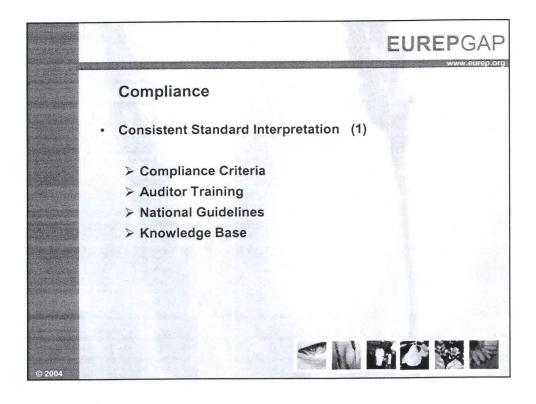


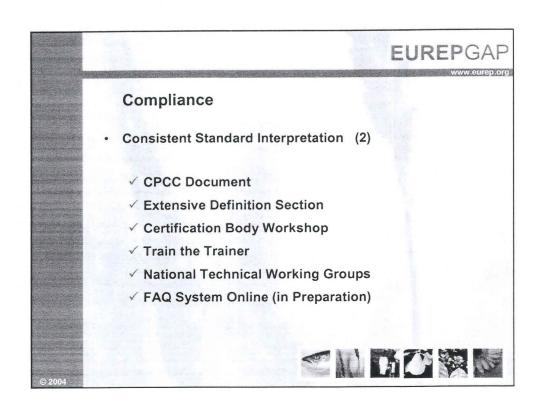


Standard Setting • Fast and Controlled Dissemination of Information • Efficient Certification Body and Member Managemnet online • Up-to-date Website • Certification Body ExtraNet with 65 CB's Registered • Info Mail and Member Extranet • Website Management

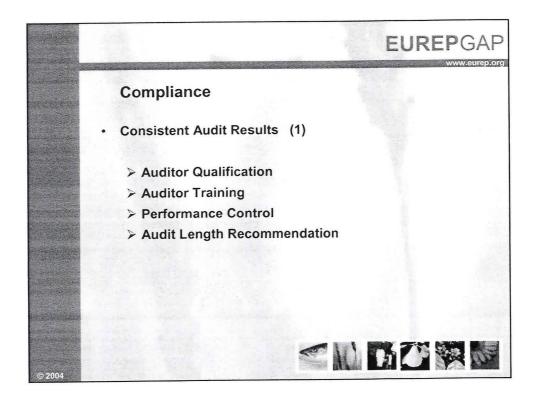




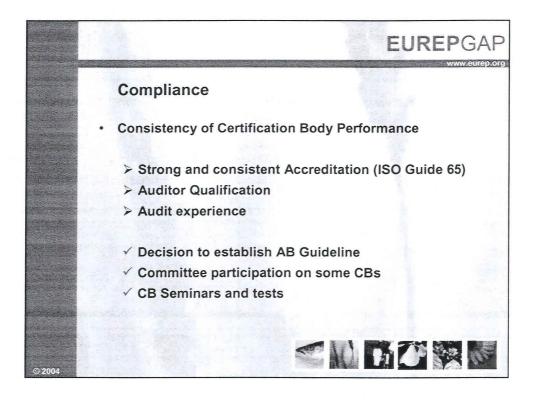




EUREPGAP







Compliance Consistency of Accreditation Body Performance Using existing tools MLA on ISO Guide 65 Feedback and co-operation with ABs IAF MLA is almost ready to be published Decision to establish AB Guideline Committee participation on ABs EA forum participant

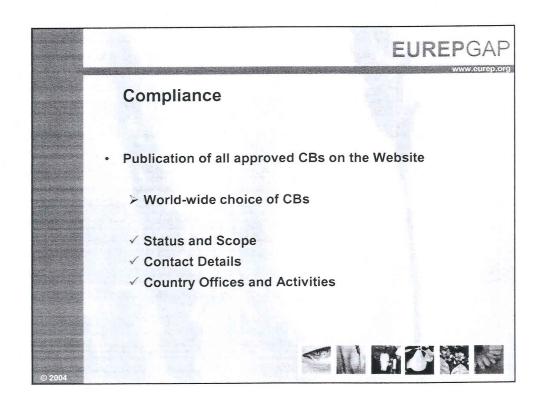
EUREPGAP

Handout No 06, Chris Anstey, Kristian Möller

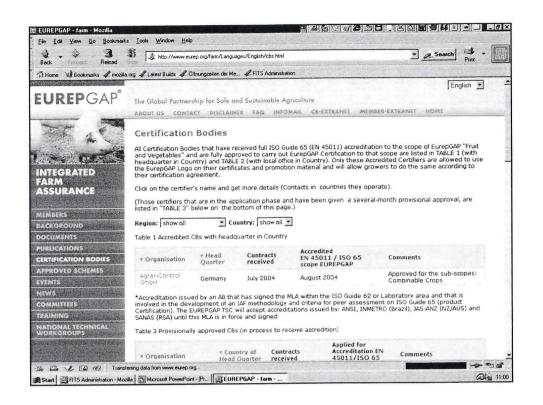
Compliance • EUREPGAP Accreditation Guidelines (in development) > Robust procedure of global accreditation > Based on ISO Guide 65 MLA > Competence of ABs • Knowledge of AB Assessors • Co-operation with ABs • Clearly defined CB scopes (incl. geographical)

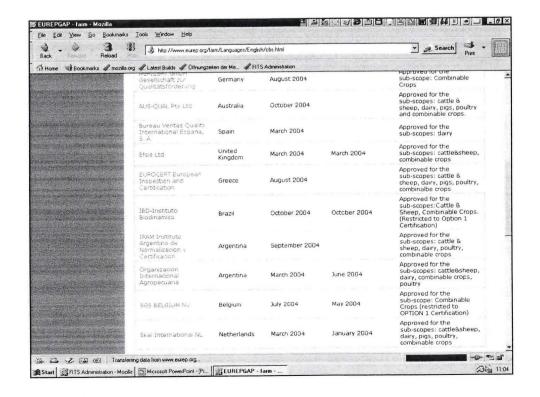
Compliance • EUREPGAP Accreditation Assessors • Competent EurepGAP Expert Team • Individual Recognition by FoodPLUS • Training requirement (Trainer and CB workshops) • ExtraNet access via Abs • Signed up to InfoMail • Additional activities with FoodPLUS: Trainer, Benchmark Witness Assessor, Integrity Auditor, EurepGAP Expert Consultant, Development Tasks

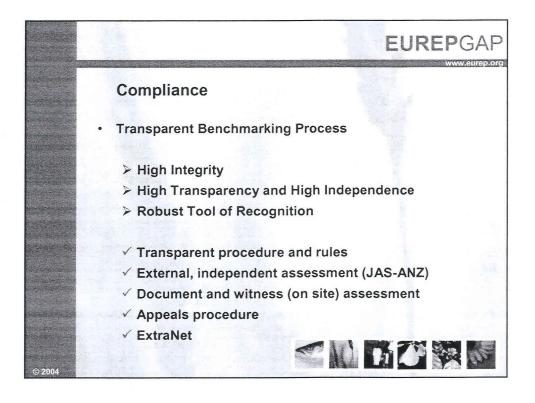




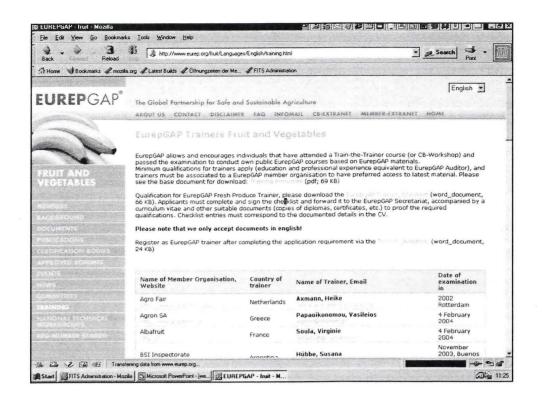


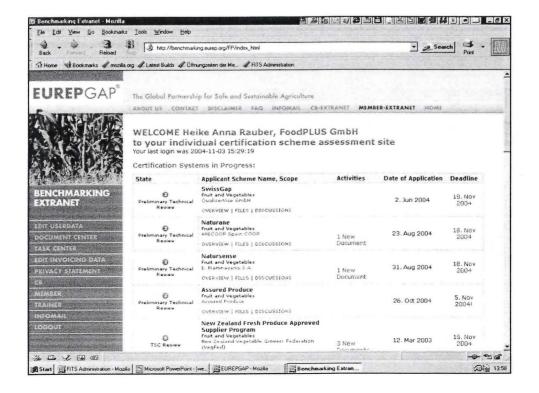


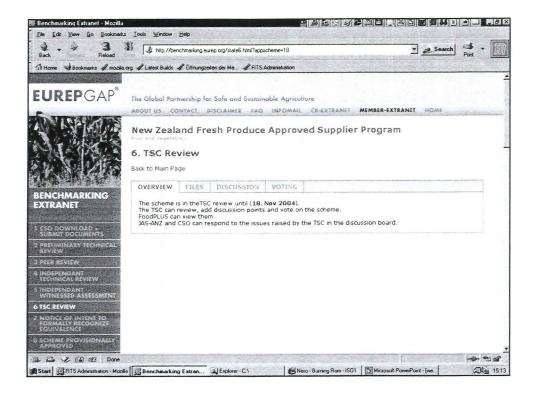




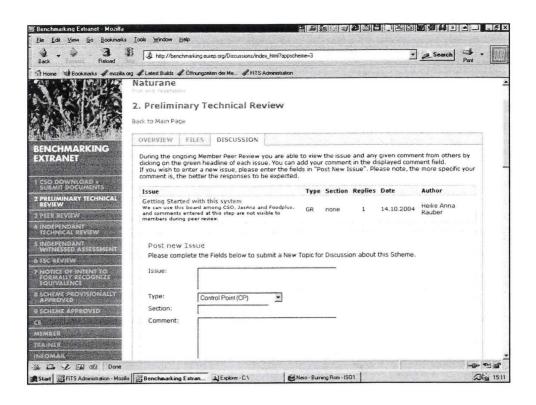




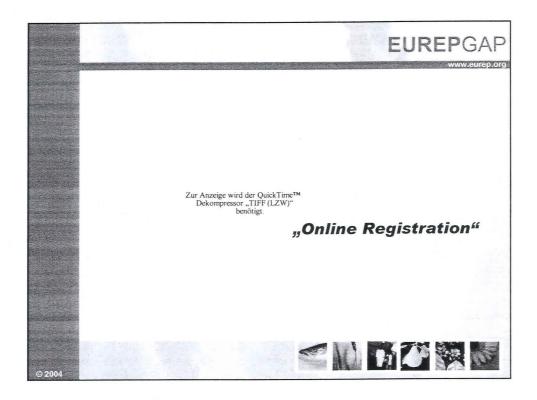


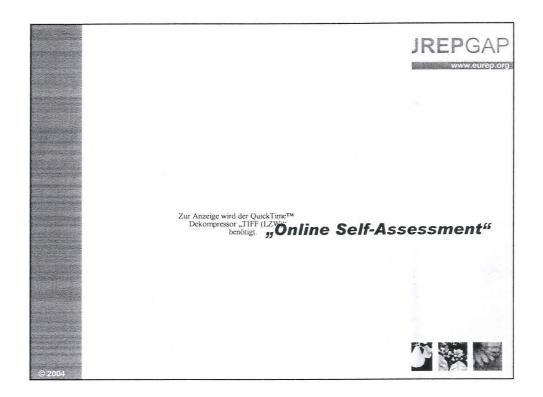




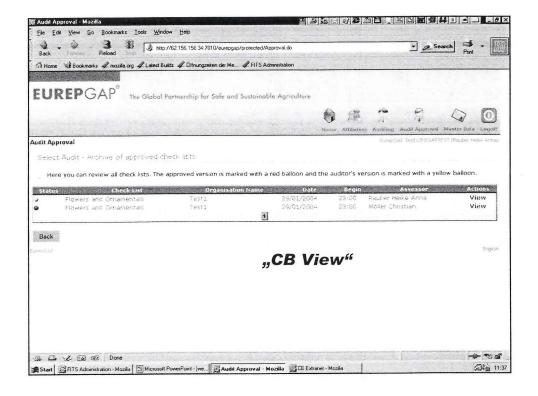


	EUREPGAP
	Performance www.eurep.org
	Transparent Farmer Status Information
	Central Database with Open System Interfaces and high level of Data Protection
	 ✓ All registered farmers / verification result holders ✓ All relevant assessment details (status, scope, validity) ✓ Unique Area ID available (www.uaid.org)
	✓ Data protection rules apply
	√ Interface to databases of benchmarked schemes and national systems (and e.g. IFS)
© 2004	✓ Public registration number confirmation

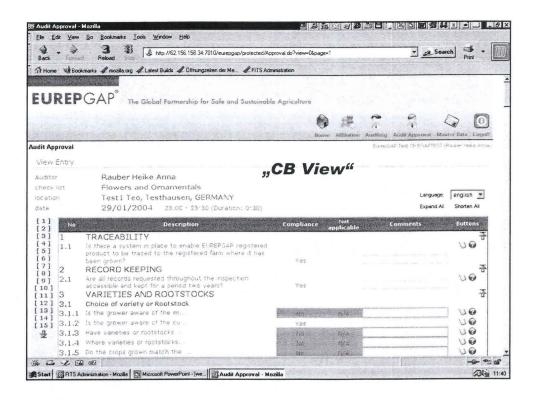


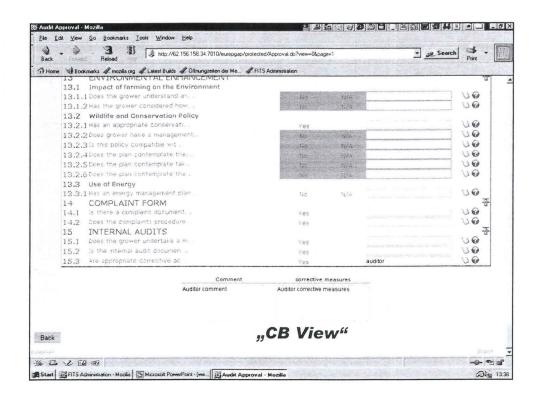






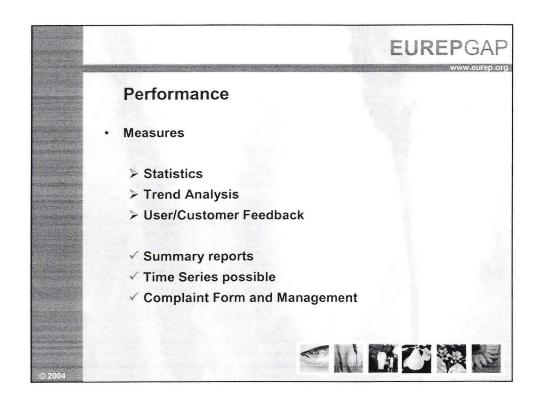
Integrated Farm Assurance Conference, Amsterdam 2004



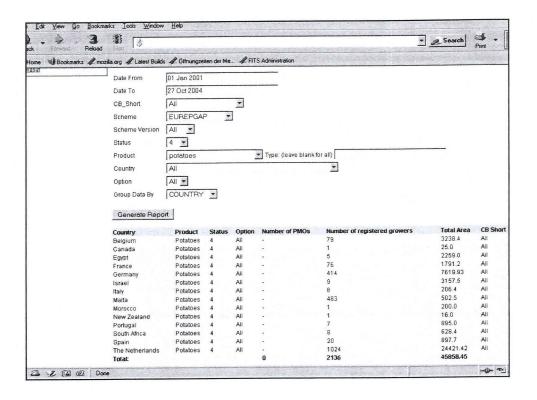


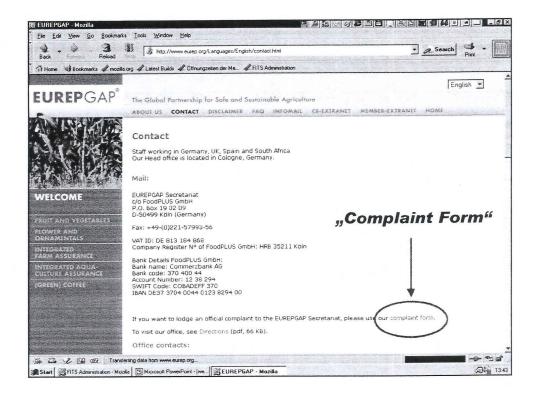




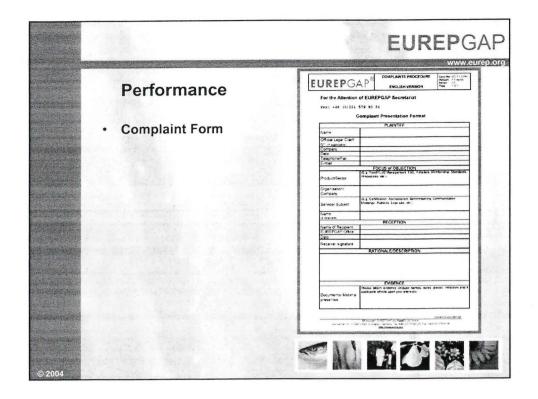


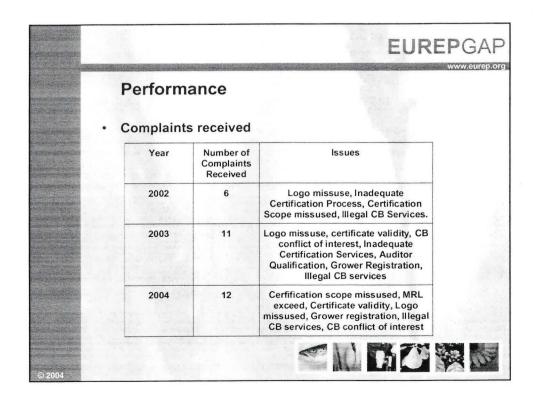
Integrated Farm Assurance Conference, Amsterdam 2004





