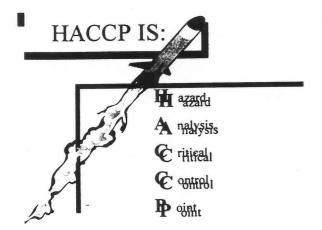


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HACCP EVOLVES

1992

1989

1987 1985 19





Principles

- 1 Conduct a hazard analysis.
- 2 Determine the Critical Control Points.
- 3 Establish Critical Limits For each Critical Control Point.
- 4 Establish a system to monitor control of the CCP.
- 5 Establish Corrective Actions for deviation from the Critical Limits.
- 6 Establish procedures for verification to confirm that the HACCP system is working effectively.
- 7 Establish documentation concerning all procedures and records appropriate to these principles and their application.

AS A TOOL, HACCP IS:

 Based on sound and well established technological and scientific principles to identify and prioritize intervention at critical control points



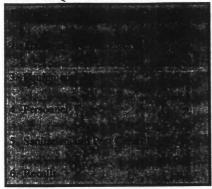


 Systematic approach to ensure food safety with prevention being the key element.

HACCP APPLICATION

Its logical application consists of twelve (12) steps.

PREREQUISITE PROGRAMS



HACCP



FSEP



FOOD SAFETY ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

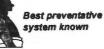
-Canadian Food Inspection Agency's program designed to encourage the establishment and maintenance of HACCP based systems in all Federally Registered Establishments.

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 A structured and systematic approach to ensure food safety

capable of evolution adaptation to change





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Agri-Food Canada





- Endorsed by the International Commission on Microbiological Specifications for Foods (ICMSF)
- Adaptable into the ISO-9000 series (International Standards Organization).



 Will ensure uniformity of inspection across the country between provinces and between government levels







Improves:

MARKETABILITY

COMPETITIVENESS

EFF ICIENCY

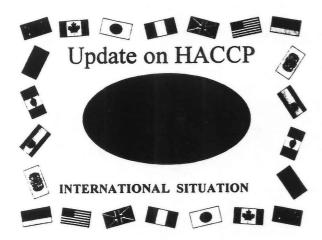


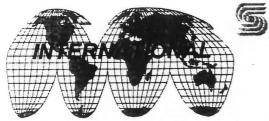




- ·A response to increases in inspection demands
- •Provides uniformity between government departments
- •Provides a scientific base to inspection
- •Enhances knowledge and keeps inspection staff current

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-	Agn-Food Canada





- HACCP is endorsed by the International Commission on Microbiological Specifications for Foods (ICMSF)
- · HACCP will become a world standard for food safety.

Codex alimentarius

- Food Hygiene Committee
- Recent revision to HACCP guidelines



Codex and WTO

- Reference Codex alimentarius
- WTO SPS agreement



HACCP

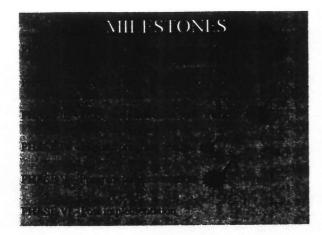


FSEP



FOOD SAFETY ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

-Canadian Food Inspection Agency's program designed to encourage the establishment and maintenance of HACCP based systems in all Federally Registered Establishments.





QMP

QUALITY MANGEMENT PROGRAM

- implemented in February 1992 in Canada
- First mandatory food inspection program based on HACCP principles for fish products





QMP EVOLVES

	00.0
7	996

1995

1994 199





- Meat & Poultry products
- FDA Other commodities
 - Other food products (for Safety)

U.S.A. (USDA)



- Proposed HACCP megarule -February 3, 1995
- Final rule -Pathogen Reduction and HACCP Rule -published July, 1966
- Major impact on meat industry - USA and abroad

U.S.A. (FDA)



- HACCP regulations for seafood
- Mandatory in 1997





H International Meat & Poultry ALLIANCE England · Campden Food and Drink Research Association - HACCP: A practical Guide • "Due diligence defence" **JAPAN** · HACCP approval system (Codex) · Impact on EXPORT

FRANCE



- Syndicat National des Fabricants de Produits Alimentaires (SYNAFAP)
- · Promotion of Codex approach
- · Published guide ISO / HACCP

New Zealand



- · Draft HACCP audit protocol
- Guide HACCP / ISO for Meat and Game Animal Industry
- Pilot projects in slaughter plants

Australia



- HACCP for all meat slaughtering plants proposed by Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service (AQIS).
- Revised Health and Safety standards for the construction of premises.

Quadrilateral Discussions





HACCP working group





ISO - 9000 series



 Assure customers that processes and Quality systems used by a supplier is consistent with contractual requirements

Link ISO - HACCP



• HACCP: Best tool to ensure food safety



• (ISO 9000): "Umbrella" Quality Assurance approach

HACCP APPLICATION Its logical application consists of twelve (12) steps. Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada LOGICAL SEQUENCE OF 12 STEPS 1. ASSEMBLE HACCP TEAM 2. DESCRIBE PRODUCT 3. IDENTIFY INTENDED USE 4. CONSTRUCT PROCESS FLOW AND PLANT **SCHEMATIC** 5. ON-SITE VERIFICATION OF FLOW AND LOGICAL SEQUENCE OF 12 STEPS 7. Apply HACCP decision tree to determine CCP's (Principle #2) 8. Establish Critical Limits (Principle #3) 9. Establish Monitoring Procedures (Principle #4) 10. Establish Deviation Procedures (Principle #5)

11. Establish Verification Procedures (Principle #6)



HACCP PLAN

A written document which outlines the formal procedures to be followed in accordance with HACCP Principles.

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STEP # 1



Assemble HACCP Team



Recommendation

Involve all departments that will be affected within the establishment.

Step #2



Describe Product

- Product description (Form 1)
- List Product Ingredients & Incoming Material (Form 2)



Step #3

· Identify intended use (Form 1)



Step # 4



Construct Process Flow Diagram & Plant Schematic

FORM 3 and 4

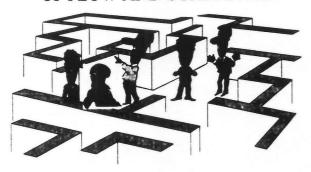


Identify Process Steps.

Enough details to be useful in hazard identification.



STEP 5. ON-SITE VERIFICATION OF FLOW AND SCHEMATIC



Step # 6



Hazard Analysis (Principle #1)

Use plant specific information

Use information obtained in steps 2-5

List hazards associated with each step



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- -The potential to cause harm.
- *Hazards can be biological, chemical or physical .

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Any disease spreading organism found in food which may cause illness to the consuming





PHYSICAL HAZARD



Any physical matter not normally found in food which may cause illness or injury to the consuming individual.

" /

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CHEMICAL HAZARD

Any substance, used or in contact with Food, or developed by a chemical process or processes, which may cause illness to the consuming

individ



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Step # 7

Determination of (Principle # 2)

,

 -A point, step or procedure at which control can be applied and a food safety hazard can be prevented, eliminated or reduced to acceptable levels.

Use of the $\underline{\text{Codex Alimentarius}}$ HACCP decision tree.



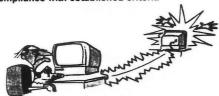
-A point, step or procedure at which <u>control</u> can be applied and a food safety hazard can be prevented, eliminated or reduced to acceptable levels.

Use of the $\underline{\text{Codex Alimentarius}}$ HACCP decision tree.

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CONTROL

Managing the conditions of an operation to maintain compliance with established criteria





Review Forms 5, 6, 7	
Once all hazards are put through Decision tree: Identify where each hazard is controlled	
Identify and transfer Unaddressed Hazards to Form 9	
Record CCP's on Form 10	
Step # 8 Establish Critical Limits (Principle 3) Values which separate acceptability from unacceptability. These parameters, if maintained within boundaries, will confirm the safety of product.	
More than 1 critical limit may exist. If we exceed a critical limit, a potential hazard exists!	
Step # 9	
Monitoring Procedures (Principle 4)	
A planned sequence of observations or measurements, to assess whether a CCP is under control and to produce an accurate record. Monitoring procedures determine if critical limits are out of control.	
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Step # 10

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Deviation procedures (Principle 5)

Pre-determined and documented set of corrective actions that are implemented when a deviation occurs. A deviation is a failure to meet specified critical limits.



