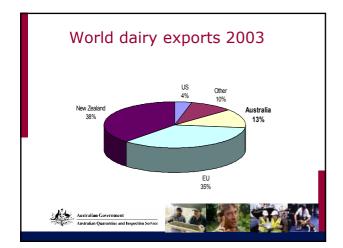
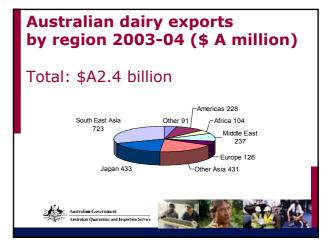
# What is food safety in the dairy industry - market access requirements Greg Read Executive Manager - Exports Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry Australia IDF World Dairy Summit, November 2004, Melbourne

# Overview The Australian export dairy industry Two role(s) of governments in facilitating food trade International agreements and standard setting bodies Domestic Standards and regulations harmonised with International Standards How Australian governments facilitate dairy exports





# How can governments help export food industries (within the WTO framework) 1. Actively participate in the international standards development 2. Implement flexible regulations based on international standards

1. Active participation in the international standards development

• WTO framework

- SPS & TBT Agreements

- Standard setting bodies:

- Codex, OIE, IPPC

• Codex standards

- Based on science

- Not able to be used as barriers to trade

# **Current Codex issues important for the international dairy trade**

- CCFICS
  - traceability, equivalence
- CCFH
  - Code of Hygienic Practice for Milk & Milk Products
- CCMMP
  - Dairy product standards, Parmesan (GIs)





### Traceability - Definition

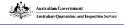
- Developed by CCGP in April 2004
- Adopted by Commission in June/July 2004
- Traceability / product tracing: the ability to follow the movement of a food through specified stage(s) of production, processing and distribution





### Traceability - Concerns raised

- Consistent with WTO obligations
- Limits of application
  - one step forward & one step back
  - small scale and remote locations
  - relevant steps in food chain
- Justified on case by case
  - with priority for food safety risk management





### Equivalence: SPS and Codex

- SPS Agreement (Article 4) obliges members to accept equivalent measures
- Codex (CCFICS) has developed guidelines for how judgement of equivalence of SPS measures can be achieved





# Advantages of reaching equivalence judgments:

- maximising food safety outcomes & improvements in public health for a given level of resource input
  - for both exporting and importing countries;
- facilitating the innovative, risk-based approach to food control systems / sanitary measures;
- decreasing reliance on routine end-product testing (eg at port of entry), which may be of limited effectiveness in protecting public health;
- promoting harmonised food standards in different countries;
- achieving comprehensive bilateral or multilateral agreements on the equivalence of overall food control systems in different countries





Governments' help for export food industries

## 2. Implement flexible regulations based on international standards

Australian regulation of the dairy industry:

- Reflects international standards
- Commonwealth and States' governments involved
- Commonwealth role includes export certification
   working closely with States' authorities
- "Paddock to plate" entire chain covered





## Aims of the Australian regulation of the export dairy industry

- To facilitate "safe" products
- To provide sound basis for export certification
  - By the Australian Quarantine & Inspection Service
- To enable the uptake of technology and encourage innovation
  - Flexible
  - Non prescriptive
- To be consumer / customer driven
  - not supplier driven





## Elements of the export dairy food safety system

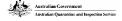
- Strong legislation
  - both States & Commonwealth
- Dairy farm licensing by State authorities
- Milk distribution monitored by State authorities
- Processing establishment registration by AQIS
- HACCP mandatory at processing establishments
- · Establishment inspection/auditing
- · Water testing at processing establishments
- Use of accredited laboratories
  - for water and product testing for certification
- AMRA Australian Milk Residue Analysis Survey
- · Export certification by AQIS





### Summary

- The Australian dairy industry is a major exporter
- Australian governments support the industry through active participation in international standard development for a
  - Codex is important for setting standards for international trade
- Australian governments support the industry through flexible regulations based on international standards
  - Export certification provided by AQIS, based on the paddock to plate legislation and underpinning systems





And, of course, we support the International Dairy Federation and participate in its activities