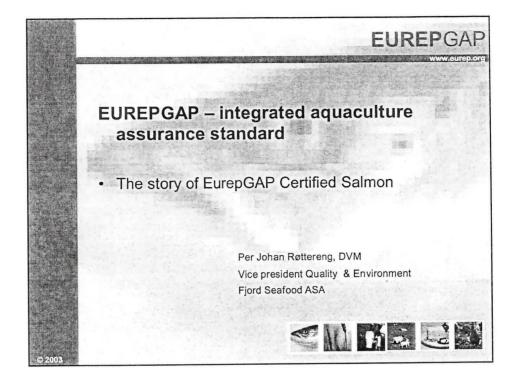
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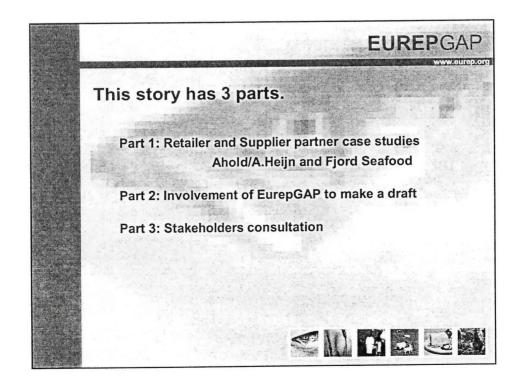




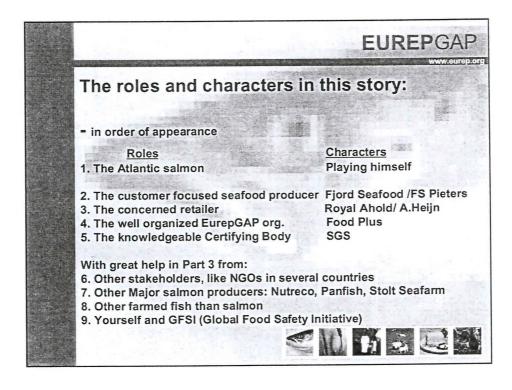


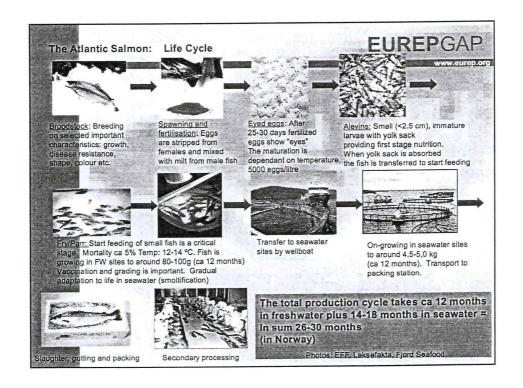
Handout N° 07, Per Johann Rotereng



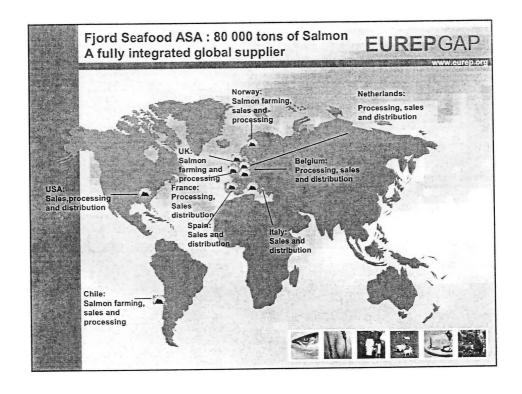


Handout Nº 07, Per Johann Rotereng





Handout Nº 07, Per Johann Rotereng







Handout No 07, Per Johann Rotereng

Part 2: 2002 - 2003

EUREPGAP

Retailer and Supplier involve EurepGAP

- Develop an open salmon farming standard
 - draft supply chain standard for farmed salmon:
 Food safety, environment, OHS
 - pilot auditing in Scotland & Norway with SGS
- •2. Business to business initiatives go in parallel (not a part of EurepGAP):
 - i.e. quality, logistics, customer communication ...



Part 2: 2002 -2003

EUREPGAP

EUREPGAP Farmed Fish - Draft

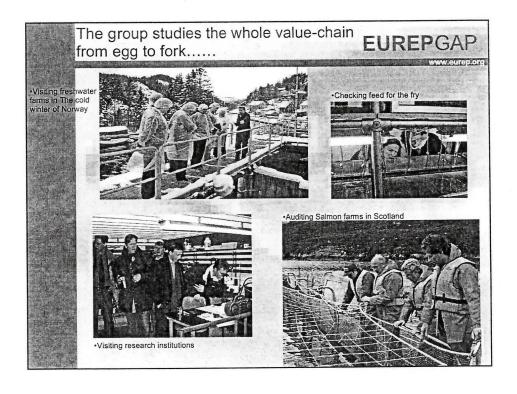
The technical working group, first meeting Aug 2002
 Aldin Hilbrands - SGS
 Kristian Möller, Valeska Weyman - Food Plus
 Fons Schmid - Royal Ahold
 Erwin R Steenbruggen, John Oosterhuis - A. Heijn
 Anje Mattheeuws - Fjord Seafood Pieters
 Steve Rex, Per Johan Røttereng - Fjord Seafood ASA

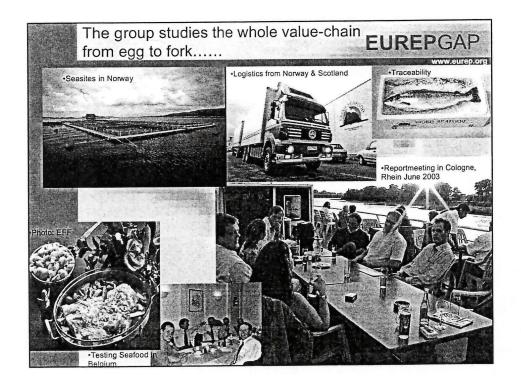
Several colleagues participated in different meetings.



@ 2003

Handout Nº 07, Per Johann Rotereng



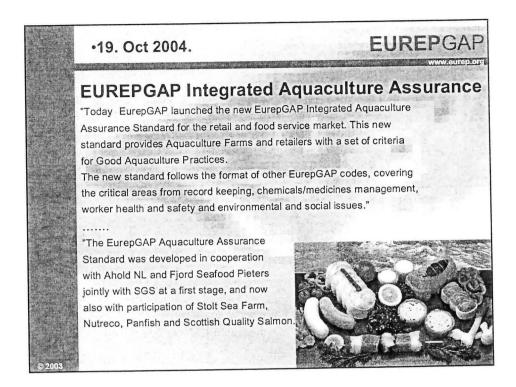


Handout N° 07, Per Johann Rotereng

EUREPGAP Farmed Fish – Draft by Sept 2003 The two new documents are 1. Integrated Farmed fish assurance standard - after the model of EUREPGAP integrated farm assurance standard. 2. Salmonid species module - Following the value chain for the salmonids from egg to slaughtered fish.

Part 3: Stakeholders consultations Several stakeholders have commented and made proposals for the draft * NGOs like WWF and others * Leading fishfarming companies like Nutreco, Stolt Seafarm and Panfish participated in two workshops in 2004. * Other stakeholders like SQS and Certifying bodies * Your self

Handout Nº 07, Per Johann Rotereng







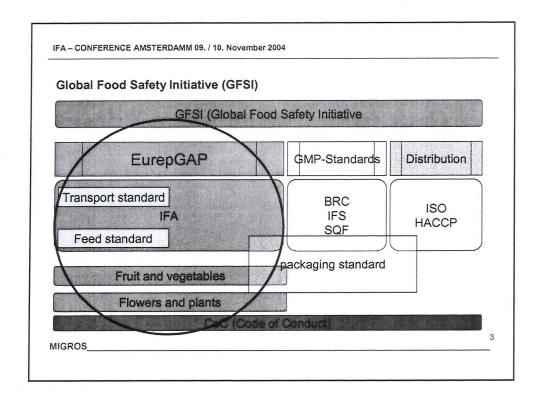
IFA – CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004

Handout No 08, Johann Zueblin

EurepGAP – Integrated Farm Assurance Conference Amsterdam 2004 09. / 10. November
Moving the Poultry Supplier Base towards EurepGAP
FEDERATION OF MIGROS COOPERATIVES, Zurich Switzerland Johann Züblin
IFA – CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004
Aim:
All poultry products are EurepGAP certified until 31. 12. 2006
Including fresh poultry meat purchased via platforms and suppliers
▶ including processed poultry meat (fresh meat for Ham)
Not included at the moment, poultry meat for convenience products



Handout Nº 08, Johann Zueblin



IFA - CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004

Existing systems

Migros has a highly integrated food Industry

Optigal is the Migros own poultry production unite based in Switzerland

hatchery (1 unite)

production (300 affiliated farmers)

- 1 slaughterhouse (Optigal)
- 1 production unite for organic fertiliser (Optisol)

Imports

Europe:

D, F, DK, PL, H,

Future:

Brazil

MIGROS

Migros, Switzerland Page 2 of 6



Handout Nº 08, Johann Zueblin

IFA - CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004

Existing Q-systems

Migros own guide lines for food safety in meat and meat products

Swiss production runs under the M 7 – label program and Migros – Bio

Migros guide lines for poultry production for import products

Certification of the transforming industry (GFSI – standards)

MIGROS

IFA - CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004

Problems for import products

Implementation of Migros guide lines is difficult
Efficient controlling is not possible
Migros guide lines are very similar to the EU guide lines

Migros alone can not guaranty the safety of the products

Migros does not want to accept the situation

MIGROS____

Migros, Switzerland Page 3 of 6



Handout Nº 08, Johann Zueblin

IFA - CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004

Implementation

All suppliers of poultry products have been informed about the approach EurepGAP

The M 7 program guidelines have been adapted (level II EurepGAP plus additional Migros conditions)

Defined an external certification for the M 7 program

Active participation of FoodPlus in the

After Amsterdam meeting

all suppliers will be informed about the implementation of EurepGAP poultry production for Migros

Define the organisation in-house for the management MIGROS

7

IFA - CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004

Focus points

- The control and certification bodies are not yet ready
- Big companies do often have their own standards possibility for benchmarking?
- Chain-of-Custody is a major issue, mainly for the transforming industry
- the poultry industry is not yet aware about the EurepGAP standard

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Page 4 of 6



Handout N° 08, Johann Zueblin

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Remarks 1			Devo , le
Migros will implement the EurepGAP standard	for poultry	no ve	of de
• EurepGAP will be THE GAP standard for Migr	os	Just with	*
	۵	er ero sol	
Next products or industries are:	150	So Ook	
• Fish	(2005)	An UD	-
Dairy (certain products, ex. imported cheese)	(?)	90	
• Eggs	(?)		
 Cattle and pigs (ex. Production not included in 	label programs	s)	
Coffee, tea, cacao, etc.	(2005 / 2006)		
Combinable crops	(?)		
/IIGROS	, , , ,	9	

IFA - CONFERENCE AMSTERDAMM 09. / 10. November 2004

Remarks 2

- Include the Migros Industry and their suppliers of agricultural products
- Include the convenience products
- · Include other sectors ex. restaurants

MIGROS_____1

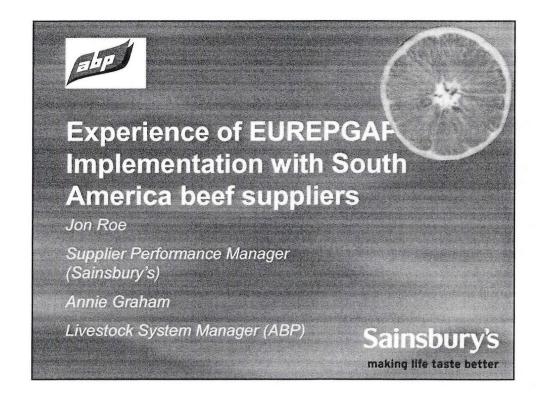


Handout No 08, Johann Zueblin

Remarks 3	
Migros will be using standards where ever possible	
Migros does not develop own standards	
Migros is actively participating in developing standards	
Other retailers are welcome to join us !!!	

Migros, Switzerland Page 6 of 6

Handout No 10, Jon Roe



Introduction to Sainsbury's

- J Sainsbury plc is a leading UK food retailer with interests in financial services.
- Founded in 1869.
- 721 retail outlets.
 - Comprises supermarkets and convenience stores (Bells and Jackson's Stores)
- Employs 150,000 people.
- 14 million customers served each week.

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Sainsbury's, UK Page 1 of 20

Handout No 10, Jon Roe

Mission

- Sainsbury's stands for great quality at affordable prices. Our objective is simple - to serve customers well.
- That means we continually improve our product ranges, develop new offerings and ensure we respect the environment and communities in which we operate.

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Sainsbury's quality heritage



Sainsbury's making life taste better



Partnership with ABP

- First supplied Sainsbury's in 1964 with carcass beef.
- Over two decades of experience with Producer Groups.
- Sainsbury's Partnership in Livestock scheme started with farmers supplying cattle for Traditional beef
- Track record of innovation and product development:
 - Premium (extra matured) Traditional beef developed in 1980s
 - Centrally packed (modified atmosphere) meat launched 1996.
 - DNA traceability applied to all Traditional cattle from 1999.
 - ☐ Taste the Difference 21 day matured beef launched 2003.
- ABP is Sainsbury's largest red meat supplier.

Sainsbury's

making life taste better

Innovation in practice



Sainsbury's

making life taste better



Technical Policy for Meat Sourcing

SAINSBURY'S

PRODUCT INTEGRITY AND SAFETY

TECHNICAL POLICY FOR MEAT SOURCING

A sourcing policy for all meats used in Sainsbury's own-brand foods (excluding pet foods)

Sainsbury's				
Reference	Issue Number	Authorised by	Date	Page Number
CC0006	3	Geoff Spriegel	November 01	Page 1 of 9

Sainsbury's making life taste better

General requirements for meat supply

- Supplier approval
- Specifications
- Traceability
- Livestock assurance
- Health Marking
- Control of Specified Risk Materials
- Sourcing of beef
- Sourcing of ovine and caprine meat
- Mechanically recovered meat (MRM)

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Sainsbury's, UK Page 4 of 20

Specific requirement for suppliers of Sainsbury's pre-packaged and service counter meat

 Must only come from Sainsbury's visited and approved slaughterhouses and cutting plants.

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Sainsbury's Partnership in Livestock Scheme

 The long term sustainable production, processing and supply of high quality product for the consumer in an open working relationship of good communication and cooperation throughout the supply chain.

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Sainsbury's Agricultural Technical Policies

- Sainsbury's is committed to sourcing all agricultural livestock products, including meat, to the same standards irrespective of country of origin.
- All primary meat must sourced through Partnership in Livestock agreements and in compliance with relevant Sainsbury's Agricultural Technical Policies.
- Agricultural Technical Policies drawn up in conjunction with experts from ADAS.

Policy scope and content

- Cover all livestock species relevant to Sainsbury's and encompass standard (intensive) and premium ('free range') husbandry methods.
- Issues covered include:
 - general scheme operations
 - -- introduction
 - origin of stock
 - health and biosecurity
 - nutrition and feedstuffs
 - housing
 - training
 - handling and transport
 - slaughter
 - environmental management

Sainsbury's

Application of Sainsbury's Agricultural Technical Policies

- Scale of challenge eg more than 20,000 UK farmers supply livestock for Sainsbury's beef and lamb.
- When Partnership in Livestock started, all had to be inspected by processor personnel.
- As industry farm assurance schemes have evolved, ongoing dialogue has permitted schemes that can demonstrate high compatibility with Sainsbury's Policy to be 'endorsed'.
- 'Premium' standards still require independent farm auditing.

Sainsbury's

What red meat livestock schemes have been endorsed?



Country Denmark Holland Eire Beef All AFS (Red **Bord Bia** Tractor) qualifying schemes DBMC UK IKB+ Pork All AFS (Red Contract additions Tractor) qualifying schemes All AFS (Red Lamb Tractor) qualifying schemes

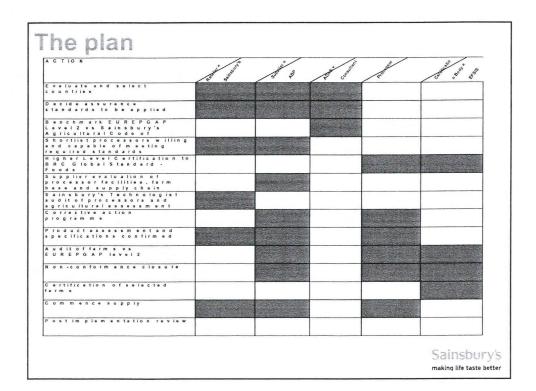
Sainsbury's



Why Sainsbury's decided to sell 'imported' beef

- Availability of British beef limited. CAP reform will place further restrictions on supply.
- Utilisation issues. Seasonal carcass imbalance as customer demand for steak meat exceeds fore-quarter/roasting cuts.
- To satisfy customer demand for value for money.

Sainsbury's making life taste better



Sainsbury's, UK Page 8 of 20

The Plan 1

- Evaluate and select countries
- Decide assurance standards to be applied
- Benchmark EUREPGAP Level 2 vs
 Sainsbury's Agricultural Code of Practice
- Shortlist processors willing and capable of meeting required standards
- Higher Level Certification to BRC Global Standard - Foods

Sainsbury's

The Plan 2

- Supplier evaluation of processor facilities, farm base and supply chain
- Sainsbury's Technologist audit of processors and agricultural assessment
- Corrective action programme
- Product assessment and specifications confirmed
- Audit of farms vs EUREPGAP level 2
- Non-conformance closure
- Certification of selected farms
- Commence supply

Sainsbury's

The Countries - Issues considered

- Cost and quality
- Disease
- Traceability
- Welfare/National standards
- Sector relationships
- Processing Technology/Appearance
- Standards in Abattoirs
- Environmental Degradation
- Corporate Social Responsibility

Sainsbury's making life taste better

The decision

Brazil and Argentina identified as providing greatest opportunities.

Sainsbury's making life taste better



Why did Sainsbury's decide to use the EUREPGAP standard?

- Sainsbury's success in fresh produce sector
 all sources EUREPGAP certified.
- No national standards in place and processor reluctance to apply retailer bespoke standard.
- Rigorous framework for benchmarking.
 Opportunity for harmonisation of assurance standards.
- Opportunity to influence and improve the standards and their implementation.
- Cost effective.

Sainsbury's making life taste better

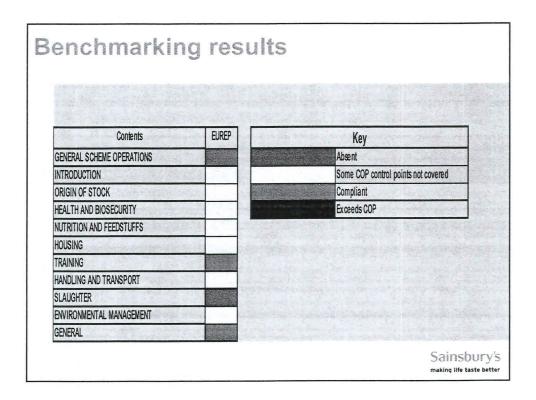
Benchmarking Sainsbury's Agricultural Code of Practice vs EUREPGAP and ABM (FABBL)

In depth review of the three standards undertaken in conjunction with experts from ADAS.