Step # 11 Verification Procedures (Principle 6)



-Methods, procedures, or tests used to determine if the HACCP system's in compliance with the HACCP plan and whether the HACCP plan needs modification and revalidation.



Step # 12



Record Keeping/Documentation







HACCP records is the in plant record keeping that is done at each CCP and contains information required to ensure that HACCP plan is followed.

Written



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Computer

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Page	3

Form #10

Form #10

8. Establish Critical Limits (Principle #3)

- 9. Establish Monitoring Procedures (Principle #4)
- 10. Establish Deviation Procedures (Principle #5)
- 11. Establish Verification Procedures (Principle #6)
 - 12. Establish Record Keeping/documentation for principle's one through six (Principle #7)

Form #10

Form #10





STEPS

#1-Assemble HACCP team

#2-Describe product

#3-Identify intended use

#4-Construct Process Flow diagram and Plant Schematic

#5-On site verification of Process

#6-Identify hazards associated with each step (PRINCIPLE 1)

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#7-Apply HACCP decision tree to determine CCP's (PRINCIPLE 2)

#8-Establish Critical Limit (s) (PRINCIPLE 3)
#9-Establish Monitoring Procedure (s)

(PRINCIPLE 4) #10-Establish Deviation Procedure (s)

(PRINCIPLE 5)
#11-Establish Verification Procedure (s)

(PRINCIPLE 6) #12-Establish Record/documentation system

(PRINCIPLE 7)





 A structured and systematic approach to ensure food safety

capable of evolution adaptation to change



Best preventative system known



A delegation of responsibilities

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NATIONAL









- Endorsed by the International Commission on Microbiological Specifications for Foods (ICMSF)
- Adaptable into the ISO-9000 series (International Standards Organization).



 Will ensure uniformity of inspection across the country between provinces and between government levels







Improves:

MARKETABILITY

COMPETITIVENESS

EFF ICIENCY

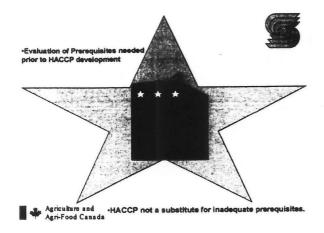
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- ·A response to increases in inspection demands
- •Provides uniformity between government departments
- •Provides a scientific base to inspection
- •Enhances knowledge and keeps inspection staff current

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PREREQUISITE PROGRAMS [1. Premises [2. Transportation and Storage [3. Equipment [4. Personnel [5. Sanitation and Pest Control [6. Recalls

Prerequisite Programs Check-list 4 Outlines assessment criteria for each program. 4 Tool which can be used by establishment and government.

4 Ongoing review/update for accuracy.

A) Premises Program	
Building xterior	
Outside Property and Building	
Building Interior Design Construction and Maintenance	
Light	
Vent latios	
Inclibia	
Sanitary Pacifities	
Employee McMiles Employee Chairing and Sanctubing McDition	
Water/Steam/Ice Quality & Supply	
Water and Ice	
Should Vanish Quality and Supply Accords	
Water/Steam Quality and Supply Luccords	
Building Exterior	
Dunding Dittorior	
Outside Property & Building - Hazards	
•Drainage	
Duilding	
•Building	
Baadawaya	
•Roadways	
Mainhhausing Buildings	
Neighbouring Buildings	
Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada	
- Agree too Canada	
Duilding Interior	
Building Interior	
Desire Construction & Maintenance Hazards	
Design, Construction & Maintenance - Hazards	
•Pest Entry	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Paint and Rust	
•Floor slope	
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Building Interior



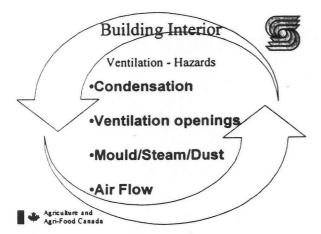
Lighting - Hazards

Light Intensity



Process Control Activities

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Building Interior



Waste Disposal - Hazards

Sewage Line location & condition

•Cross connections



Waste Containers

-9-	Agriculture and
	Ann Food Canad

Building Interior



Inedible - Hazards

- Containers
- Denaturants
- Separation
- Storage



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Sanitary Facilities



Employee Facilities - Hazards

- •Employee Rooms
- ·Handwashing and Sanitizing facilities
- Appropriate notices





	-		
-			
-			

Water/Steam/Ice Quality &Supply



- •Potabilitier & Ice Hazards
- Volume/Temperature/Pressure
- •Chemical Treatment
- Cross Connections &Storage



Recycled



Water/Steam/Ice Quality &Supply



Steam - Hazards
•Source and Supply

Traps



- •Volume/Temperature/Pressure
- **•Chemical Treatment**



Water/Steam/Ice Quality &Supply



Records - Hazards



- Maintenance
- ·Analysis
- Treatment Records



B) <u>Transportation and</u> <u>Storage Program</u>

Transportation

- Food Carriers
- Temperature Controls



Storage

- · Incoming Material Storage
- Non-Food Chemicals Rece
 Storage





Transportation and Storage - Hazards

- Specifications
- ·Records
- Separation





Transportation





	Agriculture and
malife.	Wireares end
-	And Food Connd

Transportation



Temperature Controls - Hazards

- •Temperature levels
- Monitoring



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Storage



Incoming Material Storage - Hazards

- •Temperature/Time requirements
- •Identification
- ·Handling



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Storage



Non-Food Chemicals Storage & Receiving - Hazards

- ·Records
- ·Containers
- Storage and Handling



Storage



Finished Product Storage - Hazards

- •Temperature/Humidity requirements
- Conditions
- ·Handling



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Equipment Program



General Equipment



- Design and installation
- · Food contact surfaces
- · Equipment maintenance and Calibration
- Equipment Maintenance Records
- · Calibration Records



General Equipment



Design and Installation - Hazards

- Inspection
- •Cleaning



Operation



•Exhaust and Drainage

General Equipment Food Contact Surfaces - Hazards ·Condition ·Material Make-up Coatings Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada General Equipment Equipment Maintenance & Calibration - Hazards Procedures Operation Training Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada General Equipment Equipment Maintenance Records - Hazards •Completeness

General Equipment



Calibration Records - Hazards



•Completeness



D) Personnel Program



Training

- General Food Hygiene Training •Technical Training





Hygiene & Health Requirements • Cleanliness and Conduct

- ·Communicable Diseases/Injuries



Training



General Food Hygiene Training - Hazards

- •Program
- Frequency
- ·Signs



Training



Technical Training - Hazards

- Program
- Frequency
- Effectiveness



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Hygiene &Health Requirements



Cleanliness and Conduct - Hazards



Hygiene & Health Requirements



Communicable Diseases/Injuries - Hazards



Policy

Employee Practices



E) Sanitation and Pest Control Program

El Sanitation

- E 1.1 Sanitation program
- E 1.2 Sanitation records

E2 Pest Control

- E 2.1 Pest control program
- E 2.2 Pest control records





Codex Alimentarius



General Principles of Food Hygiene

- · Building design and Lacilities
- · Control of the Operation
- Maintanance and Sanitation
- · Personal Hygiene
- · Transportation
- · Product information and consumer

Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOP's)



 Establishments must develop, implement, and maintain written SSOP's.

1. Premises 2. Transportation and Storage 3. Equipment 4. Personnel 5. Sanitation and Pest Control 6. Recalls

DOCUMENTED PROCEDURES, ON-SITE AND RECORDS





Written standards must first be developed by plant.
On-site implementation of your written programs are augmented by records.

PREREQUISITE PROGRAM CHECKLIST

- Found in Appendix II of FSEP Volume IV.
- Tool for evaluating prerequisite programs.
- Can be used by establishments for self evaluation of prerequistes.