Heath Warning: Benchmarking performed against original EUREPGAP Standard which has been subsequently modified.

Sainsbury's making life taste better

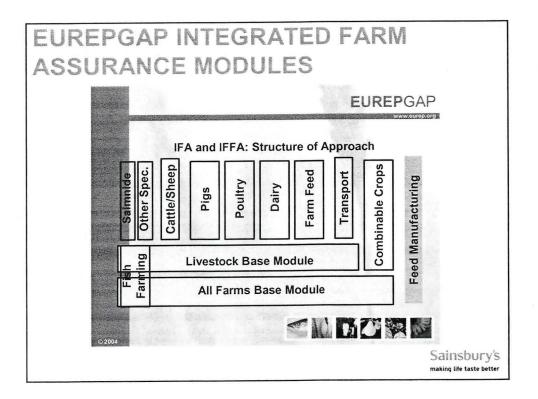
Sainsbury's, UK Page 11 of 20



Conclusion

- Not perfect but good starting point.
- Reinforced importance of participating in EUREPGAP Steering Group to increase compatibility.

Sainsbury's making life taste better



The History

- Ambition to deliver Sainsbury's own label imported beef
- To the equivalent standard of UK farm assurance
- EUREPGAP Level 2 identified as comparable
- EFSIS identified as auditing body
- Key partners identified in South America

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Sainsbury's, UK Page 13 of 20

Gap Analysis

- Pre-vetting undertaken by ABP in Nov 2003
- To evaluate current farm and factory standards
- To judge the potential for independent auditing
- Farm and Factory considered i.e. whole chain assurance
- Representative factories and farms visited in:

■Argentina	1
Brazil	

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Argentina - Processors



- 1. Processor A
- 2. Processor B

Part of the same Group

Situated in the Buenos Aires region

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Processor Assessments

Processor A

- slaughtering 900 head of cattle per day
- · de-boning approximately half of this
- the remainder shipped to their sister plant

Processor B

- slaughters 2000 head of cattle per day
- de-bones approximately 4,500 fore and hindquarters

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Processor Assessment

- Hygiene standards were generally good
- Equipment and fabric was to a high standard
- Carcass quality and consistency was high
- Animal welfare standards were very high
- Prepared to apply Sainsbury's specification to enhance eating quality eg hip suspension

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Argentina - Farm Assessment



- · Generally family run breeder/finishing units
- Main breeds Angus & Hereford
 - Animals slaughtered at 24 months
 - Average weight 260 280 kg
 - Animal welfare standards very high
- Enhanced by extensive, outdoor production methods

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Brazil - Processors



- Processor C
 situated in the
 Mato Grosso Do Sul region
- Processor D situated in the Sao Paulo region

Sainsbury's

Processor Assessments

Processor C

- slaughtering 930 head of cattle per day
- · de-boning all product on site

Processor D

- slaughtering 930 head of cattle per day
- · de-boning all on site
- approved for EU export

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Processor Assessments

- · Hygiene standards were generally good
- Equipment and fabric was good
- Animal welfare standards were high
- Both plants have achieved BRC Higher Level
- Prepared to apply Sainsbury's specification to enhance eating quality eg hip suspension

Sainsbury's

making life taste better

Sainsbury's, UK Page 17 of 20

Brazil - Farm Assessment

- · Large scale businesses, corporately owned
- · Visit to breeder farm and feed lot
- Main breeds Nelore
 20% of national herd crossbred with beef breeds
 Animals slaughtered at 36 months
 Average weight 240 – 280 kg
- Animal welfare standards good

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Farm Non-Conformances

- Selection of breeder / finishing units imperative to ensure traceability and lifetime farm assurance (Level 2)
- Predominantly Farm Module 1
- No recognised transport assurance scheme
- No recognised feedstuffs assurance scheme
- Lack of local legislation

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Sainsbury's, UK Page 18 of 20

Farm Non-Conformances

- .2.1 Record keeping
 - Health & Safety / Training
 - Plans & inventories
- •2.2 Chemical Storage
- 2.3 Medicine Storage
- •2.4 Feedstuffs
- •2.5 Transport

All could be rectified with documentary evidence

Sainsbury's

making life taste better

Issues with the EUREPGAP standard

- Transport module undeliverable
- Some of the standard is 'Not Applicable' which was not an option for inspectors
- Due to the natural system of production: **Livestock Housing** Feedstuffs are often not applicable
- Lack of local legislation
- Translation of standards

Sainsbury's making life taste better

The Results

- All partnering factories BRC Higher Level
- 8 farms certified in Argentina
- 5 farms certified in Brazil
- Argentina rolling out to further 15 farms
- Brazil rolling project out to further 15 farms

Sainsbury's making life taste better

Conclusion

- EUREPGAP is a viable means of assuring livestock in South America.
- Local Certification Body resource currently limited but expanding.
- The standard is sound but needs to be modified in some areas.
- Distinct benefits in retailers standardising their agricultural assurance requirements by reference to EUREPGAP/benchmarked equivalent.

Sainsbury's

How does EurepGAP fit into the McDonald's Quality Standard?

Dr. Reinhard Kaeppel
Head of Quality Assurance - McDonald's Europe
Amsterdam, 9 November 2004

EUREPGAP



McDonald's and Agriculture

- How do we fit together?
- · beginning and end of chain
- a long way between the green fields & the Golden Arches
- difficult for both to always keep the needs of the other in mind







McDonald's ...



EUREPGAP



McDonald's

- Global leader for Quick Service Restaurants
- very strong BRAND
- · directly linked to the consumer
- serving 47 million customers every day world wide, over 10 million in Europe
- 1.5 million employees system wide



2003 results



		Transcented
	Sa	00
-	1)0	4

 Franchised and affiliated sales 	\$ 33.137
 Company-operated sales 	\$ 12.795
 Total system wide sales 	\$ 45.932

Restaurants

- USA	13.609
- Canada	1.339
- Europe	6.186
 Japan, Asia Pacific, Middle East 	7.475
 Latin America 	1.578
 Partner Brands (Boston Market, Chipotle) 	942
 Total system wide restaurants 	31.129

EUREPGAP



2003 volumes Europe



- Large quantities of agricultural products used last year (ca.):
- 150.000 tons beef
- 100.000 tons chicken
- 120.000 tons wheat
- 1.000.000 tons potatoes
- 80.000 tons produce



Agriculture



- Very decentralised, millions of individual farmers
- · going through many changes:
 - technical: high yield production methods, new growing areas for same crop, many more new varieties, GMOs, etc.
 - political, social and financial: subsidies, WTO, CAP, etc.

EUREPGAP



Agriculture



- Social changes re income and image
- many food scandals were related to agriculture and feed
- agricultural practices in focus of media interest, see animal welfare
- · paradigm shift in process:
 - from looking at the next in the chain to having the final consumer in mind



McDonald's and Agriculture

- Common link is the final customer the BOSS!
- everybody along the chain must have this focus
- we have a large base of farmers producing our raw materials (over 500.000 just for beef)
- must follow common quality systems

EUREPGAP



McDonald's Quality Standard

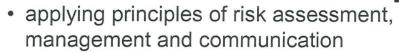
- How can agricultural quality systems be part of the Quality Standard of a restaurant chain?
- our founder gave us the direction: "Quality, Service, Cleanliness & Value"
- evolution over the years, going up the chain
- working with our direct suppliers as partners





McDonald's Quality Standard

- Ensuring that our customers consistently get safe and high quality food, in compliance with legislation
- proactive quality and food safety systems along the complete chain





EUREPGAP





McDonald's Quality Standard

- Besides the basics, today's consumers want more:
- full transparency of what is in the products, and full traceability of products history



 this includes to make sure that origin and production are aligned with high ethical and environmental standards



McDonald's Quality Standard

- Logically, the standard was expanded to include agricultural production
- started our McDonald's Agricultural Assurance Programme (MAAP) in 2001
- · original goals were
 - to improve agricultural production of raw materials used in our products,
- to fully include food safety & quality systems right from the beginning EUREPGAP





MAAP



- MAAP is more than a quality system for agricultural production, or about having more influence on primary SC
- it gives us the opportunity to support sustainable agriculture
- to ensure ethically acceptable growing conditions for animals and crops
- to demonstrate social responsibility
 EUREPGAP





MAAP



- MAAP is our internal reference
- screening existing quality schemes for coverage of our requirements
- increasing % of raw materials from compatible schemes over time
- working with scheme owners to increase common areas with MAAP

EUREPGAP



Standards for Agriculture



- Standards must be clear and transparent, for users to follow and to communicate, in order to build customer confidence
- verification through audits by credible third party is required
- long term view must be applied, with opportunity for training and improvement
- all above covered with IFA standard



EurepGAP & MAAP

- IFA is very compatible with our internal MAAP standards
- therefore, we welcome the Integrated Farm Assurance Standard for livestock and combinable crops
- we are supporting to make IFA the reference standard for benchmarking
- differences with existing national
 schemes need to be made transparent

 EUREPGAP

EurepGAP & MAAP

- · MAAP standards are in 3 levels
 - 1. legal requirement
 - 2. required McDonald's target
 - -3. future requirements
- when screening other schemes, we compare with 1 + 2
- · similarly structured like IFA requirements



EurepGAP & MAAP

- EurepGAP and IFA belong to the preferred schemes/standards for our raw material sources
- as a result, we see more supplies coming from EurepGAP approved sources
- need multilateral recognition of standards and alignment of interpretation what compliance means

EUREPGAP

EurepGAP & MAAP

- EurepGAP guidelines for accreditation are role model
- many certification bodies accredited for IFA standard
- will include important module on feed
- future goals are included in the IFA standard, the objective of supporting a sustainable agriculture must be visible



Changes at McDonald's

- · Our customers want more choice
- more new products needed, however, there needs to be a strategy
- want to remain best in class in the hamburger category, but need to open up ... with a new concept:





EUREPGAP

i'm lovin' it...

More choice - Salads Plus

VITALITY

TASTE



EUREPGAP



I I I



Why more choice is needed

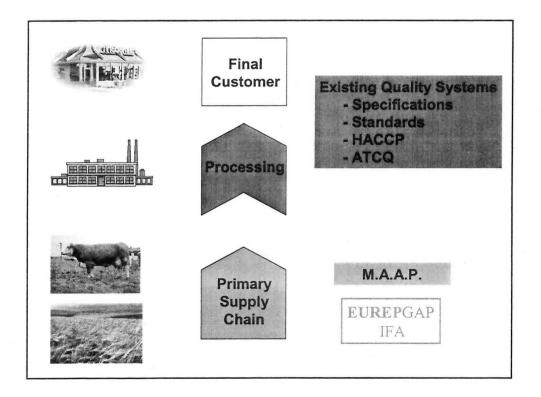
- Improve perception about nutritional quality of McDonald's food
- address the growing 'fat' & 'obesity' issues' - doing 'the right thing'
- give people 'permission' to come to us more often
- strengthen leadership position





Future wishes

- · To have less audits per producing unit
- · harmonising, combining audits
- promote IFA as strong audit standard, as model for pre-farm gate area
- covering general objectives of social accountability
- recommendations for sustainable agriculture changing into requirements







Thanks EurepGAP

&

Thanks for your attention!



Food safety certification schemes arable crops

The Netherlands (NL)

dr. ir. A. Dewi Hartkamp
Product Boards Arable Products
Product Board GSP

ir. Irma Schönherr Q-point BV



Hartkamp EurepGAPIFA 101104

.

Food safety certification schemes arable crops

The Netherlands (NL)

Part 1:

dr. ir. A. Dewi Hartkamp

Product Boards Arable Products
Product Board GSP



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2

Product Boards Arable Products

Characteristics

- decentralisation→self-regulation
- under public law: Statutory Trade
 Organisations / Public Regulatory Bodies
- · established by farmer, trade, industry
- · employers and employees
- · implementation CAP regulations
- autonomous tasks (info, food safety, quality, collective projects: research, working conditions)



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3

Product Boards Arable Products

- Main Board Arable Products
 - Committee on Potatoes
 - Committee on Coffee and Tea
 - Committee on Flax
 - Committee on Arable Affairs
- · Product Board Grains, Seeds and Pulses
- Product Board Animal Feed
- Product Board Wine



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Arable Crop Sector NL

- 2 million ha under cultivation (60%)
 1 m ha grassland; 0.8 m ha arable crops
- · Potatoes, grains, sugar beets
- 25 000 Enterprises
 production, trade, processing
 16 b €; added value 5,5 b €; export 5,8 b €
- Long production chains
- Strong feed sector by-products



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.

History FSCS arable crops NL

- Bottom-up initiative: farm quality assurance 1997
 Uniform recording, agricultural regulations; first certificate:1999
- · HACCP arable crop farms 2001
- First crop scheme potatoes 2002
 2002-2003 sugar beets, grains/seeds/pulses processed vegetables, feed GMP
- · Whole production chain
- Scope: HACCP based, food safety,hygiene, calamities, uniform registration, regulation

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7

Implementation

Crop	Goal	Status 2004
Potatoes (chips)	100% harvest 2003	100%
Potatoes (starch)	100% harvest 2005	65%
Sugar beets CSM	100% harvest 2003	100%
Sugar beets COSUN	100% harvest 2005	85%
Grains/seeds/pulses	100% harvest 2005	15-20%
Proces Vegetables	100% harvest 2005	100%
GMP feed PS	100% harvest 2006	



 Awareness developed in early stage Certification process in full progress

Hartkamp EurepGAPIFA 101104

Handout Nº 12/1, Dewi Hartkamp

Activities and developments

- FSCS arable crops consultation group
- Regulation
 - General Food Law 178/2002/EG ao 2005
 - Integrated crop protection ao 2005
 - Food Hygiene 2004/852/EG ao 2006

Harmonisation

- Towards 1 FSCS scheme NL
- GFSI / EurepGAP IFA (farm+CC)
 - Member; active in technical committee
 - Primary focus to ensure food safety in IFA



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FSCS and EurepGAP IFA

- Content matter minimal
 - FSCS food safety, hygiene, regulation
 - EurepGAP IFA food safety, hygiene, welfare, working conditions, environment
 - Relevancy Netherlands, regulation
- Audit structure and certification
 - FSCS all required; EN45004, 1 or 3 years
 - EurepGAP IFA % conformity; EN45011;
 PMO; yearly



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Handout No 12/1, Dewi Hartkamp

Part 1: Conclusions and future

- NL: awareness+certification FS advanced stage
- FSCS or EurepGAP IFA?
 - production chains
 - market demand

place for both!

- · GFSI 'Certified once accepted everywhere'
- · EurepGAP IFA as GFSI standard
- Benchmark FSCS EurepGAP IFA

→ Part 2: The case of potatoes...



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"Food safety certification systems for arable crops in the Netherlands". Part 2: The case of potatoes

Irma Schönherr, Q-point (The Netherlands)

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Programme

- · Potato growing for processing
- The food safety certificate for potato processing
- Why an interest in EUREPGAP?
- Benchmark results with EUREPGAP IFA

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Q-Point: Mission and Products



- Q-Point is an independent advisory organisation, specialised in food safety, traceability, marketing and quality systems in agri-business
- Customers: growers, suppliers, traders packers, supermarkets, government, product boards
- HACCP, ISO 9000, BRC, IFS, EUREPGAP, QS

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Q-Point and EUREPGAP



- EUREPGAP associate member
- TSC-meetings EUREPGAP Fruits and Vegetables and review in 2003
- TSC EUREPGAP IFA for All farm and Combinable Crops modules
- NL national platform Fruits and Vegetables and IFA
- Benchmarking food safety certificate potato processing certificate with EUREPGAP and GFSI

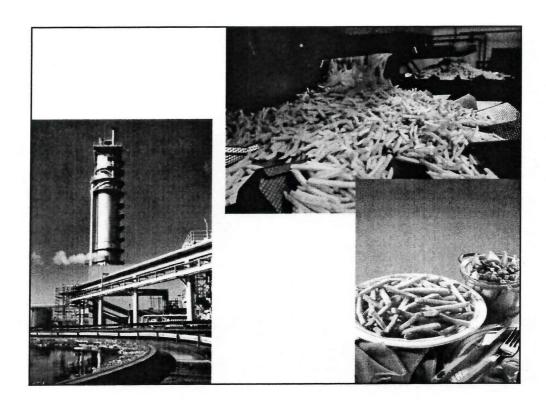
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Potato processing

- A Dutch base; about 12 processors
- 3 million tons potatoes/year
- Export oriented business: 90% abroad
- In NL: 50% of potatoes into processing
- International sourcing: growers in NL/B/Fr/Germany

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VVA/food safety certificate

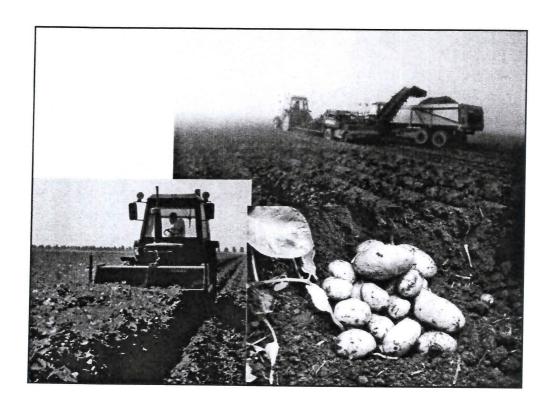
· History: started in 2001

Based on risk analysis (Codex)

• 2004: 95%, 2005: 100%

 2005: adjusted to EUREPGAP and General Food Law

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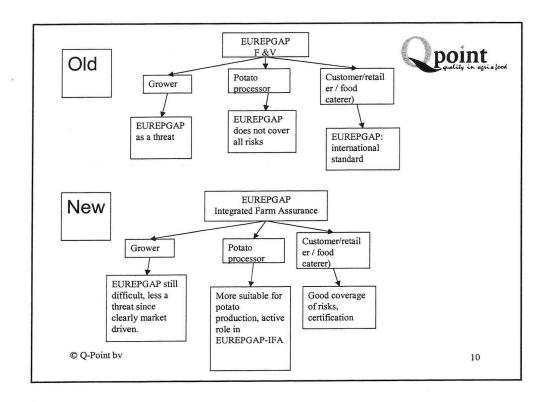


Benchmark results VVA-EUREPGAP IFA



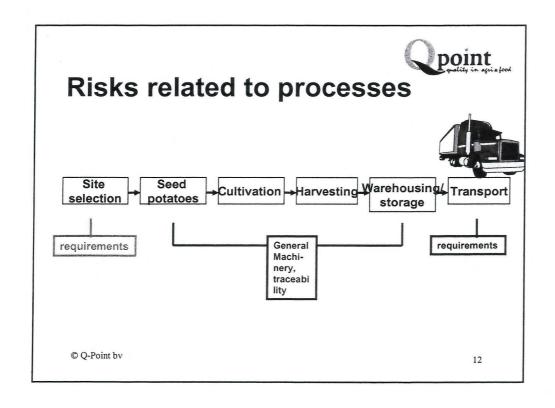
- VVA covers 80% of EUREPGAP, in 2005 more
- · Differences:
 - Scope!
 - Training and safety workers
 - Waste management
 - Storage pesticides/fertilizers
 - Cleaning records
- · But: in NL many criteria already in legislation
- VVA+: compost, storage: cooling equipment, thermometers, pets/birds

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Auditing and monitoring process



- Inspection (EN 45004) by independent inspection bodies
- 1,1 physical inspection, 1 documentary inspection (crop records)
- Residue monitoring (15% of growers)
- Crop records to be sent to IB by grower

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Bottlenecks EUREPGAP



- Acceptance/motivation of arable growers
- · Costs of certification
- · Administrative "burden"
- · Really based on risk assessment?

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Conclusion

Implementation of food safety standard for growers:

- Requires a period for acceptance
- · Communication to growers needed
- Equivalence to EUREPGAP is possible

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Information

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Implementation of the Quality Assurance System "EurepGAP IFA Dairy"

Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria, Germany



Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

The organization

Bayerische Landesanstalt für Landwirtschaft



Ernährungswirtschaft

Bavarian State Research Center for Agriculture,
Department for Quality Assurance and –Management in
Agriculture and Food Economy



Handout Nº 13, Anton Kreitmeir

Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

The pilot facility



Achselschwang
Bavarian training-, testing- and knowledgecenter
for livestock husbandry
in dairy and cattle production on grassland



Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

The project

- 56.000 dairy farms with 1.300.000 dairy-cows in Bavaria
- Milk is the major branch of production in Bavaria (28% of the production value of all in Bavarian farms)
- 25 % of Bavarian dairy-farms already join QM-Milch (up to 50 % estimated in 2005)
- 14.000 farms join Q&S (Qualität und Sicherheit Rindfleisch) and GQ (Geprüfte Qualität – Bayern bei Rindfleisch)



Baver, Landesanstalt f
ür Landwirtschaf

Handout No 13, Anton Kreitmeir

Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

Operation breakdown

- 1. Presentation of modules 1, 3 and 9 to the responsible farm manager
- 2. Discussion about criterias between our department and the responsibles for livestock husbandry (Mr. R. Höfler) and safety (Mr. G. Gretz)
- 3. Pre-Audit by our department with afterwards identification of major issues together with the management
- 4. Consultance on the major issues by the department
- 5. Collaborative discussion and review on specific and unsolved problems with Dr. K. Möller
- Next step is an certification-audit by a cb within the next 4 months



Anton Kreitmeir

Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria Major issues spotted in the pre-audit

- Staff-trainings on health, safety and hygiene on food and work are not implemented yet
- Documentations (VHP, health, safety and hygiene, written risk assessment, ...) are not carried out yet or only managed fractional
- Missing things according to the issues above:
 - warning signs at hot spots (safety, hygiene, health, staff welfare)
 - health and safety guides
 - manufacturers data sheets
 - contingency plan (loss of power, water, ...)
 - staff training and training records
 - field documentation
 - documentation about maintenance and calibration from machines for chemical substances



LfL - Bayer. Landesanstalt für Landwirtschaft

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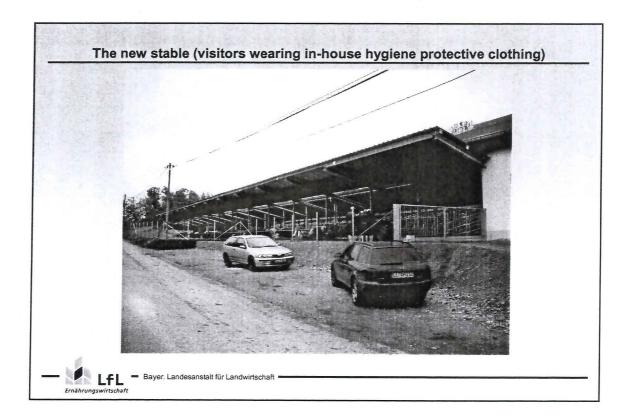
Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

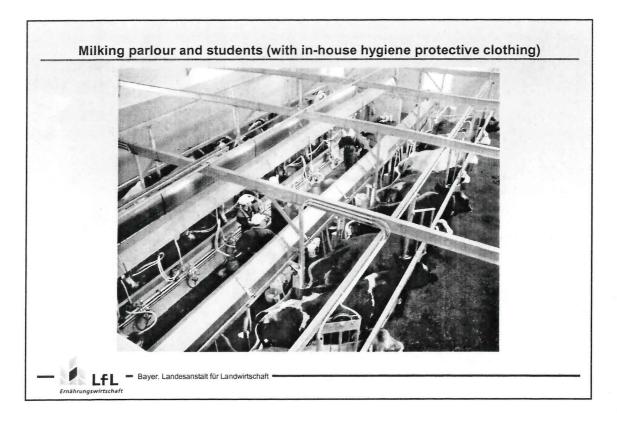
Solutions

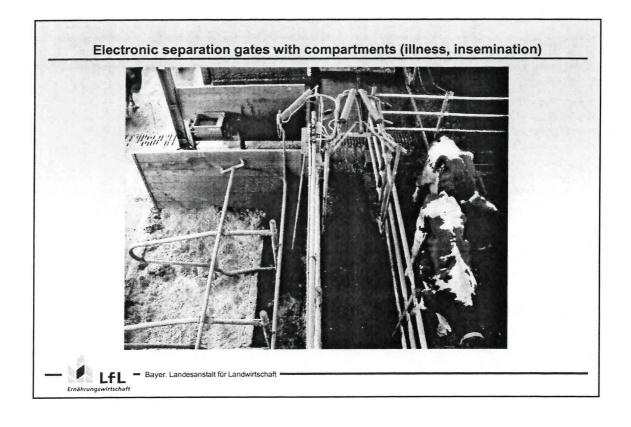
- Safety training will be held in cooperation with consultance from the agricultural accident prevention & insurance association
- Written risk assessment will be created in cooperation with an engineering consultant
- Food safety and hygiene records and instructions are getting enlarged according to new laws (traceability!) The responsible persons will hold employee trainings at regular intervals (1/2 hour weekly during off-harvesting-time)
- Other records have to be built up
 - e.g. manufaturers data sheets, calibration records, extended field documentation





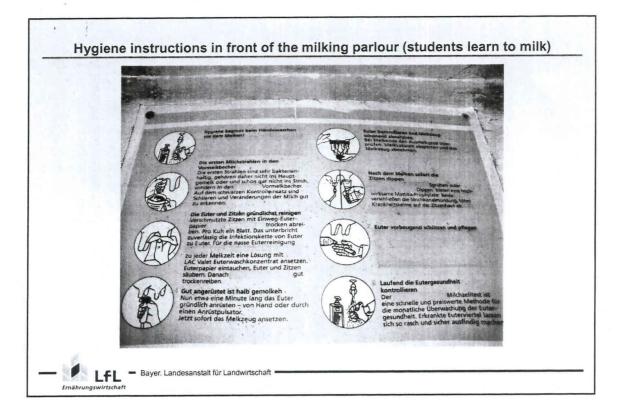
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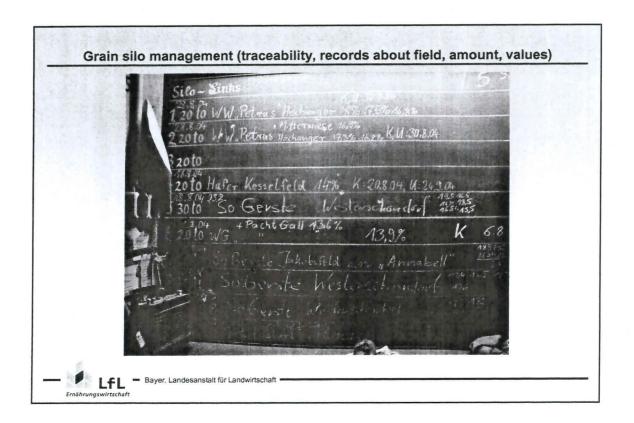




EUREPGAP

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Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

Outstanding Questions:

- Very large documentation, especially for familiy farms (typical in bavaria)
- Fractional a hard understandability (based on translation these problems will be solved by-and-by)
- Rather high costs compared to the present situation (dairy companies ask for QM-Milch, which is not certificable but with audits every three years, costs taken over by dairy companies)
- Many farms already join QM-Milch, Q&S, GQ Bayern and in case of mixed farming for example EurepGAP potatoes and/or regional market programs – the need of harmonization to economize costs is at an all time high



Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

What is extra helpfully - a practitioner's valuation

- Staff training to improve work quality and working conditions
- Records about machinery service and calibration
- Systematisation of quality management
- Documentation might be helpful for new standards (new legislation)
- The total-farm-view can help to get better contexts between livestock, tillage, food-safety and staff-health





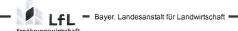
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Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

Conclusion

- Need of harmonization at least on the level of certification to economize costs
- Harmonization also on the level of documentation to economize efforts on working time (especially in Bavarian typical family farms)
- •Need of preprints to ease and lighten documentation (perhaps from the CB themselves)
- IFA-documents have to get easier to understand (will solve byand-by)
- Overall many issues can be helpful instruments for practitioners

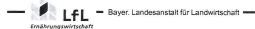


Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

Forecast

- Our department works on a detailled comparison between QM-Milch and EurepGAP IFA Dairy
- We plan to implement IFA Dairy in 10 Bavarian family-farms to get solutions for this typical farms
- Further we are part of a German working group about a total farm documentation system including documentations and criterias of all relevant quality system



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Results of a Dairy Pilot Audit in Bavaria

Anton Kreitmeir

Advance notice:

first market forum

"quality assurance and –management in agriculture and food economy from variety to one scheme"

Landshut, Germany, 25th November 2004

Bavarian State Research Center for Agriculture, Institute for Food-Economy and Market, www.lfl.bayern.de





Reduction of mycotoxins in cereals through an Integrated Crop Management approach

Dr. Alfons Sagenmüller

EUREPGAP - Integrated Farm Assurance Conference Amsterdam, The Netherlands November 9th - 10nth 2004

· Slide 1

Content

What is Fusarium

What does Fusarium affect

What are Mycotoxins

What can be done in the field - ICM

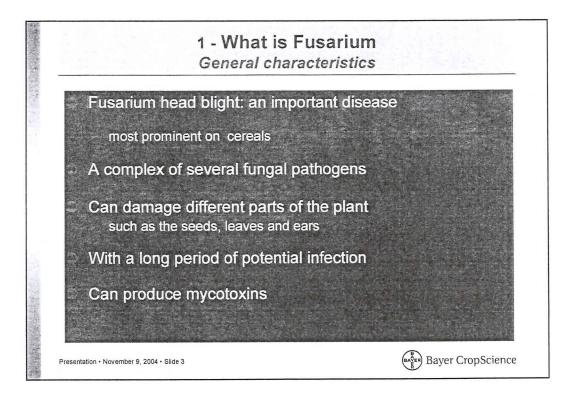
How can Bayer CropScience help

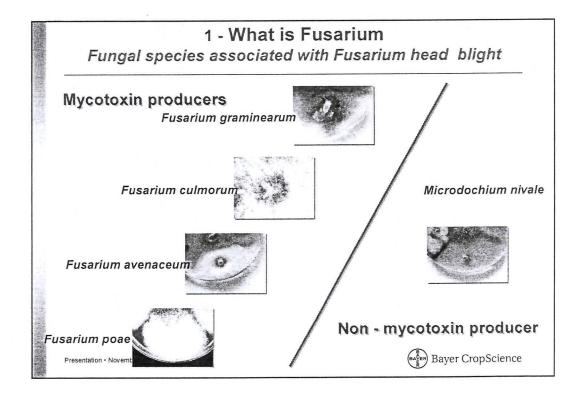
Conclusions

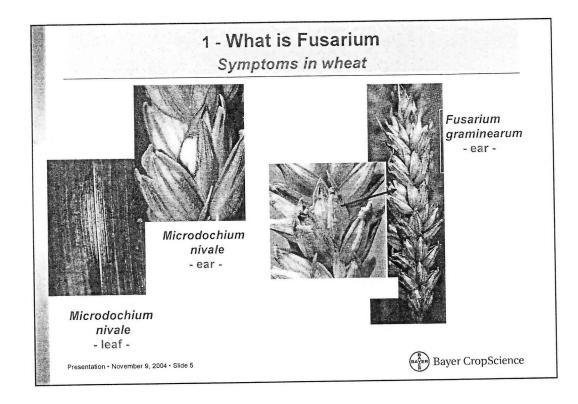
Presentation • November 9, 2004 • Slide 2

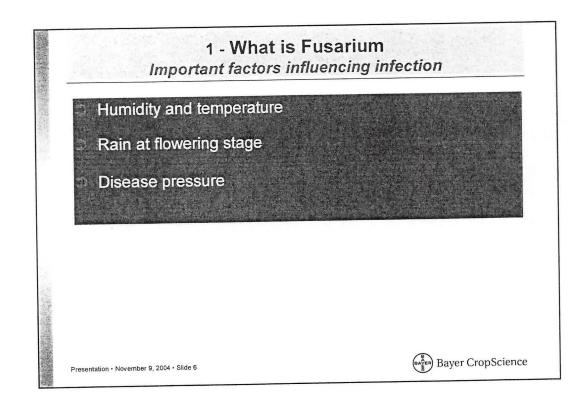


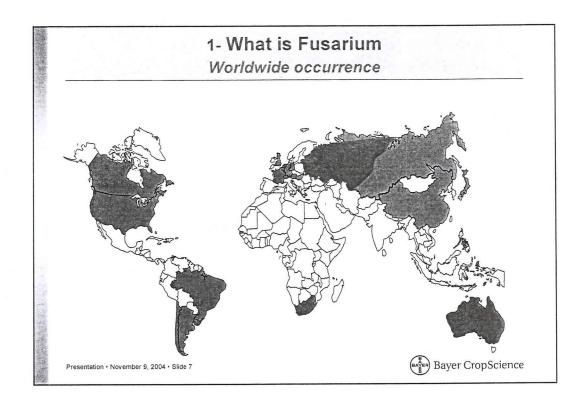
Bayer CropScience

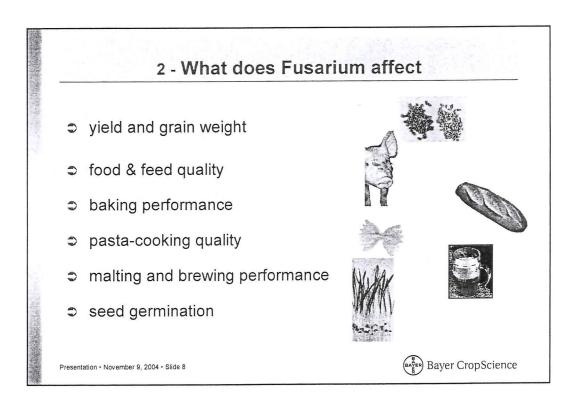




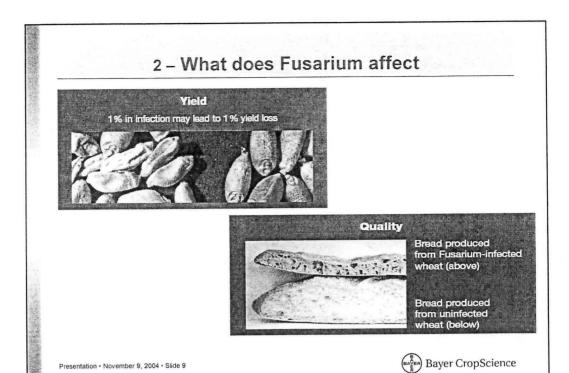


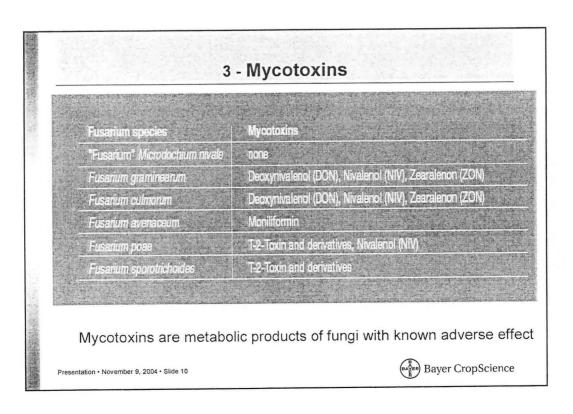














3 - Mycotoxins Regulatory aspects

New regulation on mycotoxin concentrations in Germany* as DON in µg/kg or ppb

in wheat

max 500

in bakery:

max 350

in baby food :

max 100

Regulation in Europe expected for 2005/6

Presentation • November 9, 2004 • Slide 11



3 - Mycotoxins

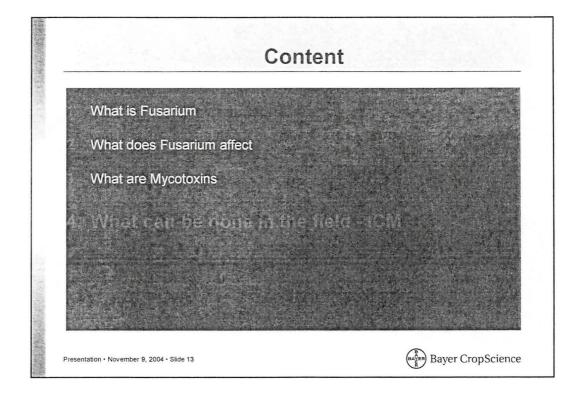
- Establishment of maximum levels on European level
- Assessment of contamination in grain
- Storage, blending and traceability
- Allocation of costs

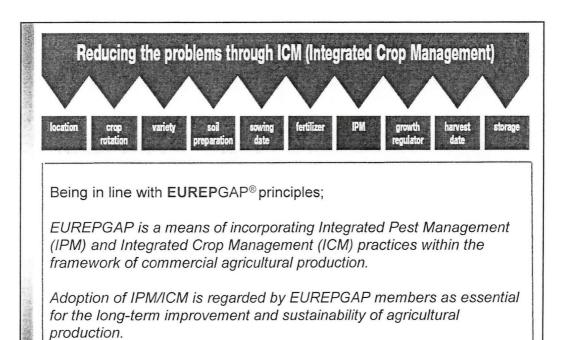
Presentation • November 9, 2004 • Slide 12