Prorequisite Program Evaluation Checkilet

(A) PREMISES COMPANY REFERENCE

CT IC | A1.1 SULLONG EXTERIOR - Outside Property and Building | C | IM | IM |
A1.1.1 Subtlong the beated in close greatingly to any conformation contaminants and the surrounding/producys are the of debris and refuse, adequately drained and maintenance references | A1.1.2 Subtleng extenter designed, constructed and maintained to provent entry of conformations and poster (cs. No emprischand openings, as instance appropriately incade and the rest, value and financiation or province hashing)

WRITTEN PREREQUISITE PROGRAM ASSESSMENT RECOGNITION AUDIT
Reference | Comments (for incomplete) | Records (Comments for non conformitties)

| Dismont Identified in the written procedure, Records) | Onable (Comments for non conformitties)

A) Premises Program

- Al Building Exterior
 - A1.1 Outside Property and Building
- A2 Building Interior
 - A 2.1 Design, Construction and Maintenance
 - A 2.2 Lighting
 - A 2.3 Ventilation
 - A 2.4 Waste Disposal
 - A 2.5 Inedible areas
- A3 Sanitary Facilities
 - A 3.1 Employee facilities
 - A 3.2 Equipment Cleaning and Sanitizing facilities
- A4 Water/Steam/Ice Quality & Supply
 - A 4.1 Water ice & steam

A Premises, A1 Building Exterior A1.1 Design, Construction and Maintenance

The yardman is to inspect 2N week, the building exterior, adjacent property, outside buildings and stotage areas to ensure

Now the new year have a section a categorists.

When lindings deviate from the critical requirements the readman and obtained in the first area with meant to the yardman extend and the yallow supervisor and the notified of the problem area. Corrective defined substituted the record and verify outside conditions bemonthly. Yardman record will be initiated.

Yardman record

Date: Feb 12/98

Requirement	Initial	Satis	factory	Comments
		Yes	No	
•No evidence of pest harborage.	n	X		
Debris and refuse removed from property.	n	X		
•Exterior premises is free from pooling water.	ນ		X	Drain near Receiving Door clogged. (pooling water)
*Equipment and supplies are properly stored.	'n	X		

Comments/Corrective Actions

Drain was cleaned, water now flowing freely.

Bob Boone

Feb 13/98

B) Transportation and Storage Program

B1 Transportation

B1.1 Food Carriers

B 1.2 Temperature Controls

B2 Storage

B 2.1 Incoming Material Storage

B 2.2 Non-Food Chemicals Receiving & Storage

B 2.3 Finished Product Storage

B Transportation and Storage, B1 Transportation B1.1 Food Carriers, B1.2 Temperature control

- The receivers are to organoleptically check each load of beef and take the internal temperature of the carcass.
- Beef must show no signs of contamination todour colour, foreign materials
- Temperature of carner and product should not exceed 1.
- Carners are to be store to ally sound and visibly clean with no abnormal odoms app went
- · Record generated will be the Dock record
- When findings do note from the unitten requirements, the Receiver will document it on the Dack record and the Dock Foreman will be notified invinediately for action. A Corrective action form will be completed by the Foreman.
- The Dock Foreman will ensure the completeness of all records and check one inspected truck and load per week for effectiveness. Foreman will initial and date the Dock record.

			12/98
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Dock record

ruck	Truck	Carcase	Truck/B	sef - Signa	B Initial	Comments
	1ºC	3°C	of conta	mination?	DD	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
13	100	300		X	00	
2	3°C	7°C	Yes	No	DD	Average carcass temp was 7°C. Informed Foreman.
			Yes	No		7 C. Informed Poremen.
3	1°C	1°C		X	PR	
1	2°C	1°C	Yes	No	DO	
	20	100		X	L	
81	1°C	1°C	Yes	No	PR	
_						
Co	mme	its				it is foundland and
-	Iruck		runnin		rand	it is functional and
F	eb 14/	98			einhar	t Feb 12/98
-						
		Co	recti	ve Ac	tion	Form
						Date: Feb 12/98
via	tion					
	F	eb 12	98 - (T	ruck 6	12) Si	x random samples of
nter	nal ca	rcass	tempe	ratures	taken	indicating an average
f 7º	C on F	eb 12	/98.			
Orre	ctive	Action				
	_		•	d from i	Maria I	Meats. Company was
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				diately		
				Sien	eture:	Bill Cunningham
				angit.		
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						d Calibration
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D) Personnel Program

D1 Training

Date: Control Cost Hyglene Training





D2 Hygiene & Health Requirements

- D 2.1 Cleanliness and Conduct
- D 2.2 Communicable Diseases/Injuries

E) Sanitation and Pest Control Program

E1 Sanitation

- E 1.1 Sanitation program
- E 1.2 Sanitation records

E2 Pest Control

- E 2.1 Pest control program
- E 2.2 Pest control records



E Sanitation and Pest Control E1.1 Sanitation Program

- Quality Assurance will perform a pre-operational Audit daily for all equipment.
- Disassembly reassembly, cleaning and sandizing instructions for all equipment is described in the company sandary manual section A
- · Record generated will be the Pre-Operational Audit Report
- When findings de laste from the written requirements. QA will notify the Sandation Supervisor for corrective action and or resample. All deviation and corrective actions will be documented on the Pre-Operational Audit Report under comments section.
- OA call perform such tests on Food contact surfaces for each piece of equipment (Limits = <100 SPC and <5 Coliform) monthly and record in the Verification Log book. Deviation and corrective actions will be noted in the log book under the comments section.

Pre-Operational Audit Report

	Satisf	actory	Comments
Food Contact surfaces			Grinder with
Non-contact surfaces			some meat residue.
Pumps			Informed Sanitary
Aprons			Supervisor
Knives		20	
Comments Grinder wa	s reclean	ed and saniti	zed prior to operations
Cleaner scheduled for ref	resher tra	ining on grin	
Will monitor cleaner daily	until trai	ning has been	Feb n received; 4/08
Date Feb			J.H.
Signature 14/98			

Quality Assurance Verification Logbook

Bacteria

Date	Grinder	Conveyor	Pump	Filler	nitials
Jan 14/98	<100	500	<100	<100	S.R.
Feb 14/98	<100	<100	<100	<100	S.R.

Coliform

Date	Grinder	Conveyor	Pump	Filler	nitials
Jan 14/98	-	<5	<5	<5	S.R.
Feb 14/98	<5	<5	<5	<5	S.R.

Comments

Jan 18/98 Resampled conveyor and S.P.C. results were <100. Sue Ray

E Sanitation and Pest Control E2.1 Pest Control Program

- The Receiver will inspect content and condition of all pest control devices located on the Pest Control map once per week.
- Catchealls and Electrocuters will only be used within the plant and located in the meas shown in the pest control map.

 Record generated call be the Pest Checksheet Report.
- When deviations are identified. Receiver will dispose of rodents and repair or replace the pest control deuse. Receiver is to determine use (I), it pest control program is effective. The deviation and corrective actions will be documented on the Pest Checksheet Report.
- OA will check all records on a monthly basis and inspect various traps throughout the plant for effectiveness of program Documentation, including deviations and corrective actions will be documented on the Monthly Audit Report.

Pest Checksheet Report

Date	Catchall 1	Catchall 2	Catchall 3	Catchall 4	Initial
Jan 14/98	0	0	0	2	D.D.
Feb 14/98	1	0	0	4	D.D.

Comments

Placed one more catchall at Receiving Doors (Catchall 5) on Feb 14/98.

F) Recalls

F1 Recall system



F 1.1 Procedure
F 2.1 Product code identification and Distribution

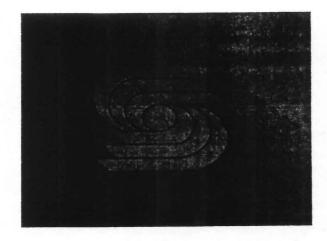


RECORDS

- ·Legible
- ·Accurate
- Signed
- ·Dated
- ·Complete
- ·Available



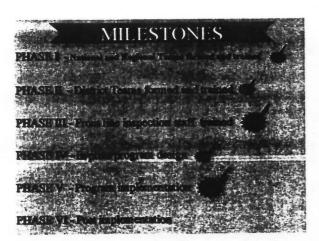
Retained for a minimum of 1 year





FOOD SAFETY ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

-Canadian Food Inspection Agency's program designed to encourage the establishment and maintenance of HACCP based systems in all Federally Registered Establishments.