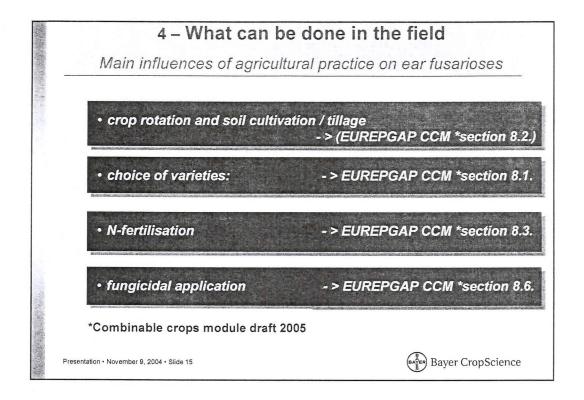
Bayer CropScience

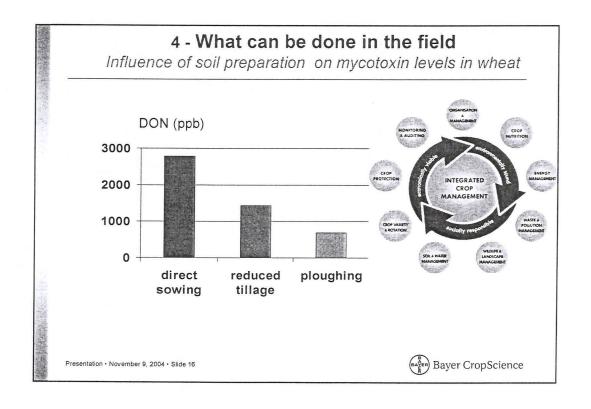
^{*} valid since Feb 13, 2004. Transitional phase until Sep, 1st, 2005

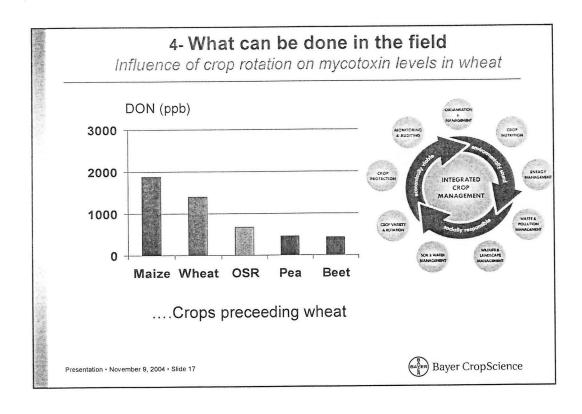


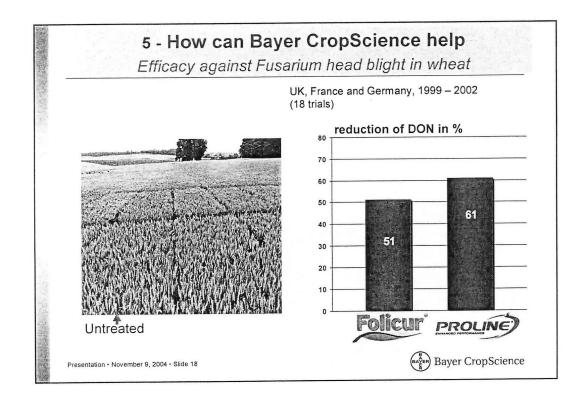




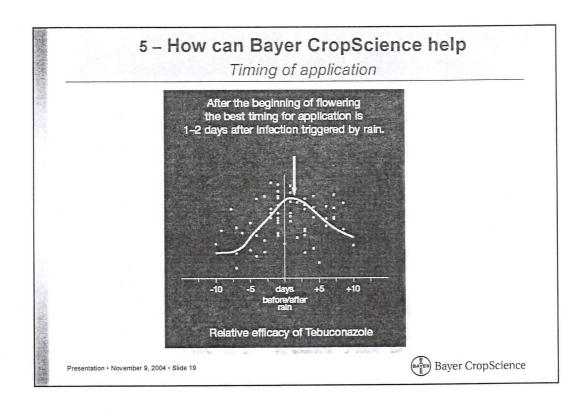


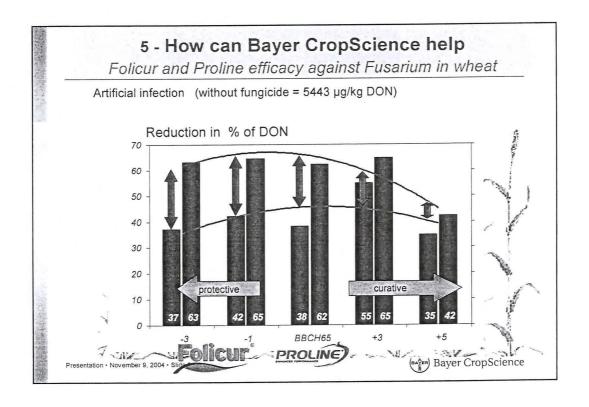












6 - Conclusions

The occurence of Fusarium head blight can be reduced through an ICM approach

to a large extent through crop rotation, variety choice, adequate soil preparation

Fungicide treatment is part of the solution in an IPM approach taking into account

Good prognosis

Appropriate timing of application

Appropriate application technique

Presentation • November 9, 2004 • Slide 21



6 - Conclusion

Fungicides, especially Proline and Folicur control all important Fusarium species

Mycotoxin contamination can be reduced by 50 - 60 % in average





Presentation • November 9, 2004 • Slide 22







Thank you very much for your kind attention.

· Slide 2

Interfaces between Feed and Food Safety Assurance

Product Board Animal Feed, The Netherlands Johan den Hartog | Secretary-General

> EUREPGAP Conference Amsterdam, November 2004



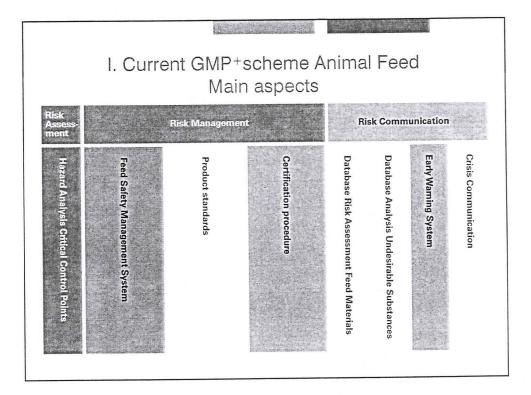




Content

- Current GMP+ scheme Animal Feed
- International developments Feed & Food
 Safety Assurance
- III. Possible interconnections GMP+ and EUREPGAP

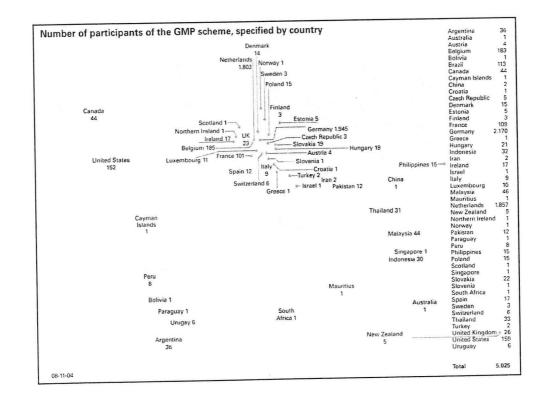




- I. Current GMP+scheme Animal Feed Characteristics after redesign
- ☐ Structure of and management requirements according ISO 9001:2000
- □ HACCP ~Codex, Principles of Food Hygiene, CAC/RCP 1999
- ☐ Additional generic control measures (prerequisite programs)
- ☐ Contains all elements of General Food Law (HACCP, T&T, recall)
- Covers whole feed chain from cultivation till feeding and all stages in between

- I. Current GMP+scheme Animal Feed Characteristics after redesign
- ☐ Third party certification (accreditation according EN 45011) by independent certification bodies
- Harmonisation / technical training auditors / uniform certification criteria, etc
- Supporting activities: databases
 - 1. Analytical results
 - 2. Risk assessments feed materials
 - 3. Early warning system
 - 4. Crisis communication
 - 5. Companies / certification bodies
- Benchmark procedure for acceptance other feed standards / schemes







II. International developments General

International initiatives feed and food safety assurance:

- ☐ Feed & Food Safety Assurance initiatives
- ☐ EU feed and food hygiene regulation



II. International developments
Feed / food safety assurance initiatives

- ☐ EUREPGAP Integrated Farm Assurance
- □ BRC
- ☐ Qualität und Sicherheit
- ☐ Global Food Safety Initiative
- ☐ GMP+ scheme Animal Feed
- □ OVOCOM
- ☐ AIC / UKUSTA
- ☐ International Feed Safety Alliance
- ☐ European Feed manufacturers code FEFAC



II. International developments
International Feed Safety Alliance: IFSA



)vocom



Qualität und Sicherheit



Productschap Diervoeder



II. International developments IFSA

The IFSA brings together feed assurance system experts with the aim of:

Setting up a *common* safety assurance standard for the supply of *feed ingredients* internationally (including rules of certification)

Handout No 15, Johan den Hartog

II. International developments FEFAC

Fefac published:

European Feed Manufacturers Code (EFMC)

as guideline to support harmonized application of safety assurance in the compound feed industry in EU member states, including Application of IFSA feed ingredient standard



II. International developments EU regulation

EU Feed Hygiene Regulation (based on the European Food Law):

- □ Requires a mandatory HACCP bask risk analysis as part of a own-control system implemented, excluding home-mixing
- Encourages the development of voluntary code of good practice for all feed businesses



Handout Nº 15, Johan den Hartog

III. Interconnections Feed - EUREPGAP General

- Feed assurance indispensable part of IFA
- Avoiding duplication of current feed safety assurance systems
- Promoting development of international co-operation and international harmonisation regarding feed safety assurance
- Keep open possibility to co-operate with other (inter)national farm assurance schemes
- Using present infra-structure and expertise

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III. Interconnections Feed - EUREPGAP Proposal to link schemes

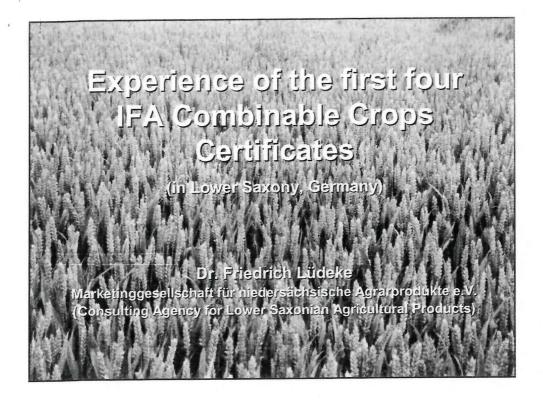
- Accept IFSA and its partners as important schemes owners as (highest) reference and its benchmark procedure (after review)
- Participation of EUREPGAP in IFSA expert committee
- Participation of IFSA in EUREPGAP expert or steering committee
- For co-ordination: joint working group

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Handout Nº 15, Johan den Hartog

	III. Connections GMP+ - EUREPGAP Proposal to link schemes
A	Actions:
(Get green light of boards of both organisations (1-1-2005)
[Establish Joint working group
[Carry out a review and
[Appoint members of steering / expert groups
	☐ Finale agreement: 1 October 2005



Legal requirements for Farmers (extract)

The farmer is:

- Part of the EU farm to table policy
- · Food business operator
- · Responsible for complying with legislation
- Responsible for traceability
- · Liable for his products

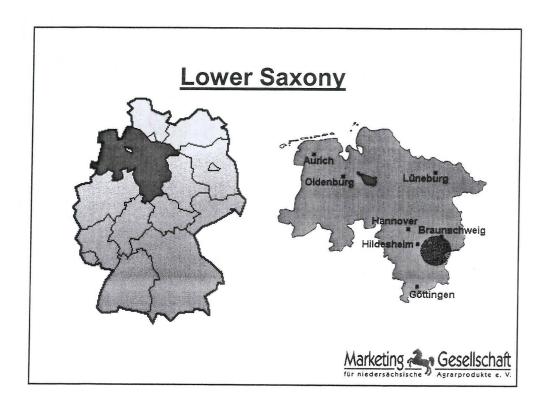


Safety

Freedom from unacceptable risk of harm

State in which the risk of harm (to persons) or damage is limited to an acceptable level DIN EN ISO 8402:1995





Lower Saxony:

Arable total 1.805.000 ha

Cereals total 1.060.000 ha

Winter Wheat 400.000 ha

Winter Barlay 200.000 ha

Potatoes 123.000 ha

Sugar Beet 117.000 ha

Marketing Gesellschaft

Gesellschaft

Agrarprodukte e. V.

Lower Saxony:

- Highest milling capacity in Germany
- Mills audited suppliers (traders) via a Consulting Company
- Traders are "encouraged" by the mills to audit their suppliers (farmers)



Project:

Quality Assurance Combinable Crops

- Farmer Co-operative with 12 members
- Farm size from 300 ha to 1.300 ha



Project:

Quality Assurance Combinable Crops

Steps:

- Introduction to Standard
- Standard, Forms, Legislation, etc. on CD
- Pre-Audit on one farm for all members
- 3-4 hours consulting on each farm
- Certification Audit



Project:

Quality Assurance Combinable Crops

Problems:

- New Standard
- Farmers skeptical about necessity of IFA
- First time (legal) requirements are checked
- First audit for the farmer



Project:

Quality Assurance for Combinable Crops

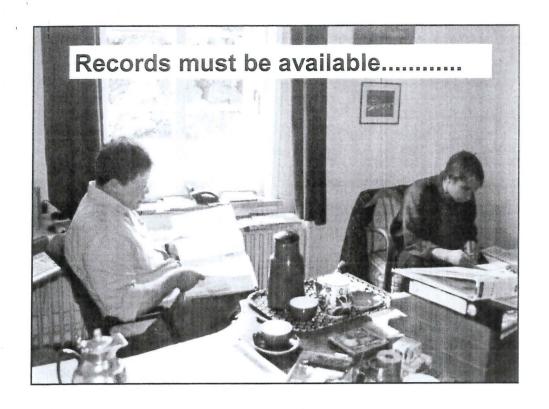
Situation on the Farms:

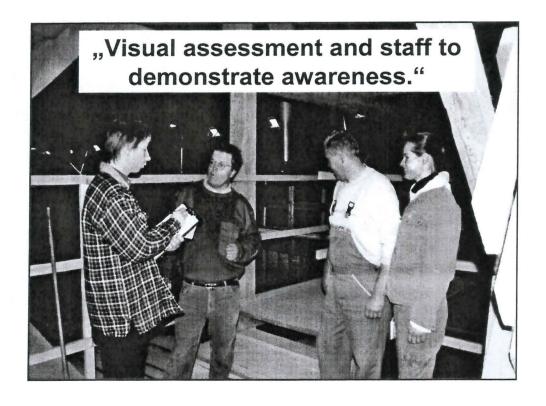
- Records with most information available
- Plant Protection Storage to be improved
- Signs and First Aid information to be introduced
- Self inspection: a new procedure

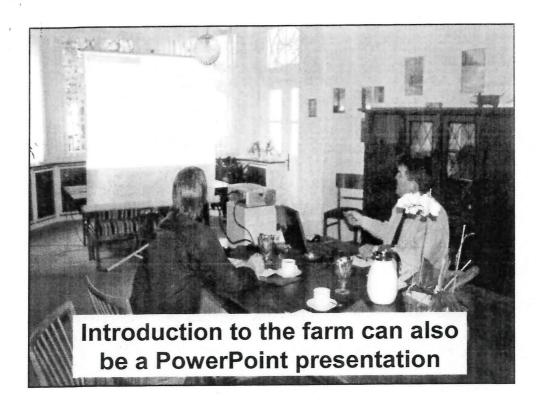


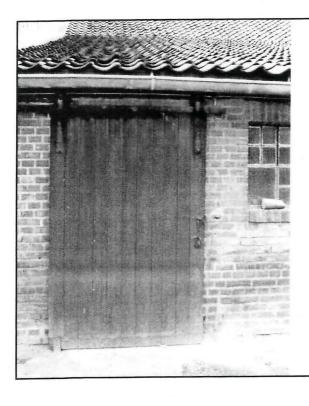
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Handout No 16, Dr. Friedrich Lüdeke









Plant Protection Product Store:

- sound
- secure
- frost resistant
- fire resistant





Plant Protection Product Store:

- sound
- secure
- frost resistant
- fire resistant

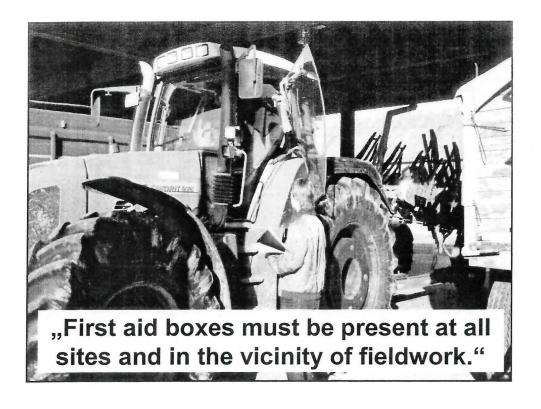


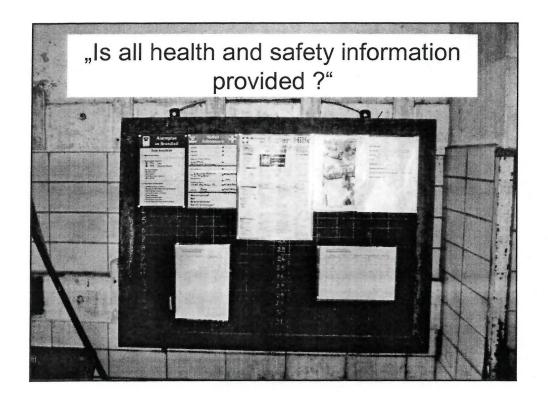


Plant Protection Product Store:

- well lit
- away from other materials
- shelves made of non-absorbent materials.....

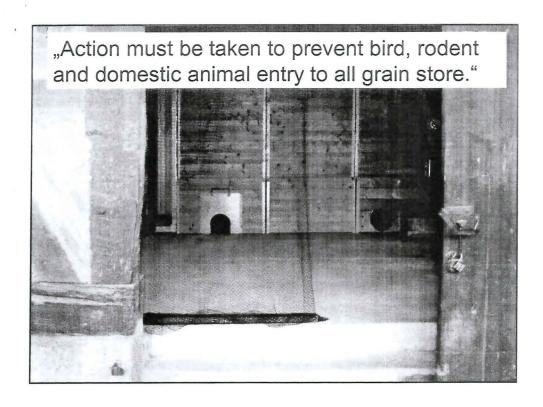






EUREPGAP

Handout N° 16, Dr. Friedrich Lüdeke





General Situation and Outlook

- Around 20 Certificates IFA Combinable Crops in Germany
- Mills are looking very closly at IFA
- Sugar Industry is looking very closly at IFA
- One audit for all farm products is the future





"Quality Assurance for wheat farmers: linking the North Dakota Perspective to EurepGAP"

Who am I?

- Catherine Pfennig Kate
- Co-Owner with my husband of KAP Custom Ag Services, Driscoll, ND, USA
- We have an agronomy centre that offers
 - Contract spraying
 - Contract fertilizer spreading
 - Retail of agricultural inputs
 - Consulting using Intensive Crop Management on
 - Wheat, Barley, Soybeans, Corn
 - Wife and mother to 2 young boys 6 & 3 years old



WHY ME?

- Have an Ag & Horticultural background from NZ, which depends heavily on export
- My grandfather farmed after returning from WW1 till his retirement
- Attended Lincoln University
- Extensively traveled as a young person in my twenties
- Came to the US in 1994 on holiday and met my now husband
 - We married
 - Invested in his business, personally and financially
 - Now try to keep it on the cutting edge of the industry
 - Passionate about our future, the children's and future of the Ag industry.
- So I look into the box from outside.

So Quality Assurance

Is the North Dakota Farmer Ready for EurepGAP?

- The quick answer
 NO North Dakota farmers are not ready for EurepGAP
- Quick response to how to motivate\$\$\$\$

If only it was all that simple

- It can be that simple but here are some of the points to understand about ND farmers.
- ND farmers believe & the consumer believe they already have the safest food supply in the world!
 - EPA
 - AG Dept
 - Health Dept
 - Food inspectors
- Right or wrong the USDA has done an excellent spin doctor effort on the public, that QA is already here, i.e.
 - Mad Cow came from Canada, so not a USA problem, a Canadian problem, US solution close the border.



- Rural attitudes towards mandated regulations are often not well received.
 - Freedom to think, act on the move is done with pride
 - Their own judge and jury
- Officials are treated with suspicion
 - Regulations prevent efficiency & common sense in an effort to protect ourselves from ourselves
 - Law suits are rife in the US
 - And yet, farmers will however, farm the government programs, often better than their own farms
- The US has a competitive advantage by the shear volume of its crop, thus keeping the cost of production & transportation low. QA potentially negates this competitive edge.

Responses from farmers I talked to about QA

- Why has the US in particular not been asked or encouraged to participate, as much as other countries, Mexico etc
- We don't export to Europe anyway
- Europe doesn't like GMO so can't export
- Know it needs to be addressed but don't have any idea what to do, when we did test for a QA readiness, we failed miserably

- Don't feel anything will be done until the issue is forced
- We are too distracted with the issue of GMO wheat at the moment, not even looking at the issue of QA
- Not a domestic concern as the US economy is so big it feels it doesn't have to export
- We need to watch that the industry doesn't become over regulated and drive farmers away.

A capitalistic economy

- Our farmers are less motivated by social and consumer issues than Europe and more by the price they will receive for their crop.
- Also their exposure to liability i.e. lawsuits
- It all comes down to price and dependability of market

On the topic of price

- There are direct new costs to the ND farmer if the EurepGAP protocols are implemented, some voluntary, others to meet protocols such as,
 - Liability Insurance
 - Analysis of organic fertilizers (8.3.2.3)
 - Analysis of heavy metals and contaminants (8.3.2.4)
 - Annual testing for leaching into groundwater (8.3.2.5)
 - Annual verification of fertilizer calibration (8.3.3.1)
 - Risk assessment of organic fertilizers (8.3.5.1)
 - Cost of the inspectors (8.6.4.2)
 - Keeping the crop segregated for export
 - And of course the paperwork.
- WHO WILL PAY OR ABSORB THESE COSTS?



ND Shoppers Unaware Of Modified Foods

Even though greery stotes carry a number of genetically modified food products, North Dakotans know very little about them.

Sixty-four percent of the North Dakotans nuestioned in a recent

survey died those what genetically modified organisms are Bwen after the questioner tolthem, only 37 percent said genetically modified foot is available a grocery stores although it is estimated that up to 70 percent or items on grocery store shelve contain genetically modified in

kots absoppers' perceptions about programment of the company when the company are consistent of agricultural programment of the company and the company are company and william Leach, as marketing produces at the United States of the Company and William Leach, as marketing professor at the United States of the Company and William Leach, as marketing professor as the United States of the Company and the Company a

breeding. The study is based on a telephone survey of 407 adulas who said they had done most of their households and they had some most of their households are sufficiently as the survey was conducted between Nov. 20 and Dec. 8. It has a margin of error of plus or minus 5 percent.

The North Daitots Farmers and Bureau's Young Farmers and

sioned the project.

The survey also found that:

8 83 percent think food labels should note whether the product contains genetically medified ingredients.

More than half would prefer

More than half would price buy genetically modified habut get or model and but get or model and the price of the price

modification to develop health benefits such as more nutritious grain to help poor countries (72 percent), hormones to help combat diabetes (65 percent), and wheat with vitamin A to prevent blindness (63 percent), while hormones for cows to produce

at 45 percent.

* Two-thirds of those polled approved of plants created using genetic modification, while 72 percent disapproved of genetical-

* 63 percent said they are not adequately informed about biotechnology and more than moderate regulation is necessary on genetic modification.

* The U.S. Deputment of Agriculture and university scientists ranked highest as sources of information.

credible.
Researchers say the survey results are consistent with national study findings, except that the North Dakota shoppers tended to be more secepting of genetically modified plants than other American

For a copy of the study, contact Carol Lensen at the Department of Agribusiness and Applied Economics, North Dakota State University, PO Box 5636, Fargo, NS 58105-5636, by phone (701) 221 7441, fax (701) 231-7400, or email at the following (clemen @ ndsuczi.nodak acid the study also is available online at https://doi.org/10.1003/journal.chi/sceele/Coone Press

In our local paper

This is a 26 page report, which shows a huge lack of general knowledge about GMO by even the shopping public in ND.

http://agecon.lib.umn.edu

Then type in for the search

North Dakota Shoppers Perceptions of Genetically Modified Organisms and Food: Results of a winter 2003 survey



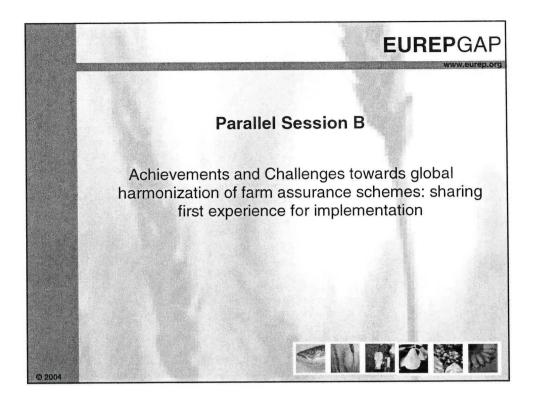


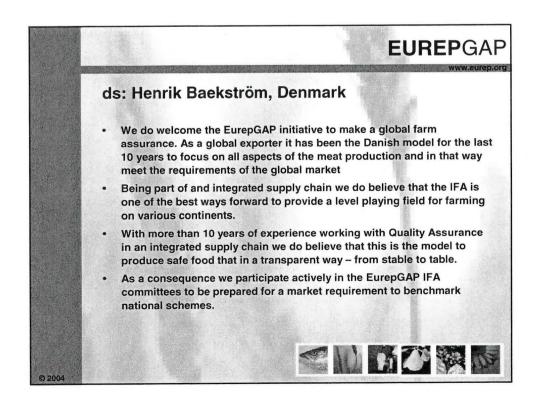
In Conclusion

- There is a huge lack of accurate information available to the farmer and public
- The farmers are willing to participate in the EurepGAP protocols so long as they are compensated for their efforts
- A delegation to ND to explain and promote the concept with concrete proposals

 The specifications needed for the crop

 - Expectation of protocols
 - Transportation information
 - Contracts to secure the supply of crop.
- The concept and motivation behind EurepGAP are excellent and just need to be fine tuned.





EUREPGAP

IKB: Hans Schouwenburg, The Netherlands

- The Dutch Product Board for Livestock, Meat and Eggs is actively involved in the EurepGAP IFA committees because we want to contribute to a global harmonisation of quality assurance standards from farm to fork. Farm assurance standards are an important part thereof.
- We are ready to stimulate the international benchmark and accept EurepGAP as an international platform for harmonisation of farn assurance standards.
- IKB Pig and IKB Poultry is willing to enter into the benchmarking process with EurepGAP IFA under the following prerequisites:
 - > there must be a clear support from retail EU-wide for the standards
 - > our industry stakeholders must support the IFA content
 - > EurepGAP IFA standards must also apply in full to non-EU producers
 - > a good integration with QA-systems in other parts of the chain have to be developed











2004

EUREPGAP

VLAM: Marleen Daenen, Belgium

- The different quality systems that are created under the auspices of VLAM will support a international recognized standard if a commercial demand for this standard exists in the market and if it is required by our customers.
- The Certus IKB system for pork will orientate his strategy according to the demands of the internal market and export markets. Because 60% of the Belgian pork is exported abroad the demands of our foreign customers are of great importance to us.
- In this light, Belpork fully supports the aim to benchmark the existing
 national quality standards for pork and to work together towards a
 European of international comparable structure, norms, inspection and
 certification of each quality system. This is why we are involved in the
 EMA (European Meat alliance) and EUREPGAP working groups.
- Belpork (owner and certification body of the belgian quality standard for pork) has already shown his flexibility to change and adapt his system to customers demand in the past. This has resulted that Certus is a quality standard with requirements for food safety, animal welfare but also a better intrinsic meat quality. Therefore Certus can fullfill the high demands of the Belgian retailers.

0 2004

EUREPGAP BordBia: John Keane, Rep. of Ireland Bord Bia-Irish Food Board has been active in developing and operating quality assurance programmes in the meat, egg, and horticultural sectors in recent years. Currently a number of schemes are being operated to the EN45011 standard and we are currently working towards achieving EN45011 accreditation for all our schemes. Bord Bia, under the Quality Assurance Governing Board is an accredited certification body in

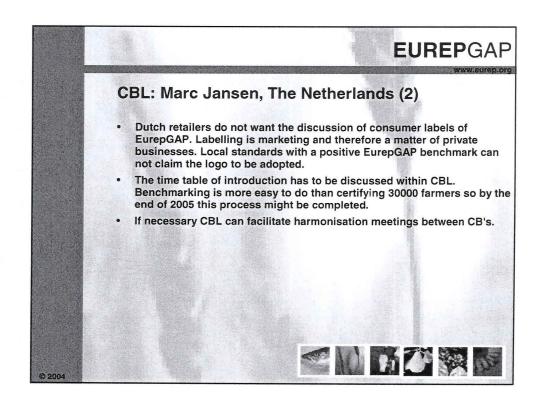
- Bord Bia has participated in the development of the EurepGAP standards through our involvement in the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC).
- We see EurepGAP as a useful initiative that will enhance production standards at farm level and will enable Farm Assurance standards to be compared and benchmarked worldwide.

its own right.

EUREPGAP AFS: David Clarke, UK UK accredited, product certification schemes in all production sectors most UK production comes from assured producers. Welcome a system which will allow others to begin the same journey. But, how does it relate to established programmes? Does 'Harmonisation' = Rounding down? take established standards backwards 'benchmarking' is NOT 'mutual recognition' International standard or focus on local requirements? Credibility & integrity versus Cost? Affordable? Cost effective? Who benefits? Who pays? How to integrate along the chain? Critical inputs before & after farm e.g. feed, transport, contractors, etc. - Traceability **《》《《》**

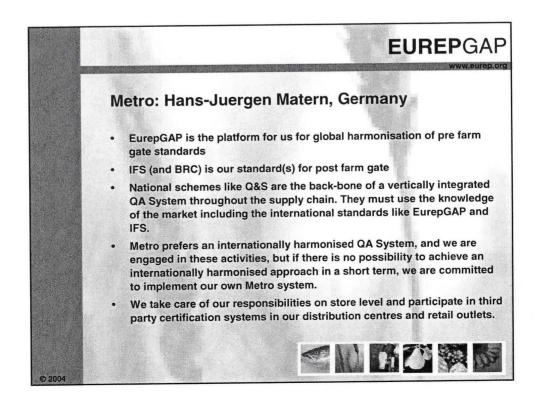


CBL: Marc Jansen, The Netherlands (1) Dutch retailers want to work with harmonized standards worldwide. The benchmark standards for EurepGAP IFA is the instrument we want to work with. We recognize that EurepGAP IFA is focused on the farm and does not comprise the whole chain. For the different parts of the chain we demand the post farm-gate standards that are recognized by GFSI. For the links between standards in the chain we have to find solutions but this should not pollute the discussion of EurepGAP IFA. The example is that Dutch retailers want animal transport to be covered by a certificate. Exchange of information between standards in the chain has to be done on a pre-competitive base and that needs an open mind of standard owners.





Q&S: Marc Rutten, Germany Output QS supports the harmonisation of quality assurance schemes A close co-operation of national standards would be very useful GS is willing to make international agreements with our international partners on the basis of the EMA criteria A quality system over all stages of production based on the EMA criteria can be a role model in Europe We are open to discuss principles of national farm assurance schemes with EurepGAP.



EUREPGAP

REWE: Guido Siebenmorgen, Germany

- EurepGAP is the basis for globally harmonised farm assurance standards also for REWE
- The owners of national schemes like Q&S, IKB, ds, Certus etc. must get together on existing platforms like EurepGAP and agree on terms of harmonisation and mutual recognition in order to reduce duplication of audits and conflicts on farmer level
- REWE needs a pre-farm gate and post-farm gate integrated system that goes beyond any existing open scheme of today, which must include processed meats and sausages.
- Such a scheme should be built on a European platform integrating schemes like Q&S, KAT, IKB etc.
- Content of such a scheme should cover recipe control, product integrity (safety, declaration of content, special makings), and traceability based on input-output analysis











Handout No 19, Gosse Smid

Healthy Animals Supply Safe Food

Gosse Smid Elanco Animal Health

EUREPGAP®



2

In the Business of Delivering Health

Lilly

EIANCO

Providing Human Health

Providing Animal Health

Lilly:

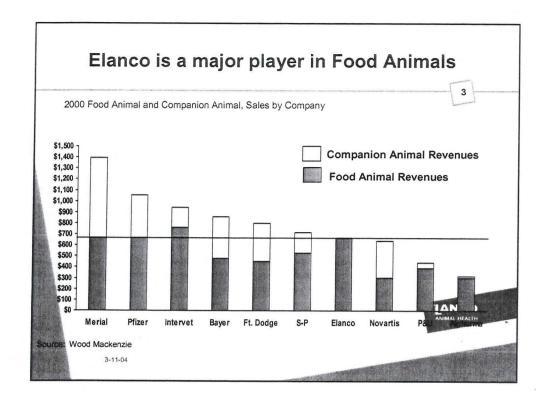
Provide research-based innovation to enable people to live

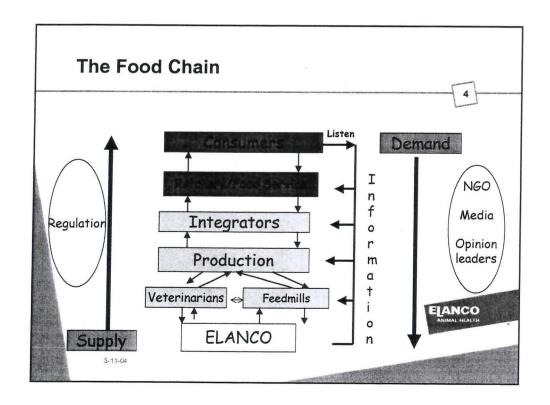
longer, healthier, and more active lives.