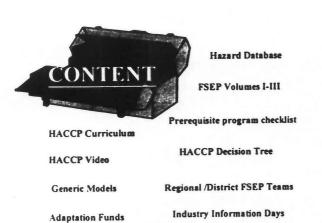


National Dairy Council

Food Institute of Canada

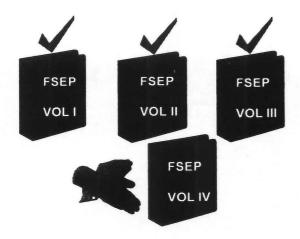
Further Poultry Processors Association of Canada

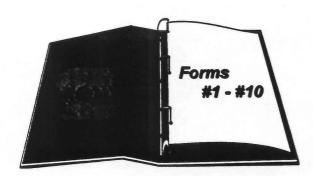


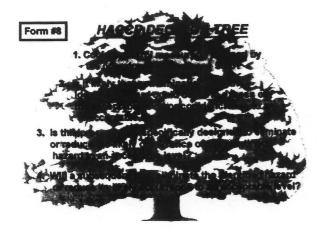




- Video training tool provided
- Introduction of FSEP
- Technical HACCP video









 Generalized HACCP plans designed for a specific product or product category that can be used as an example or guideline for developing a plant specific HACCP plan.

EXPERT COMMITTEE

FRUIT, NUTS, CHOCOLATE ICE CREAM IQF EGG
CHINESE STYLE SAUSAGE AGED CHEDDAR
POULTRY SLAUGHTER DRY CURED MEAT (PROSCIUTTO)
PORK SLAUGHTER ASSEMBLED PRODUCT (PIZZA)
ACIDIFIED LOW ACID PRODUCT BRIE 2% FLUID MILK
UHT MILK SKIM MILK POWDER PROCESSED CHEESE
FERMENTED SAUSAGE YOGURT MAPLE PRODUCT
DRIED ALBUMIN ASEPTIC HIGH ACID FRUIT JUICE
FROZEN VEGETABLE SOFT SERVE ICE CREAM
HARD BOILED EGG HONEY MSM PROCESS
ICE CREAM NOVELTIES UNSALTED BUTTER
SEASONED FORMED CHICKEN BURGER

PILOT PROJECTS **Beef Slaughter Boneless Beef** Cooked/Sliced/Pack.Ham **Meat Spread** Frozen Egg Product **Low Acid Canned Product** Shell Egg Grading (Large) **Dry Cured Meat Product** Ready To Cook Poultry Product **Fully Cooked Poultry Product** Shell Egg Grading (Small) Cooked Sausage DAIRY EXPERT COMMITTEE Yogurt Aged Cheddar Brie **Unsaited Butter** Ice Cream 2% Fluid Milk Cottage Cheese Soft Serve Ice Cream Ice Cream Novelties **UHT Milk** Skim Milk Powder **Processed Cheese** HAZARD DATABASE

HACCP CURRICULUM GUIDELINES

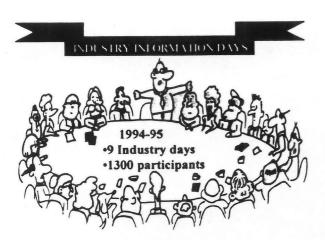


- · Developed jointly by government and industry.
- · Need for standardized curriculum.
- · Industry/government committee.



Certification Protocol

- Step I Theoretical knowledge on principles and concepts of HACCP.
- Step II Theoretical knowledge and practical skills related to application of Generic Models.
- Step III Theoretical knowledge and practical skills related to the operational guidelines outlined in Volume IV.



National HACCP Adaptation Contribution Program

 Money available from the Adaptation and Rural Development Fund.





Objective

- 4 To provide financial assistance for HACCP.
- 4 Contribute to the efficiency of FSEP
- 4 Improves competitiveness of Canadian companies.



HACCP SYSTEM



PREREQUISITE PROGRAMS
HACCP PLANS

DOCUMENTATION PACKAGE



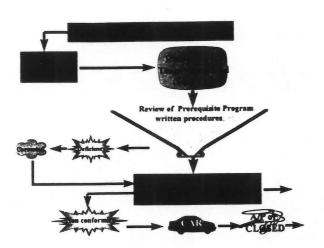
- ⇒ Letter of commitment.
- ⇒ HACCP coordinator.
- ⇒ HACCP team members.
- ⇒ Company self evaluation of prerequisites.
- ⇒ Action plans (if applicable)
- ⇒Company Log book

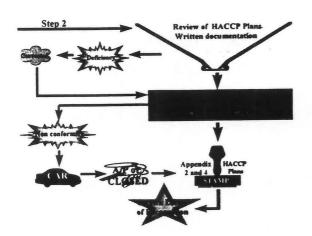


HACCP Recognition

Review Process

- · Prerequisite Program Review
- · HACCP Plan Review







- Three areas of evaluation for prerequisite programs and HACCP plans.
- Two components to documentation:

Documentation (written procedures + Records) = On-site adherence

Written Procedures-

What is done?
How is it done?
At what frequency is it done?
Who does it?
How are deficiencies corrected?
What records are kept?



Records - Those reflected in the written procedures must be in use and properly completed.

On-Site - Will verify that the written procedures are being adhered to.



Prerequisite Program and HACCP Plan Deficiencies

Written procedure deficiencies will have to be corrected prior to the Recognition audit.

Recognition Audit - CARS

- Major non-conformities to be corrected prior to HACCP plan review or HACCP Recognition.
- Minor non-conformities to be actioned prior to HACCP plan review or HACCP Recognition.



HACCP Recognition

Review Team

- Review team from Regional Office (1-2 persons).
- Responsible inspector (possibly supervisor and/or Area program officer).

lant Personnel

- HACCP Coordinator
- · Production/Quality Control

Recognition Process



Use of Tools

- •Appendix 1, 2 and 4 checklists (FSEP Volume IV).
 •Applicable Generic Models
- •Non-conformity review flow diagrams (FSEP volume IV)
- ·Hazard Database



Before auditing a HACCP system







CFIA RECOGNITION

Caravelle Foods
Kraft Canada Inc.
Est 146
Est 751

• Kraft Canada Inc. Est 44

• Poultry Maple Leaf Est 196
• CanAmera Foods Est 601

• J.M. Schneiders Inc. Est 35

Cardinal Meat Specialists Est 352

HACCP system audits

- Verifies that prerequisite programs and HACCP plans are being implemented as planned.
- Based on the ISO approach to audits.
- Audits will include full and partial audit components.



Riskiness of Products and Processes

3 Categories

Category I

 Operations requiring a number of possibly complex control procedures to ensure product safety.

Category II

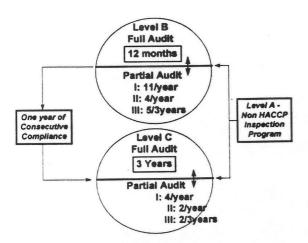
Operations that process products that are potentially hazardous, however the
processing controls are only designed to minimize the potential for adding to
the Biological, Chemical or Physical contamination which might already be
present (eg. proper sanitation and temperature control).

Category III

 Operations involving products which do not pose significant health hazards by themselves and the processing and other activities to which they are exposed to represent little or no additional risk

AUDIT / INSPECTION FREQUENCY

	Level C 'Audit Frequency	Level B Audit Frequency	Level A Inspection Frequency
Category I	4/year	11/year	NON-HACCP
Category II	2/year	4/year	Inspection
Category III	2/3years	5/3years	Program





GENERIC HACCP MODEL

National Dairy Council of Canada

February 1996 Version



INTRODUCTION:

This generic model is a guideline to assist you in developing a plant specific HACCP Plan. Each plant should use the model as a means of determining basic areas which should be reviewed. In your own plant, you may wish to add Critical Control Points (CCP's) which have not been identified in the model. You may also wish to eliminate CCP's which are listed in the model.

For example:

- 1. Storing of Raw Milk and Cream is listed as a CCP in the model because of the possible toxin development and there being no further control point in the system You may not think this is necessary.
- 2. Antibiotic testing is not listed as a CCP since it rightly belongs at the farmgate. However, you may wish to make this a control point in your plant.

The entire format used for these models are based on the basic programme outlined in Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada's Food Safety Enhancement Program (FSEP) which encompasses the concepts of the Pre-requisite Programmes and Codex Alimentarius's guidelines for HACCP including the Decision Tree.

NDC FORMS:

You will note a change in the format of the NDC forms from those used in the FSEP Manual. We have changed the format to make it easier to use in the dairy plant. They provide addition space for written explanations.

Forms 5, 6, and 7 have additional space for products and processing as well as additional columns for the hazards and area of control.