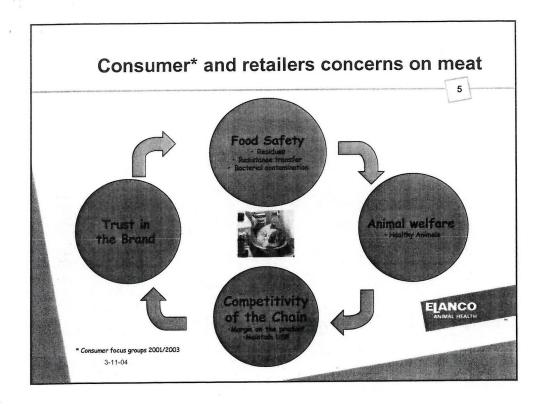
Elanco: Provide research-base innovation to foster animal health an

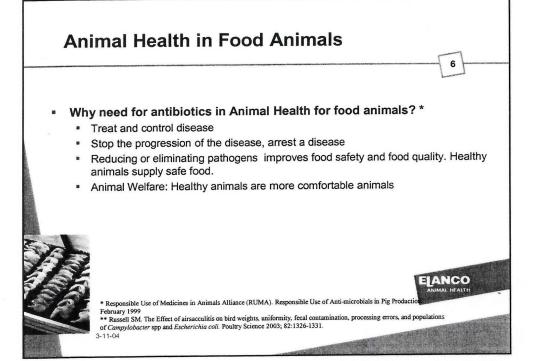
food safety

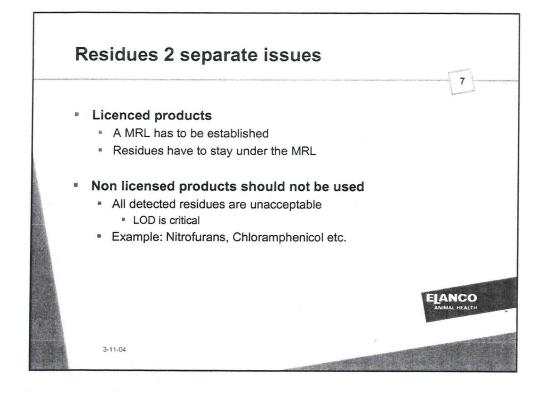
Eli Lilly And Company (Elanco)

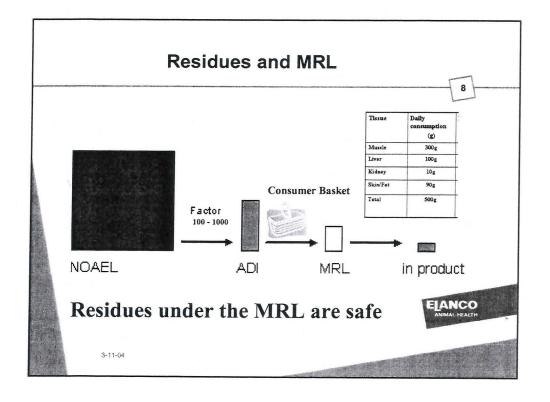




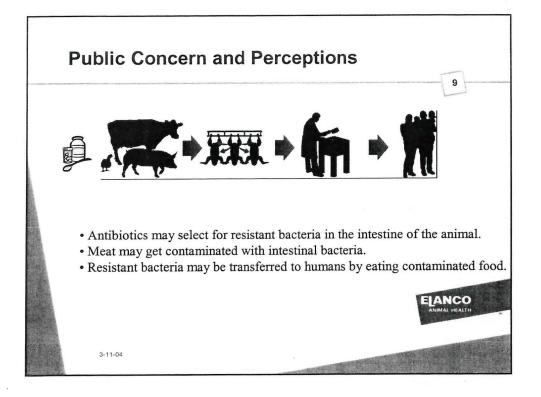


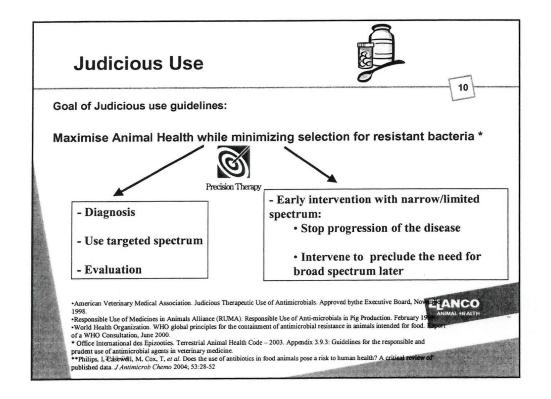


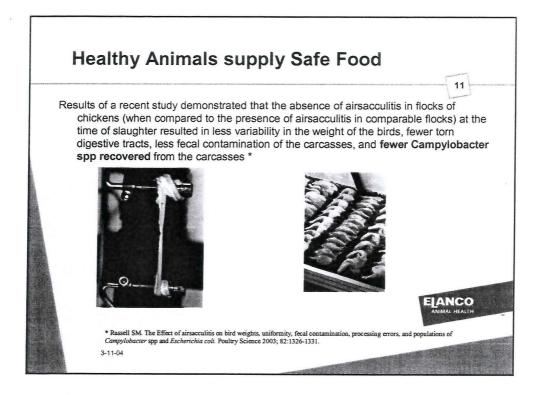


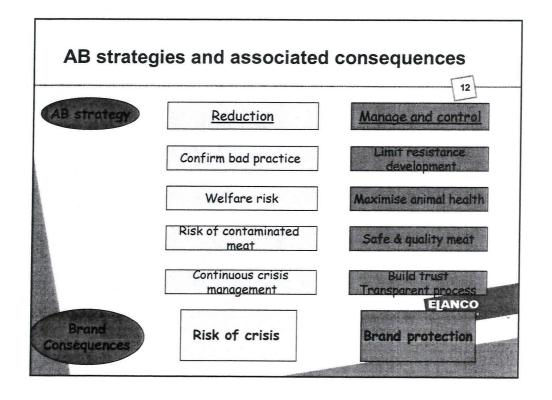


EUREPGAP

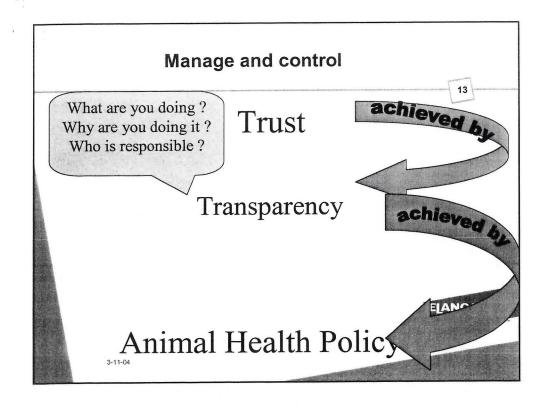


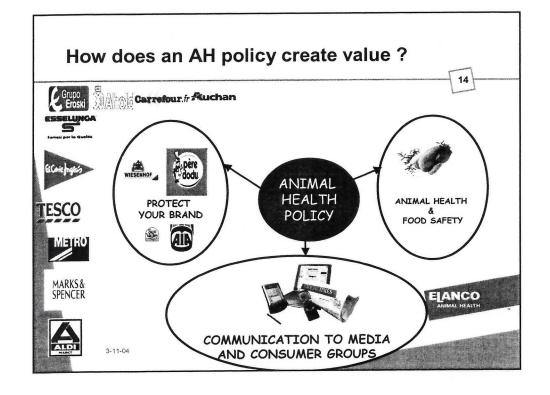






EUREPGAP





Handout Nº 19, Gosse Smid

Summary antibiotics and food safety

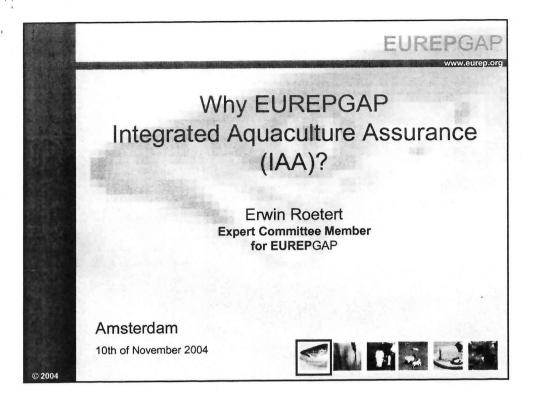
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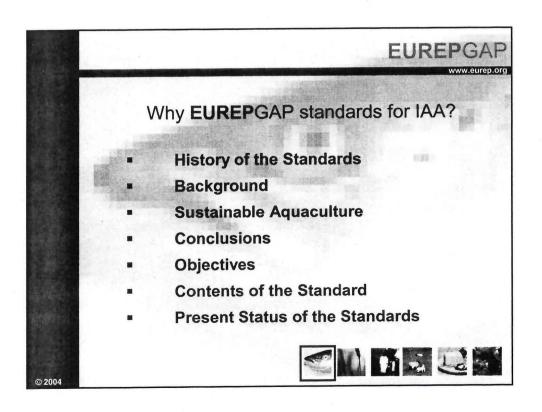
- As an industry we need to address the key concerns in the food chain
- Residues: Establish MRL
 - All residues under MRL are safe
- Resistance transfer: Precision Therapy
 - Judicious use guidelines
 - Diagnose
 - Treat targeted spectrum antibiotics
 - Evaluate
- Brand Protection
 - Animal Health policies to create trust and transparency



3-11-04

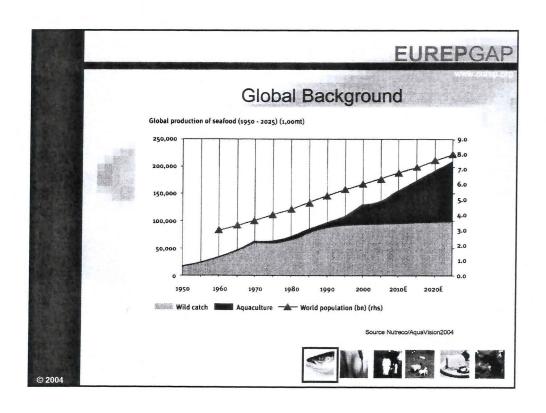
Handout N° 21, Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen



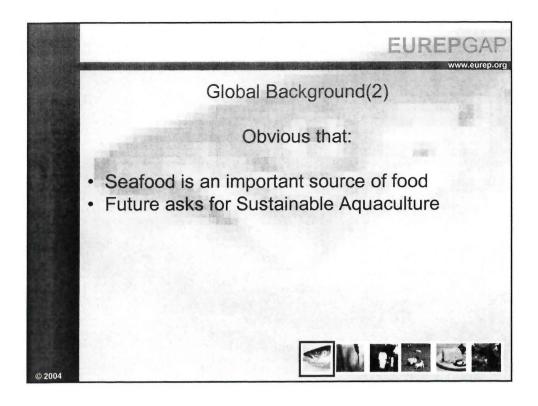


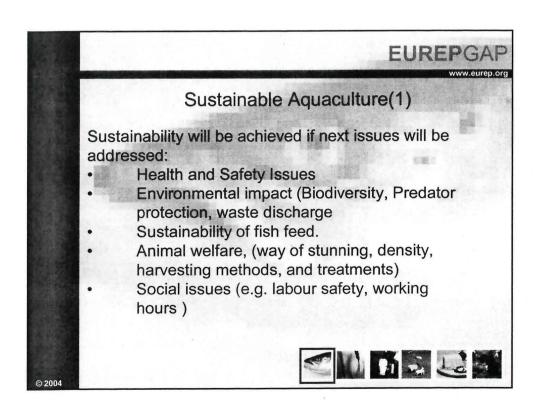
Handout N° 21, Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen

	EUREPGAP www.eurep.org
	History of EUREP GAP in
	Aquaculture standards
1999.	EUREPGAP hosting meetings for
2001.	Aquaculture standard EUREPGAP participates in Dutch research subsidy project for salmon products
2003.	EUREPGAP decides to add Aquaculture standards (announced Madrid
2004.	Conference)to their program EUREP GAP IAA and Salmonoid Standard ready for publication

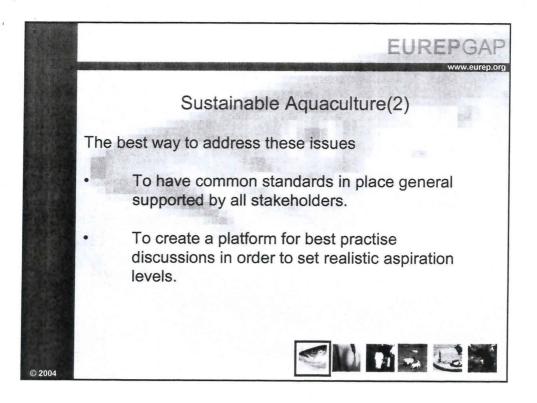


Handout N° 21, Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen





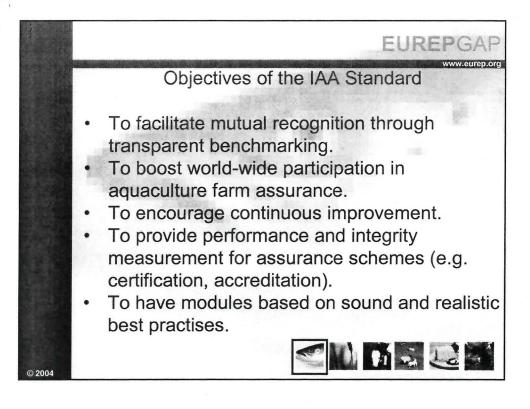
Handout Nº 21, Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen

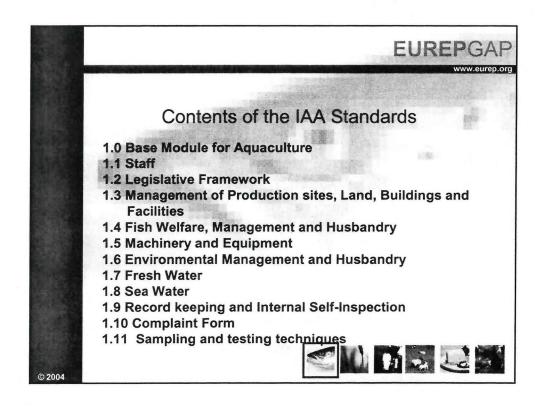


Why EUREPGAP Integrated Aquaculture Assurance (IAA)? Conclusions: There is an urgent need for a standard to assure sustainable aquaculture EUREPGAP will be the ideal platform where Producers, Retailers and NGO's meet each other in mapping out a route to the future in sustainable aquaculture production.



Handout Nº 21, Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen





Handout No 21, Erwin Roetert-Steenbruggen

Present Status of the Standards Available All Farm + Salmonoid Modules All-Farm and Salmonoid modules have been finished for Publication But "It is not a cleared job!" New TSC participants will be very welcome Open for improvements to be addressed in and to the TSC. New Modules need to be developed Next TSC meeting will be planned in January 2005

EUREPGAP

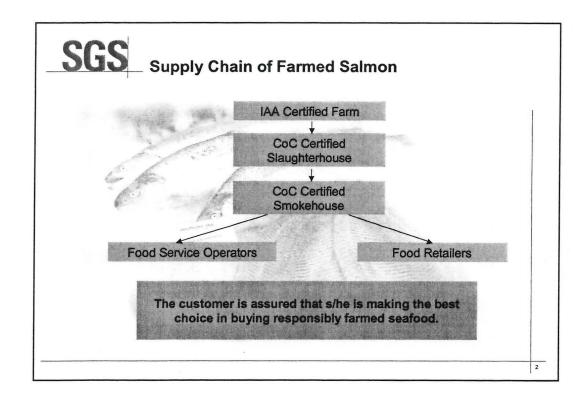
Handout Nº 22, Aldin Hilbrands

IAA Pilot Audit Results On-Farm & Chain-of-Custody

EUREPGAP IFA Conference – Amsterdam 09 & 10 November 2004 by Aldin Hilbrands (M.Sc.) – Global Food Technical Sales Manager

WHEN YOU NEED TO BE SURE

SGS



Handout Nº 22, Aldin Hilbrands

SGS GO

- Assess auditability of two new EUREPGAP standards:
 - Integrated Aquaculture Assurance (IAA) for salmon farming
 - <u>Chain of Custody</u> (CoC) for salmon processing assuring traceability from farm to end-consumer (retail store)
- Identify overlapping criteria in standards and find cost-effective auditing solutions for aquaculture operations with multiple farming sites
- Measure compliance of Fjord Seafood salmon farms (UK & Norway) and Fjord Seafood Pieters (Belgium) with these standards

3

SGS M

Methodology

- Audit selected farming sites in Scotland & Norway (freshwater and seawater) against IAA salmon farming standard
- Audit selected processing site in Belgium against Chain of Custody standard

SGS, The Netherlands

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SGS Results

- Subjective / overlapping criteria in IAA farming standard were modified / taken out after pilot audits
- IAA Standard was refined further by consultation with WWF, SQS and other industry members (Marine Harvest, Stolt Sea Farm and Panfish)
- CoC audit checklist for farmed salmon traceability was trialled without problems as standard has been used in other certification programmes with similar content
- CoC standard can be audited in conjunction with BRC or IFS
- Multi-site certification is possible when a centralised management system is applied through sample audits of production sites

SGS

Current issues

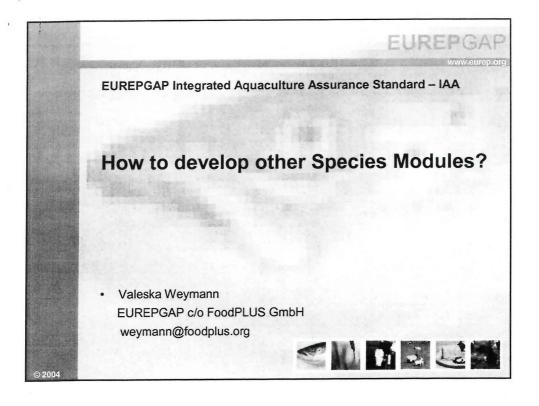
- Create awareness with buyers and suppliers of farmed salmon for the baseline IAA and CoC standards to create a level playing field for food retailers
- Additional food retail requirements can be added as specific addons to the IAA checklist for verification by CBs annually
- Develop benchmark criteria for salmon feed assurance management systems

6

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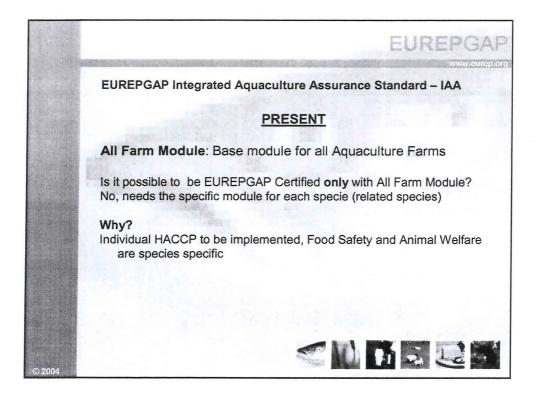
Handout N° 23, Valeska Weymann





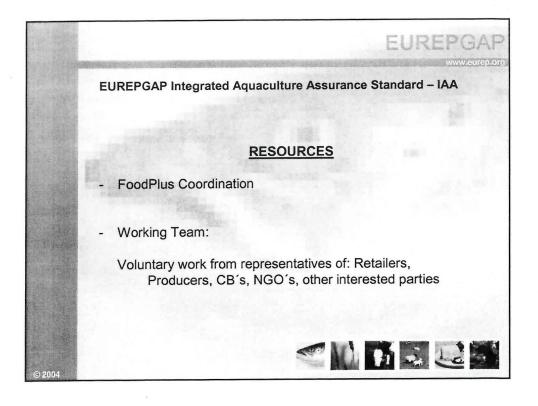


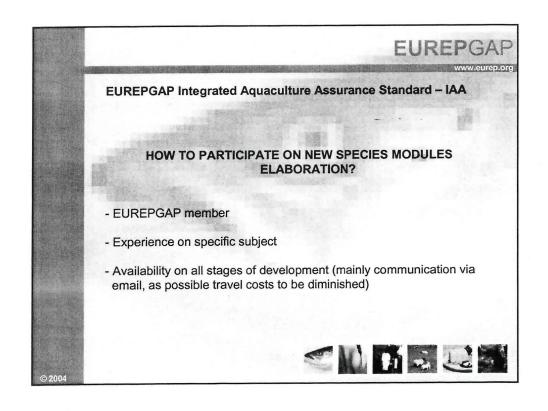
Handout No 23, Valeska Weymann



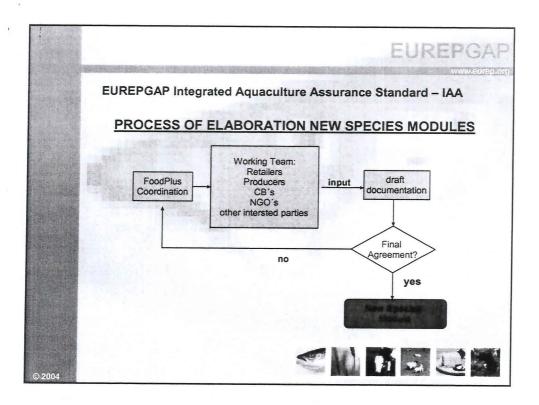


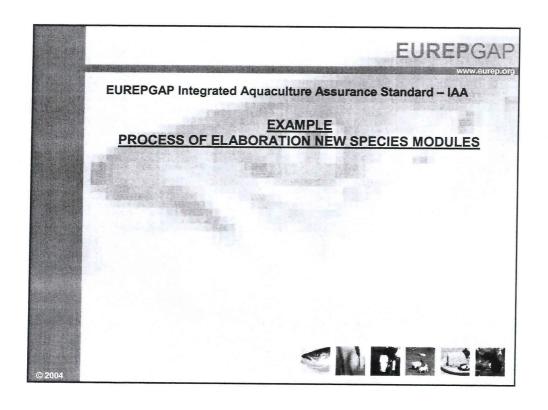
Handout N° 23, Valeska Weymann



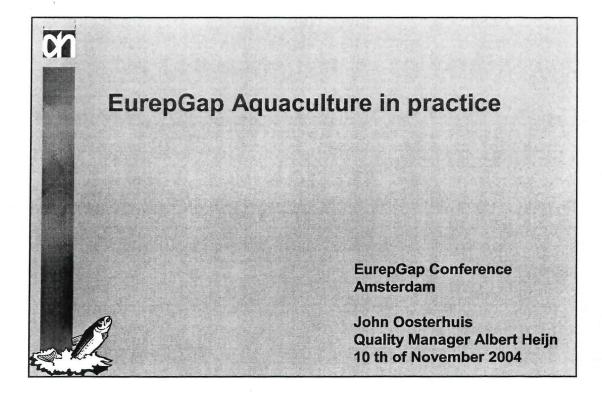


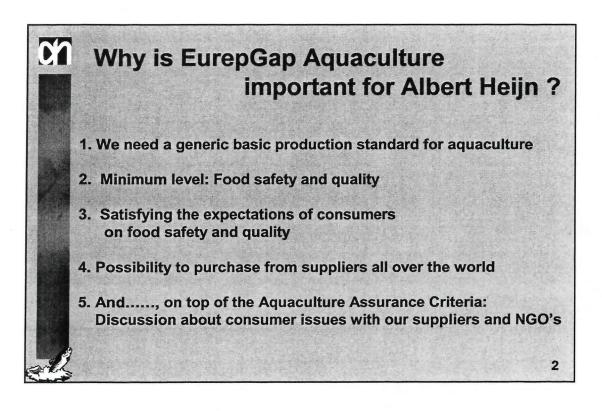
Handout N° 23, Valeska Weymann



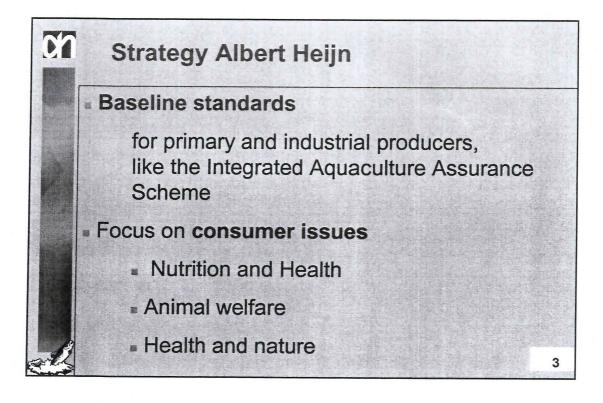


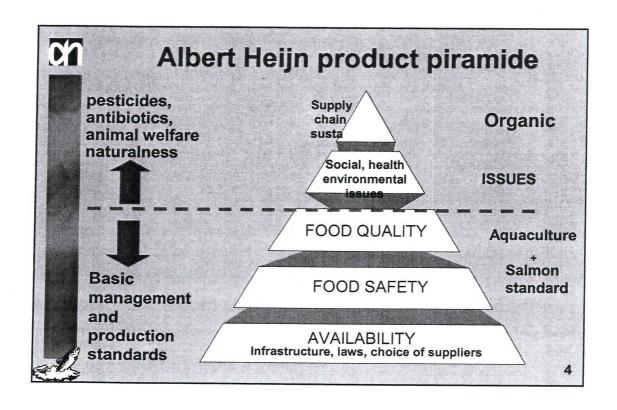
Handout Nº 24, John Oosterhuis



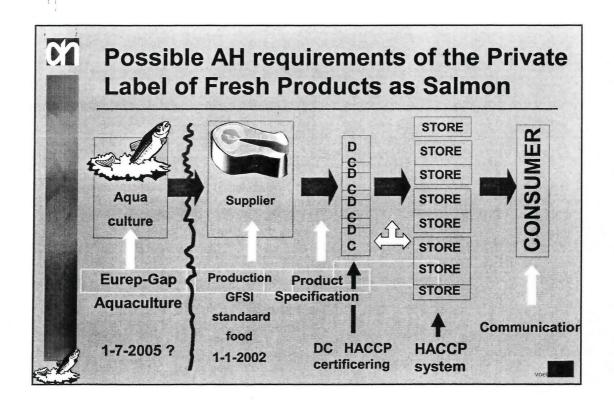


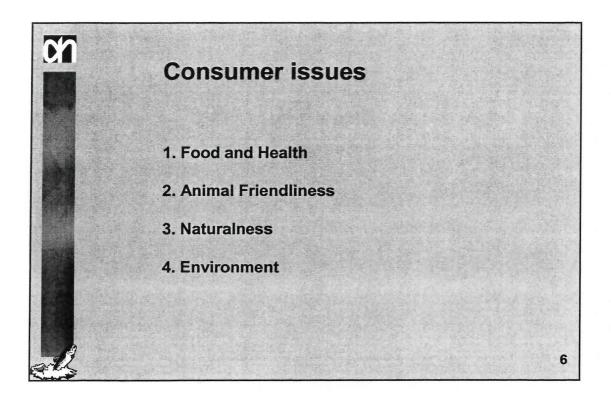
Handout Nº 24, John Oosterhuis





Handout N° 24, John Oosterhuis







Handout No 24, John Oosterhuis



Example issue in EurepGap

2.4.6.Assessment of stocking density

Control point:

The stocking density should not exceed the maximum load per meter cubed (m3), taking actual volume as the total.

Compliance criteria:

The maximum density is the recommended maximum density set by recognised authorities as a fish welfare issue or else by retailer contract conditions and/or scientific evidence. Legislation sets minimum requirements.

Level:

Minor must

Reality: Legislation = max. 25 kg / m3

Animal Welfare organisations say: max 15 kg / m3

Conclusion: improvements after (scientific) research

and discussions with NGO's

7



Discussions between retailer and supplier

- 1. Inventarisation of consumer and NGO issues
- 2. Inventarisation of the status quo of the issues
- 3. Set up of book of agreements.

 Description of situation and
 - if possible policy statement

8

Handout Nº 24, John Oosterhuis



Next steps

- 1. Certification of system
- 2. Experience with Inspection of protocol
- 3. Reporting back in the Aquacultural Technical Commission
- 4. Inventarisation of costs per check and certification
- 5. Start with certification of sites
- 6. Other retailers on board

•



Quality & Environmental management system for agricultural activities: the French experience

EUREPGAP Global Conference for Integrated Farm
Assurance and Aquaculture
Amsterdam, 10.11.2004

Olivier de CARNÉ (COOP DE FRANCE) - odecarne@coopdefrance.coop

History of the Agri Confiance mechanism



- 1992: set-up of the Agri Confiance mechanism by CFCA which translates the requirements for the quality management and contractualises the relationship between the member producer and its co-operative
- <u>July 2000</u>: standardisation of the approach by AFNOR: the NF V 01-005 standard becomes accessible for every **O**rganised **S**tructure of **A**gricultural **P**roduction or OSAP (holding for collection, transformation, commercialisation...)
- 2004: revision of the NF V01-005 standard and integration of the environmental management system in a new standard (NF V01-007)

O. de Carné - QE management system in agriculture - 09.11.2004

2



Description of the NF V 01-007 draft standard



The NF V 01-007 draft standard is an approach:

- · Collective of quality management of the agricultural productions
- Common for all agricultural and agro-food channels but also for forestry, salt, tobacco, linen...
- Complementary to the ISO 9001 approach. The enterprises that follow the two approaches are able to guarantee a follow-up of the quality and the traceability of the whole food chain, from the agricultural upstream up to the downstream transformation workshops
- Voluntary and reciprocal between farmers and OSAP holding regarding the control over agricultural productions
- · Certified by a third party body: SGS-ICS, AFAQ, BVQI

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Description of the NF V 01-007 draft standard



But also:

CONSIDERATION FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

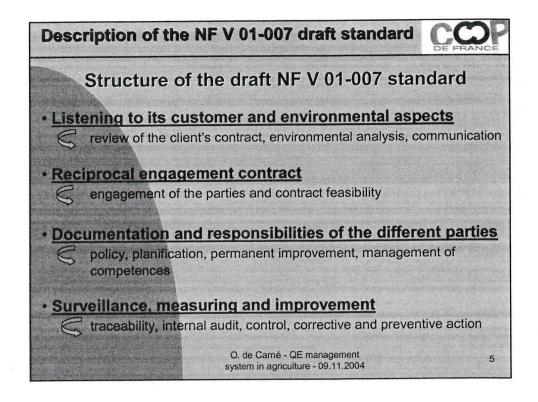
The Quality-Environment reference: The double Quality-Environment certification allows for an enlargement of the field of application to the environmental concerns and the integration of the requirements for a rational agriculture

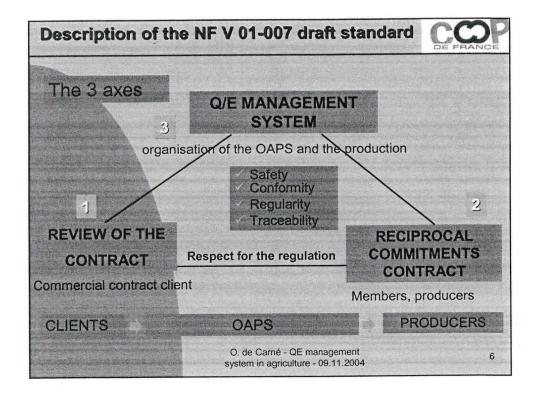
THUS, THE AGRI CONFIANCE APPROACH ALSO PROVIDES AN ANSWER FOR THE MAJOR CONCERNS OF SOCIETY IN THE FIELD OF FOOD SAFETY, TRACEABILITY, TRANSPARENCY AND THE CONTROL OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS.

O. de Carné - QE management system in agriculture - 09.11.2004

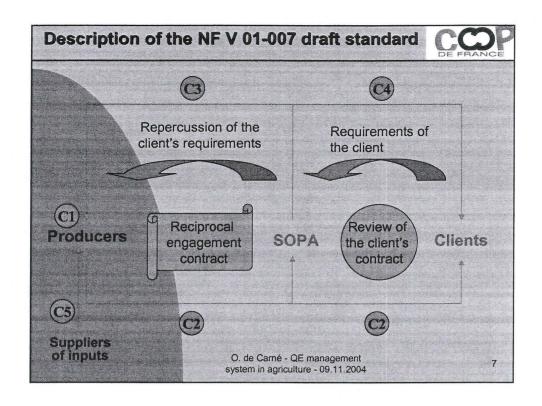
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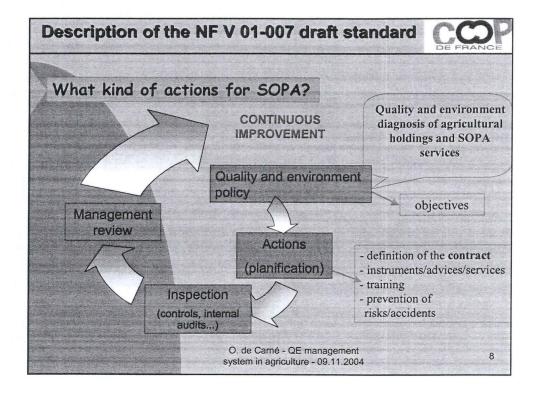




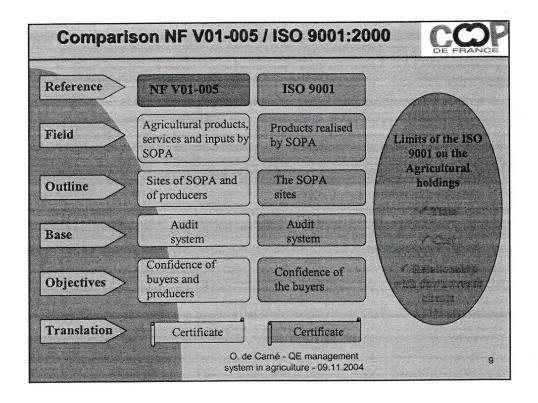


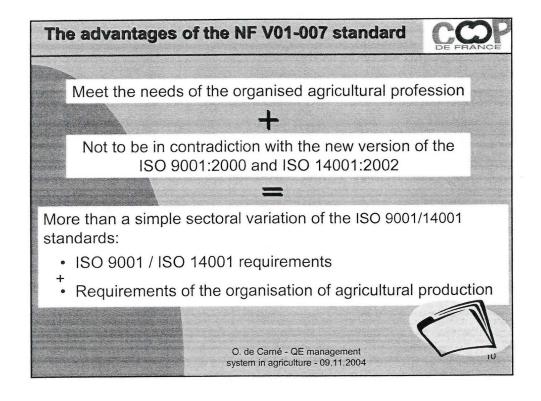


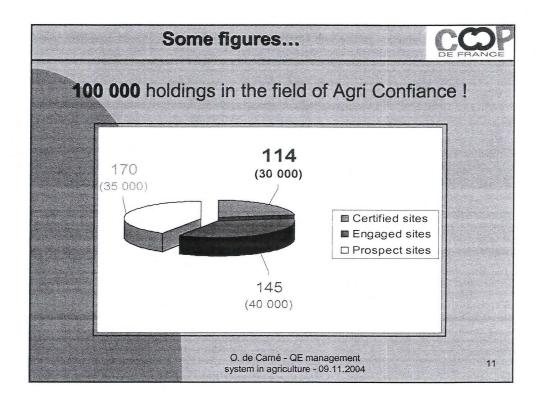


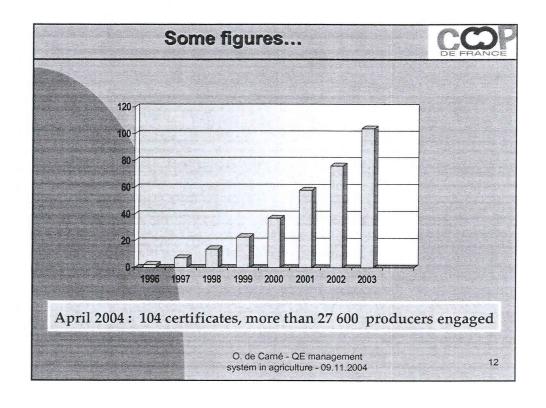


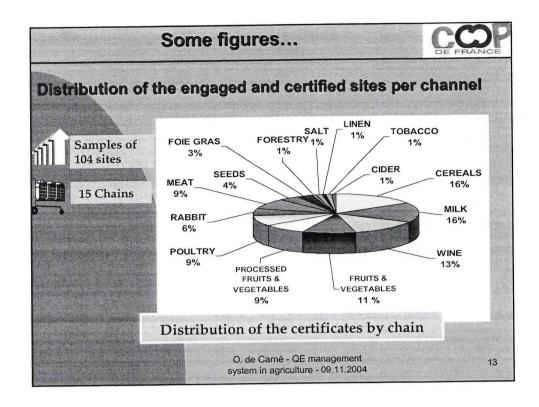




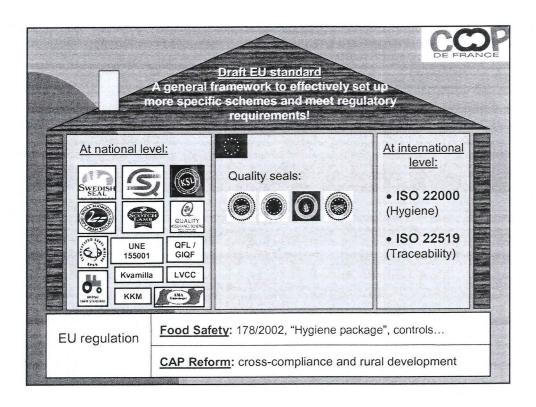








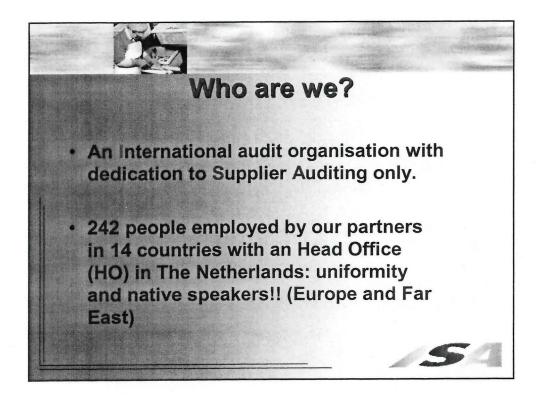




EUREPGAP

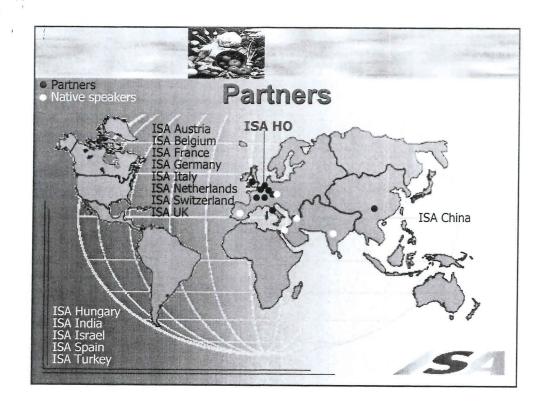
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EUREPGAP

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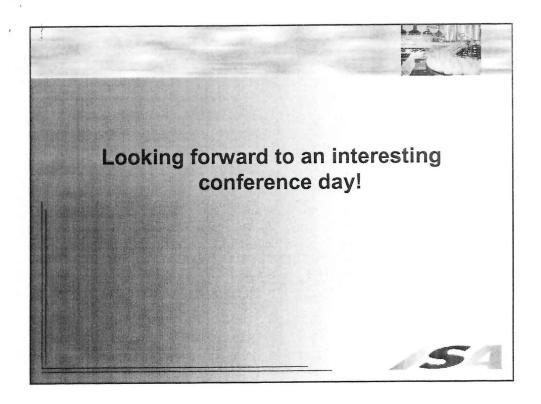




ISA, The Netherlands Page 2 of 3



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ISA, The Netherlands Page 3 of 3