Form 8 has an additional column to deal with the question regarding prerequisites. The balance of the sheet is the same as the FSEP format.

Form 10 allows for a separate form for each Critical Control Point. This makes it possible to provide a single sheet to each CCP area.



GENERIC MODELS

The forms in this section have been developed by the National Dairy Council Technical Committee. They are designed as simpler alternative to those found in the FSEP Manual.

Please note the following changes:

Form #1

- Keeps the descriptive requirement in the same box as the Company data and provides more space for comments
- It provides for approval, dating and amendments

Form # 2

- This form provides for the four categories of products Dairy Ingredients, Other Ingredients, Internally processed ingredients and Packaging
- It provides for approval, dating and amendments

Form #3

- For the purposes of the Generic Model, we have standardized the layout of the incoming materials and the location of the process steps.
- Note that a company should produce their own layout according to their requirements.

Form #4

 This form is blank and should be drawn in each plant based on the particular plant lay-out

Form # 5 - Biological Hazards

- Incoming materials and Processing Steps are on separate forms
- We have introduced four columns instead of two. They are: Item
 description, Hazard, Pre-requisite and CCP. This provides a clear
 differentiation between those hazards controlled by Pre-requisites
 and those covered under a CCP.
- It provides for approval, dating and amendments



Form #6 - Chemical Hazards

• The same comments as Form # 5

Form #7 - Physical Hazards

• The same comments as Form # 5

Form #8 - CCP Determination

- This form has always been the most difficult to work with because the first Question had no place to put the answer.
- We have introduced a new column.
 - 1. Process Step
 - 2. Category and Identified Hazard
 - 3. (New) Determine if FULLY controlled by Pre-requisite programme. Yes or No? If YES indicate pre-requisite, if NO proceed to Q1
 - 4. Q1
 - 5. Q2
 - 6. Q3
 - 7. Q4
 - 8. CCP Number

Form #9 - Unaddressed Hazards

essentially remains the same

Form # 10 - HACCP Plan

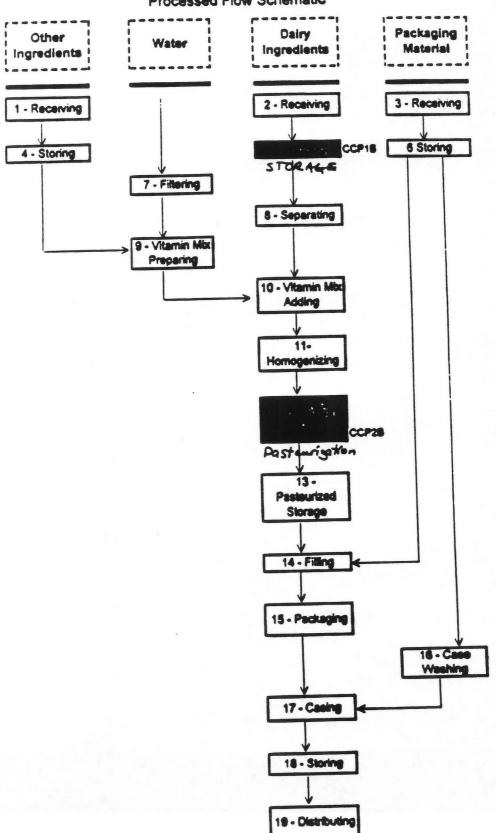
- The format has been changed, however, it is possible to use either form. This format provides a sheet for each CCP and since they are used in different parts of the plant, this may be a more useful format.
- It provides additional space for writing detail of the CCP

Description of Product	
Product Name (s)	
2% Partly Skimmed Milk	
Important product Characteristics (Aw, pH, Preservatives)	
Vitamin Strengths	
How it is to be used	
Ready to drink	
Packaging	
Plastic coated cartons - (250 mL & 500 mL, 1 & 2 Litre)	
Plastic jugs - (2 & 4 Litres)	
Poly bag - (20 Litres)	•
Shelf Life	
14 -20 days at not > 4° C	
Where it is to be sold	
Retail Stores and Institutions	
Labelling Instructions .	
Keep Refrigerated	
Special Distribution Control	
Must be kept refrigerated at all times	
Approved By: National Dairy Council Technical Committee	
Dated: February, 1996	
Amended:	

List of Product Ingredients and Incoming Mate	erial
Dairy Ingredients	
Raw Milk	
Other Ingredients	
Vitamin A Vitamin D ² & D ³	
Internally Processed Ingredients	
Packaging	
Plastic coated cartons	
Plastic Jugs Poly bags	
Poly bage	
Approved By: National Dairy Council Technical Comm	ittee
Dated: February, 1996	
Amended:	



Processed Flow Schematic



Generic Model Form 3

Plant Schemat	lic	==
Plant specific - Prod	duct flow diagram and Employee traffic pattern diagram	
Note: specific to each	ch plant - no generic flow pattern supplied	
*		
×		
*		
	•	
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Committee	
Dated:	February 1996	
Amended:		

Biological Hazards Identified		Controlled at	
Incoming Materials			
item	Hazard	Pre-requisite Control	CCP
Raw Milk	Toxins due to pathological growth at farm level/pickup and during transportation Heat resistant Pathogens (Listeria monocytogenes, C. botulinum, Salmonella, B. cereus, E. Coll)	See Form #9 UHT Sterilizing	CCP28
Water	Pathogens (Feecal / E. Coli)	Premises Control Programme (Water Quality)	
Vitamin A and Vitamin D	Pathogen Contamination from Damaged Packaging	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme	
Packaging Material	Pathogen Contamination from Damaged Packaging	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme	
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Committee		
Dated:	February 1996		

Biological Hazards Identified		ing and product flow Controlled at	
Process Steps:			
Item(s)	Hazard	Pre-requisite Control	CCP
2 - Raw Milk Receiving	Growth of Pathogens / toxins production due to temperature abuse pathogen contamination from receiving equipment	Transportation & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
3 - Receiving Packaging Material	Pathogen contamination from damaged containers	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme	
5 - Storage Raw Milk & Cream	Growth of pathogens/toxin production due to temperature / time abuse		CCP1B
	Recontamination by pathogens in product accumulation Airborne contamination during agitation	Personnel Training Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Equipment Maintenance Programme	
6- Packaging material storing	Pathogen contamination due to damaged packaging	Transportation, Receiving & Storing Programmes Personnel Training Programme	
7 - Water Filtering	Pathogen contamination from infrequent cleaning or replacing of filter	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Equipment & Maintenance Programme	
8 - Separating	Pathogen contamination from product accumulations	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Personnel Training Programme	
9 - Vitamin Mix Preparing	Pathogen contamination from product accumulations Pathogen contamination from employee, handling	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Personnel Training Programme	
10 - Vitamin adding	Pathogen contamination from product accumulations	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
11 - Homogenizing	Pathogen contamination's from product accumulations	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	i
12 - HTST Pasteurizing	Pathogen survival due to improper Time / Temperature Pathogen contamination from raw product, product accumulation, coolant (improper pressure differentials)	Personnel Training Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Equipment & Maintenance Programme	CCP28
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Committee		
Dated:	February 1996		

2% PARTLY SKIMMED MILK GENERIC HACCP MODEL

Hazards for in	gredients, materials, proces	sing and product flow	
Biological Hazar	ds Identified	Controlled at	
Process Steps:			1
Item(s)	Hazard	Pre-requisite Control	CCP
13 - Pasteurized Storing	Possible pathogen growth / toxin production due to Time / Temperature abuse Re-contamination from unclean equipment	Equipment Maintenance Programme Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
14 - Filling	Recontamination of product from filler or packaging material Pathogen contamination from product accumulations	Personnel Training Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
15 - Packaging	Packaging contamination due to physical damage to the container	Personnel Training Programme Equipment Maintenance Programme	
18 - Storing	Pathogen recontamination due to damaged containers	Transportation , Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme	
19 - Distribution	Pathogen recontamination from damaged containers	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme	
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Committee		
Dated:	February 1996		
Amended:			

GENERIC HACCP MODEL GENERIC HACCP MODEL S for Ingradients, materials, processing and product flow S for Ingradients, materials, processing and product flow S for Ingradients, materials, processing and product flow Fem 5 9 Materials: National Control Presequiate Control Form 5 9 Porm 5	TI V SKIMMED	
S for ingredients, materials, processing and product flow If Hazards Identified If Form 8 9 If Form 9 9 I	2% PARTL	
S for Ingredients, materials, processing as a formal series of the serie	TOIC HACCP MO	1 Slow
S for Ingredients, materials, processing as a formal series of the serie	GENERIO.	d product no
Materials: Hazard Mon-Food Chemicals Pesticides Pesticides Programa Programa Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa National Dairy Council Technical Committee National Dairy Council Technical Committee	esi	ng and p
Materials: Hazard Mon-Food Chemicals Pesticides Pesticides Programa Programa Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa National Dairy Council Technical Committee National Dairy Council Technical Committee	ials, processo	ontrolled at
Materials: Hazard Mon-Food Chemicals Pesticides Pesticides Programa Programa Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa National Dairy Council Technical Committee National Dairy Council Technical Committee	ate, materiale	Control
Materials: Hazard Mon-Food Chemicals Pesticides Pesticides Programa Programa Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa National Dairy Council Technical Committee National Dairy Council Technical Committee	ingredients	Pre-requisite
Materials: Hazard Mon-Food Chemicals Pesticides Pesticides Programa Programa Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa (Certificate of Analysis from Suppliers) Programa National Dairy Council Technical Committee National Dairy Council Technical Committee	s for meds identified	Form #9
National Dairy Council Technical Committee National Dairy 1996 Approved By: February 1996	al Hazai G	Form # S Receiving & Stores
* Approved By: February 1998 * Appr		Transportation.
Approved By: National Dairy Council Technical Committee	Antibiotics	Storage
Chemical Contamination of produced mon food chemicals (internal Co	100	Supplier s
Chemical Committee Inon food chemicals (inks, sunon food	wrong concentrate	Programme of Analysis month
Approved By: February 1998 February 1998	A palmitate UZ	Cordinate
Approved By: February 1998 February 1998	Chemical Commicals (Inkers	
National Dairy Council Technical Committee National Dairy Technical Committee Reproved By: February 1998	Naterial non loca	
Approved By: February 1990	kaging Mess	
Approved By: February 1990		Spical Committee
Approved By: February 1990	Counc	il Technica
Approved By: February 1990	National Dairy	
	4 BV: 1996	
Dated: Amended: Amended: Amended:	Approved	Generic Mo
Amended:		mont
In consultation	Amended:	wetton with govern
		in consultation

2% PARTLY SKIMMED MILK GENERIC HACCP MODEL

Hazards for ing	redients, materials, proces		
Chemical Hazard	s Identified	Controlled at	
Process Steps:			
Item(s)	Hazard	Pre-requisite Control	CCP
2 - Raw Milk Receiving	Antibiotics Cross Contamination from non-food chemicals	Form # 9 Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
1 - Vitamin Receiving	Cross Contamination from non-food chemicals	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme	
3 - Packaging Receiving	Cross contamination from non-food grade inks	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme	
5 - Raw Mix Storing	Cross contamination from cleaners / sanitizers	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Equipment & Maintenance Programme	•
6 - Packaging Storing	Cross contamination from non-food chemicals (cleaners, sanitizers, lubricants)	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme	
7 - Water Filtering	Contamination by metals from pipelines	Equipment & Maintenance Programme Premises Control (Water Quality Programme)	
8 - Separating	Cross contamination from non-food chemicals (cleaners, sanitizers, lubricants)	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
9 - Vitamin Mix Preparing	Cross contamination from cleaners / sanitizers	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
10 - Vitamin Adding	High concentration Cross contamination from non-food chemicals (Cleaners, sanitizers, jubicants)	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme personnel Training Programme	
11 - Homogenizing	Cross contamination from non-food chemicals (cleaners, sanitizers, lubricants)	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
12 - HTST Pasteurizing	Contamination from non-food chemicale	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Personnel Training Programme	
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Co	mmittee	
Dated:	February 1996		
Amended:			

	II - 1- motoriale pres	seeing and product flow	
Hazards for ing	gredients, materials, proc		
Chemical Hazard	is Identified	Controlled at	
Process Steps:			
item(s)	Hazard	Pre-requisite Control	CCP
13 - Pasteurized Storing	Cross contamination from non-food chemicals	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Equipment & Maintenance Programme	
14 - Filling	Cross contamination from non-food chemicals and residual ingredients (incorrect ingredient)	Sanitation & Pest Control Programme Equipment & Maintenance Programme Personnel Training Programme	
19 - Distribution	Cross contamination with non-food chemicals on truck	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme	
i.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
*			,
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Com	mittee .	
Dated:	February 1996		
Amended:			

Hazards for Ing	redients, materials, processing	and product flow	
Physical Hazar	ds Identified	Controlled at	
Incoming Materia			
item	Hazard	Pre-requisite Control	CCP
Raw Milk	Hazardous extraneous materials (HEM) (glass, metal and wood)	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training programme	
Vitamins	Hazardous extraneous materials (HEM) (glass, metal)	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme	
Packaging Material	Hazardous extraneous materials (HEM)	Personnel Training Programme Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme	
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Co	mmittee	
Dated:	February 1998	N N	
Amended:			

Physical Hazards	edients, materials, processing ldentified	Controlled at	7. 44
Process Steps:			
tem(s)	Hazard	Pre-Requisite Control	CCP
2 - Raw Milk Receiving	Introduction of Hazardous Extraneous Materials (gasket material)	Equipment & Maintenance programme Personnel Training Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
3 - Receiving Packaging	Contamination from HEM due to physical damage to packaging	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme	
5 - Raw Milk Storing	Contamination from HEM due to mechanical agitation (metal, gaskets)	Equipment & Maintenance Programme	
6 - Storing Packaging	Contamination of HEM from continual use, storage and handling - contamination from pests or rodents (HEM)	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme Sanitation & Pest Control Programme	
7 - Water Filtering	Contamination from hazardous extraneous material (HEM)	Equipment & Maintenance Programme	
8 - Separating	Contamination from hazardous extraneous material (metal)	Equipment & Maintenance Programme	
9 - Vitamin Mix Preparing	Contamination from hazardous extraneous material (glass)	Equipment Maintenance Programme	
11 - Homogenizing	Contamination from hazardous extraneous material (metal)	Equipment Maintenance Programme	
12 - HTST Pasteurizing	Contamination from hazardous extraneous materials from gaskets	Equipment & Maintenance Programme	
13 - Pasteurized Storing	Contamination from hazardous extraneous material (metal, gaskets, Teflon)	Equipment & Maintenance Programme	
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Comm	mittee	
Dated:	February 1996		
Dated:	FOUNDALY 1999		

Physical Hazard Process Steps:		Controlled at			
100000					
tem(s)	Hazard	Pre-Requisite Control	CCP		
4 - Filling of Packaging	 Contamination from Hazardous Extraneous Material due to gaskets, bolts and Teflon 	Equipment & Maintenance Programme Personnel Training Programme			
5 - Packaging	Contamination from introduction of Hazardous Extraneous Material	Equipment & Maintenance Programme Personnel Training Programme			
9 - Distributing	Contamination from introduction of Hazardous Extraneous Material	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme Personnel Training Programme			
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Com	mittee			

GENERIC HACCP MODEL

Incoming Ma	terials			Q2. In it thely that contemination	Q3. Is this process step	Q4 Will a subsequent step	CCP Number
Product or Stop	Category Biological, Chemical or Physical and Identified Hazard Name Hazard	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pre-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - indicate Pre-requisite Programme and preceed to need identified becard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a control measure(s) be used by the operator at any process step? If NO - not CCP If "YES" description + next question	with the identified hazard could accur in aucess of the acceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + preceed to the next identified hazard. If "YES" next question.	specifically designed to altrainablateduce the literal cocurrence of the identified hazard to an acceptable level? If "NO" - next question If "YES" - CCP + go to the last column	elements this identified hazard or reduce likely occurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the test column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	
CreemAtth as delivered Esolo Tomp	Biological Pathogene Temperature/time abuse	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
	Biological Town production due to pathogen growth						
	Chemical Antibiotics	YES See Form #0					
	Chemical Posticides	YES See Form # 9					
	Chemical Cleeners/sentizers	YES See Form #9					A
	Physical Hezerdous extransous material	YES Step # 2 Receiving				-	
Vitamins as delivered	Chemical Contamination from wrong type and concentration	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
Weter as delivered	Biological Pathogens (taccal/E. Colf)	YES Premiess - Water Quality Programme					
	Chemical Heavy Metals, Pasticides	YES Premises Water Quality Programme					-
	Physical Hezardous entraneous	YES Premises Water Quality programme					
APPROVED BY		nuncil Technical Committee					
DATE:	February 1998						

Developed by: National Dairy Council Members in consultation with government

Generic Model - Form 8

CCP Deten	mination						
Incoming Me	teriale		Q1. Could a control measure(s) be	Q2. le it likely that contamination	Q3. In this process step	Q4. Will a subsequent step	CCP Number
Product or Map	Category Biological, Chemical or Physical and Identified Hazard Name Hazard	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pro-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - Indicate Pro-requisite Programme and proceed to next identified hepard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	used by the operator of any process step? If NO - not CCP If "YES" description + next question	with the identified hazard could occur in excess of the acceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NC" - not CCP + proceed to the next identified hazard. If "YES" next question.	apacifically designed to eliminate/reduce the likely occurrence of the Identified hazard to an acceptable level? If "NO" - next question If "YES" - CCP + go to the last column	eliminate this identified hazard or reduce blady occurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + ge to the lest column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	
delivered from solledide	Biological Pethogen contemination from solied/damaged packaging material	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
	Chemical Non-food Chemicals (Inks)	Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
APPROVED BY		y Council Technical Committee					
DATE:	February 199	16					

CCP Dete	rmination					Q4 Will a subsequent step	I CCP Num
Process Step Process Step	Category Biological, Chemical or Physical and Identified Hezard Name Hazard	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pre-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - Indicate Pre-requisite Programme and proceed to next identified hezard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a control measure(s) be used by the operator at any process step? If "NO" - not CCP If "YES" description + next question	Q2. Is it thely that contemination with the identified hezard could occur in excess of the ecceptable tevel or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + proceed to the next identified hezard. If "YES" next question.	Q3. Is this process step specifically designed to eliminate/reduce the thely occurrence of the identified hezard to an acceptable level? If "NO" - must question If "YES" - CCP + go to the last column	of verifies this identified hazard or reduce thely ecourrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the last column if "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard	
1 - Vitemin Receiving	Chemical Accepting wrong type and concentration of vitamins	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage and Personnel Training Programmes					
2 - Raw Milk Receiving Biological Growth of Pathogen production	Biological Growth of Pathogene/Toxin production due to temperature abuse	YES Personnel Training Programme Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
	Biological Pathogen contemination - receiving equipment	YES Senitation & Peet Control Programme					
	Chemical Antibiotics	YES Form # 0					+
	Chemical Cross contamination - non-tool chemicals	Senitation & Peet Control Programme	,				
3 - Packaging Material Receiving	Biological Pathogen contemination - demaged packaging	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
	Physical Contamination from hazardous extraneous material due to damaged packaging (gless, metal, wood)	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
APPROVED BY	: National Dalry C	ouncil Technical Committee					
DATE: AMENDED:	February 1998	OUTCH TOUTHER CONTINUES					

2% PARTLY JMMED MILK

GENERIC HACCP MODEL

Process Ste	ne				Q3. Is this process step	Q4. Will a subsequent step	CCP Number
Process Step	Category Biological, Chemical or Playalcal and Identified Hezard Name Hazard	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pre-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - Indicate Pre-requisite Programme and proceed to next identified hexard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a control messure(s) be used by the operator at any process step? If NO - not CCP + identification on how this hezard will be controlled before and after the process + proceed to the next identified hezard. If "YES" description + next question	Q2. Is it likely that contemination with the identified hazard could occur in excess of the acceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + proceed to the next identified hazard. If "YES" next question.	gps://disably.designed to eliminate/reduce the likely occurrence of the identified hazard to an acceptable level? If "NO" - next question If "YES" - CCP + go to the last column	elminate this identified hazard or reduce likely occurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the last column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	
STORING					YES		CCP1B
5 - Raw Milk Storing	Biological Growth of Pathogene/totin production due to temperature abuse	NO	YES Time and temperature controls	YES	163		
	Biological Airborne pathogen contamination (air agitation)	YES Equipment & Maintenance Programme					
H1	Biological Pathogen contemination by product accumulation	YES Senitation & Peet Control and Personnel Training Programme					
	Chemical Chemical contamination from non-lood chemicals (cleaners, sanitzers and lubricarts)	YES Senitation & Post Control and Equipment & Maintenance Programmes					
	Physical Hazardous Extraneous Material (metal,	YES Equipment & Maintenance Programme Dairy Council Technical Cor					

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CCP Deter	mination						
Process Step							
Process that	Category Busingtoni, Chemistral or Physical and Identified Heaterd	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pro-regulatio programma(n) Yea or No? If "YES" - indicate Pro-regulatio Programme and proceed to need identified beand If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a control measure(s) be used by the operator of only process step? If NO - not CCP + identification on how this hazard will be controlled before and offer the process + proceed to the next identified heaved. If "YES" description + next question	C2. In Il thely that contemination with the identified hexard could excur in excess of the exceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + proceed to the next identified hexard. If "YES" next question.	Q3. Is this precess step specifically designed to electrostate the their eccurrence of the identified beautif to an acceptable level? If '160' - next question If 'YES' - CCP + go to the last estumn	O4 Will a subsequent step eliminate this identified hazard or reduce thisly occurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the last column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	CCP Number
8 - Peckaging Material Staring	Biological Puthagen contemination due to demaged exchanged	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
	packaging Chamical Crees contamination from non-load chamicals (cleaners, cantiloan, bibricants)	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
	Physical HEM from demaged packaging	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage and Personnel Training Prog.				9	
7 - Wister Filtering	Pathogon contamination tops introport classing or restoring filter	and Equipment & Maintenance Programmes					
0 - Separating	Richalosi Puthagen contemination term product accumulations						
	Chanizal Chantesl contemination from non-food chantesls (cleaners	VES Sentation & Post Control and Equipment & Materiaeance Programmes					
APPROVED B		lational Dairy Council Technic	cal Committee				
DATE:	H	ebruary 1998					
AMENDED:				and the second s	The second secon		

CCP Deten	PRODUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF					Q4. Will a subsequent step	CCP Number
Process Step Process Step	Category Biological, Chemical or Physical and Identified Hazard Name Hazard	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pre-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - Indicate Pre-requisite Programme and proceed to next identified becard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a control measure(s) be used by the operator at any process step? If NO - not CCP + identification on how this hazard will be controlled before and after the process + proceed to the next identified hazard. If "YES" description + next question	Q2. Is it likely that contamination with the identified hezard could occur in excess of the acceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + proceed to the next identified hezard. If "YES" next question.	Q3. Is this process step specifically designed to eliminate/reduce the likely occurrence of the identified hazard to an acceptable level? If "YES" - CCP + go to the lest column	eliminate this identified hazard or reduce thely occurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the test column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	
8 - Separating (conf'd)	Physical Hazardous Extransous Material (metal)	YES Equipment & Maintenance Programme					
9 - Vitamin Mix Preparing	Biological pathogen contemination from product accumulations	Programme					
	Biological Pethogen contemination from employee handling	Programme					
	Chemical Cross contemination from non-lood chemicals (cleaners, sanitizers)	YES Senitation & Pest Control Programme					
	Physical (HEM) (gless)	Equipment & Meintenance Programme				+	
10 - Vitamin Adding	Biological pethogen contemination from product accumulations	Programme					
Chemic Adding concern Chemic Cross of from no	Chemical Adding high concentration	YES Equipment & Maintenance, Personnel Training Programmes					
	Chemical Cross contamination from non-food chemicals	YES Sanitation & Peet Control Programme					
APPROVED	BY: N	National Dairy Council Techni	ical Committee				
DATE:	F	February 1996					

CP Deter			Q1. Could a control measure(s) be	Q2. Is it likely that contemination	Q3. Is this process step	Q4 Will a subsequent slep eliminate this identified hezard	CCP Numbe
Process Step	Colones	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pro-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - indicate Pro-requisite Programme and proceed to next identified hazard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a construction of used by the operator at any process step? If NO - not CCP + identification on how this hezard will be controlled before and after the process + process to the next identified hezard. If "YES" description + next question	with the identified hezard could ecour in excess of the ecceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + proceed to the next identified hezard. If "YES" next question.	epecifically designed to eliminate/reduce the likely occurrence of the identified hazard to an acceptable level? If "NO" - next question If "YES" - CCP + go to the last column	or reduce thely eccurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the last column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	
11 - Homogenizing	Biological Pathogen growth from product accumulation	YES Sanitation & Peet Control Programme					
Chemical Chemical contervinetic - non-food chemicals (cleaners, sentitzers,	Chemical Chemical contamination - non-tood chemicals	YES Senitation & Peet Control Programme and Equipment & Maintenance Programme					
	Physical HEM (motel)	YES Equipment & Maintenance Programme	YES	YES	YES		CCP2B
12 - HTST Pestsurizing	Biological Pathogen survival (Improper time and temperature)	MO .	Effective pasteurization				
	Biological - Pathogen recontermination due to improper preseurs differential	YES Equipment & Maintenance Programme					
	Richopical Pethogen contemination due to inedequate	and Personnel Iraning				109	
APPROVED	0.0	etional Delry Council Techn	ical Committee				

GENERIC HACCP MODEL

Process Ste	0.5			Q2. Is it likely that contamination	Q3. Is this process step	Q4. Will a subsequent step	CCP Number
Process Step	Category Biological, Chemical or Physical and Identified Hazard Nemo Hazard	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pro-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - Indicate Pro-requisite Programme and proceed to next identified hazard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a control measure(s) be used by the operator at any process step? If NO - not CCP + identification on how this hezard will be controlled before and after the process + proceed to the next identified inszard. If "YES" description + next question	with the identified hazard could occur in excess of the acceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + proceed to the next identified hazard. If "YES" next question.	apecifically designed to eliminate/reduce the likely occurrence of the identified hazard to an acceptable level? If "HO" - next question If "YES" - CCP + go to the lest column	eliminate this identified hazard or reduce likely occurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the last column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	
12 - HTST Pasteurizing (confd)	Chemical Contamination from non-load chemicals	YES Senitation & Peet Control and Personnel Training Programmes					
	Chamical Contemination heating and cooling media	YES Equipment & Maintenance Programme					
Pinnik HEM (Physical HEM (gashels)	YES Equipment & Maintenance Programme					
12 - Pasteurized Mix Storing	Biological Pathogen contamination from product accumulations	YES Senitation & Pest Control Programme					
	Biological Pathogen contemination from cross contemination with raw product	YES Equipment & Maintenance and Personnel Training Programmes	*				
	Biological Pathogen growth due to temperature/time abuse	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
	Chemical Contemination from non-food chemicals	YES Senitation & Pest Control and Personnel Training Programmes					
	Physical HEM (gastets, metal)	YES Equipment & Meintenance Programme ational Dairy Council Techni					

Generic Model - Form

GENERIC HACCP MODEL

Process Step	8			Q2. Is it likely that contamination	Q3. Is this process step	Q4. Will a subsequent step	CCP Numb
Precess Step	Category Biological, Chemical or Physical and Identified Hazard Name Hazard	Determine if FULLY controlled by Pre-requisite programme(s) Yes or No? If "YES" - Indicate Pre-requisite Programme and proceed to next identified hexard If "NO" - proceed to question Q1.	Q1. Could a control measure(s) be used by the operator at any process step? If NO - not CCP + identification on how this hezard will be controlled before and after the process + process to the next identified hezard. If "YES" description + next question	with the identified hazard could eccur in excess of the acceptable level or could increase to an unacceptable level? If "NO" - not CCP + preced to the next identified hazard. If "YES" next question.	specifically designed to eliminate/reduce the likely occurrence of the identified hazard to an acceptable level? If "NO" - next question If "YES" - CCP + ge to the last column	eliminate this identified hazard or reduce thely occurrence to an acceptable level? If "NO" - CCP + go to the last column If "YES" - not a CCP + identify subsequent step + proceed to the next identified hazard.	
17 - Filling	Biological Pathogen contemination - product accumulations	YES Senitation & Peet Control Programme					
	Biological Pathogen contemination from employee handling	YES Personnel Training Programme					
	Chemical Contemination from non-food chemicals	YES Sanitation & Peet Control and Equipment & Meintenance Programmes					-
	Pinnical HEM (gasheta, bolta)	YES Personnel Training and Equipment & Maintenance Programmes					
16 - Peckaging	Biological Pathogen contemination - physical damage to the container	YES Equipment & Maintenance and Personnel Training Programmes					
18 - Storing	Biological Pathogen contemination - demage to the contener	YES Equipment & Maintenance and Personnel Training Programmes					
22 - Distributing	Biological pethogen contemination - physical demage to the conteiner	YES Personnel Training and Transportation , Receiving & Storage Programmes					-
	Chemical Cross contamination - non-load chemicals	YES Transportation, Receiving & Storage Programme					
APPROVED E	Y: No	tional Dairy Council Techni	cal Committee				
DATE:	Fe	bruary 1996					

Developed by: National Dairy Council Members in consultation with government

Generic Model - Form 8

2% PARTLY SKIMMED MILK GENERIC HACCP MODEL

lazards not controlled by Operator	Controlled of
Biological, Chemical Physical Hazards	Controlled at
Incoming Materials:	Suggested way to Control Hazard
Hazard	
Biological Toxin production in raw cream/milk due to pathogen growth at farm level and during pick-up	Producer and transporter education and practices Producer responsibility Transporter responsibility
Chemical Antibiotics in raw cream and milk	Producer education and practices Producer responsibility
Chemical Pesticides in raw cream and milk	Producer Education and practices Producer responsibility
Chemical Cleaners and sanitizers in raw cream and milk	Producer education and practices
Approved By: National Dairy Council Technical Commit	tee
1000	
Dated: February 1996 Amended:	

HACCP Plan	
Description	CCP Item and Description
Process Step	# 5 Raw Milk Storing
CCP/Hazard Number	CCP-1B
Hazard Description	Pathogen growth/toxin production Temperature/time abuse
Critical Limits	Cream/Milk storage temperature between 1°C - 4°C Maximum storage period at 72 hours Source: Company Policy
Monitoring procedures	Trained personnel to monitor storage temperature and time of every cream/milk storage tank daily and record on daily log
Deviation Procedures	Hold affected tanks (not to be directed into ice cream production) Inform QC Supervisor for QC re-direction or production QC to investigate, identify and correct cause of problem
Verification Procedures	QC to calibrate and verify accuracy of thermometers every 3 months QC to verify personnel testing procedures at least once per month QC to verify redirection of abused raw product
HACCP Records	Cream/Milk storage temperature and time monitoring records and action taken records Thermometer calibration records QC audit records Affected load history Records of discussions
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Committee
Dated:	February 1996
Amended:	

2% PARTLY SKIMMED MILK GENERIC HACCP MODEL

HACCP Plan	
Description	CCP Item and Description
Process Step	# 12 Pasteurizing (HTST)
CCP/Hazard Number	CCP-2B
Hazard Description	Pathogen survival (Improper temperature and/or time of pasteurization)
Critical Limits	Pasteurization temperature not less than 72°C for a holding time of not less than 16 seconds Source: HTST Guidelines
Monitoring procedures	Operator monitors cut-in/cut-out temperature once per day Operator checks the indicating thermometer reading is ≥ 72°C and is recorded on pasteurizer chart Operator checks the recording reading is ≥ indicating thermometer and is recorded on pasteurizer chart Operator monitors that seal is intact on timing pump
Deviation Procedures	Hold affected batch already processed and activate manual divert Inform QC Supervisor QC to investigate, identify and correct cause of problem
Verification Procedures	QC to calibrate and verify accuracy (including thermometric response) of indicating ands recording thermometers every three months QC to review and verify recording charts of every production batch for completeness QC to verify operator's monitoring procedures at least once per month QC to verify redirection of affected batch QC to verify hold time when system changes or at least annually QC to verify HTST equipment & control tests results semi-annually
HACCP Records	Calibration Records Action taken records Recording Charts QC pasteurization verification records QC Audit records Product deviation records Records of discussions HTST equipment & control test records
Approved By:	National Dairy Council Technical Committee
Dated:	February 1996

